



2022 HOME CHDO HOMEOWNERSHIP DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Tennessee Housing Development Agency

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency (“THDA”) administers the federally-funded HOME Investment Partnership Program (“HOME Program”) to promote the production, preservation, and rehabilitation of single-family housing in single-unit buildings for low-income households, families whose annual incomes do not exceed 80 percent of the area median income (“AMI”), as determined by HUD, with adjustments for smaller and larger families (“Low-Income Households”). The HOME Program is governed by 24 CFR Part 92, as amended, and the requirements thereunder are incorporated herein by this reference (the “HOME Regulations”). The purpose of this Program Description is to explain the requirements and the application process to fund the development of housing for sale to Low-Income households. In the case of conflicting requirements between the HOME Regulations and this Program Description, the more stringent requirement will apply, unless such requirement is contrary to the HOME Regulations.

HOME funds made available to Community Housing Development Organizations (“CHDO”) are awarded through a competitive application process to eligible non-profit organizations that meet the designation as a CHDO, as determined by THDA. An applicant must apply for at least \$250,000 and may apply for a maximum HOME grant of \$1,000,000 for program costs, subject to other limits defined herein, and up to an amount equal to 7% of program costs for CHDO Operating Assistance.

The application will open October 17, 2022 for the HOME CHDO Homeownership Development Round must be submitted electronically through THDA’s Grants Management System (“GMS”) and received by THDA on or before 11:59:59 PM CT on Friday, December 2, 2022. THDA anticipates notifying successful applicants by December 31, 2022. HOME Reservation of Funds for applicants funded under this program description will begin January 1, 2023, and will end December 31, 2025.

This Program Description and application link are available at www.thda.org. Once on the THDA website, click on PROGRAMS and the HOME Program will be listed under the PROGRAMS FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT & NON PROFITS. Click on HOME for the link to the 2022 HOME CHDO Homeownership Development Program Description. If you have questions, please call Aaron Toran at (615) 815-2037.

A. ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS

The State of Tennessee, through THDA, will accept applications for the HOME Program from private, non-profit organizations that qualify as a CHDO.

To be eligible, a non-profit organization seeking CHDO status must:

1. Meet one of the two following criteria:
 - a. All private, non-profit organizations must be organized and existing in the State of Tennessee (as evidenced by a Certificate of Existence from the Tennessee Secretary of State, dated no more than thirty (30) days prior to the application date).

OR

- b. Be organized and existing under the laws of another state and be qualified to do business in Tennessee (as evidenced by a Certificate of Existence from the other state's Secretary of State dated no more than thirty (30) days prior to the application date and by a Certificate of Authorization to do business in Tennessee from the Tennessee Secretary of State, dated no more than thirty (30) days prior to the application date);
2. Demonstrate at least two (2) years of experience providing affordable housing or affordable housing related services in the state of Tennessee satisfactory to THDA, in its sole discretion;
3. Have no part of its net earnings inuring to the benefit of any member, founder, contributor or individual;
4. Have among its purposes the provision of decent housing that is affordable to low-income and moderate-income persons, as evidenced in its charter, articles of incorporation, resolutions or by-laws, and experience in the provision of housing to low-income households;
5. Have standards of financial accountability that conform to 2 CFR Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Audit Requirements and Cost Principles*;
6. Have an Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") designation under Section 501(c)(3) or Section 501(c)(4) of the federal tax code. A 501(c)(3) non-profit applicant may not submit an application until they have received their designation from the IRS. A 501(c)(4) non-profit applicant must provide documentation satisfactory to THDA, in its sole discretion, that the non-profit has filed the necessary materials with the IRS and received a response from the IRS demonstrating 501(c)(4) status;
7. Qualify as a CHDO by meeting each of the following: the following additional requirements:
 - a. Not be controlled by, or under the direction of, individuals or entities seeking to derive profit or gain from the CHDO. If a CHDO is sponsored or created by a for-profit entity, all of the following must apply:
 - 1) The for-profit entity may not be an entity whose primary purpose is the development or management of housing, such as a builder, developer or real estate management firm;
 - 2) The for-profit entity may not have the right to appoint more than one-third of the membership of the CHDO's governing body. CHDO board members appointed by the for-profit entity may not appoint the remaining two-thirds of the board members;
 - 3) The CHDO must be free to contract for goods and services from vendors of its own choosing; and
 - 4) The officers, directors, owners (stockholders, managers, members, etc.) or employees of the for-profit entity cannot be officers, directors, owners (stockholders, managers, members, etc.) or employees of the CHDO;
 - b. Is not a governmental entity (including the participating jurisdiction, other jurisdiction, Indian tribe, public housing authority, Indian housing authority, housing finance agency, or redevelopment authority) and is not controlled by a governmental entity. An organization that is created by a governmental entity may qualify as a CHDO; however, the governmental entity may not have the right to appoint more than one-third of the membership of the organization's governing body and no more than one-third of the board members may be public officials or employees of recipient

governmental entity. Board members appointed by the State or local government may not appoint the remaining two-thirds of the board members. The officers or employees of a governmental entity may not be officers of the Board or employees of a CHDO;

c. Maintain accountability to low-income community residents by:

1) Including residents of low-income neighborhoods, other low-income community residents, or elected representatives of low-income neighborhood organizations in at least one-third of the CHDO's governing board's membership. For urban areas, "community" may be a neighborhood or neighborhoods, city, county or metropolitan area; for rural areas, it may be a neighborhood or neighborhoods, town, village, county, or multi-county area (but not the entire State); and

2) Providing a formal process for low-income program beneficiaries to advise the CHDO in its decisions regarding the design, site selection, development, and management of affordable housing;

d. Have a demonstrated capacity to successfully carry out housing projects assisted with HOME funds. A CHDO undertaking development activities as a developer or sponsor must satisfy this requirement by having paid employees with housing development experience who will work on projects assisted with HOME funds. Paid staffing may be documented by providing copies of the most recent W-2, as applicable, issued by the nonprofit entity for each staff member. For its first year of funding as a CHDO, a CHDO may satisfy this requirement through a contract with a consultant who has housing development experience to train appropriate key CHDO staff. A CHDO that will own housing must demonstrate capacity to act as owner of a project and meet the requirements of 24 CFR 92.300(a)(2). A CHDO does not meet the test of demonstrated capacity based on any person who is a volunteer or whose services are donated or cost allocated by another organization, or by hiring a consultant; and

e. Have a history of serving the community within which the housing to be assisted with HOME funds is to be located. In general, a CHDO must be able to show at least one year of serving the community through housing activities benefiting low-income persons or families before HOME funds may be awarded to that CHDO. However, a newly created CHDO formed by local churches, service organizations, or neighborhood organizations may meet this requirement by demonstrating that its parent organization has at least one year of serving the community through housing activities benefiting low-income persons or families;

8. Be a qualified applicant, by meeting the following additional requirements:

a. CHDOs that have generated CHDO proceeds must demonstrate the use of or plan to use previous CHDO proceeds and a need for additional HOME funds. CHDOs must also provide documentation that neighborhood market conditions demonstrate a need for the project or projects to be eligible; and

b. CHDOs may only apply for HOME funding for projects in which the CHDO is the owner and developer. Applicants must submit a completed application that includes the Non-Profit Checklist/CHDO Designation as provided in GMS with supporting documentation.

B. COMMITMENT & SPEND-DOWN REQUIREMENTS

All applicants with prior HOME grants from THDA must meet both the Commitment and Spend-Down Requirements as noted below for the funding round under which the entity received a prior grant award:

1. To meet the Commitment Requirement, THDA must have entered into a legally binding agreement with the organization for specific site addresses for the percentage of development funds specified by grant year.
2. To meet the Spend-Down Requirement, the organization must have either expended or submitted by November 30, 2022, an officially authorized Request for Payment with supporting documentation for the percentage of development and operating assistance funds specified by grant year:

HOME PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	COMMITMENT REQUIREMENT	SPEND-DOWN REQUIREMENT
2018 CHDO Round or CHDO Mini-Rounds 1 or 2	100%	90%
2019 CHDO Round	100%	90%
2020 CHDO Round or CHDO Mini-Round	100%	50%
2021 Homeownership Round	50%	25%

3. These spending requirements apply to applications from CHDOs that have received THDA HOME grant awards under previous program descriptions. In addition, CHDOs that were funded for homeownership programs that generate CHDO proceeds will have to demonstrate a need for additional HOME funds and documentation that neighborhood market conditions demonstrate a need for the project to be eligible.
4. CHDOs with a closed grant from years 2019 and earlier that met spend down requirements, but failed to commit or expend 100% of their grant funds will be eligible to apply; however, such CHDOs will be subject to point deductions, as detailed in the CHDO Matrix.
5. To be eligible, all applicants for the 2022 HOME CHDO Homeownership Development Program application cycle must be in compliance with all other THDA programs in which they have an active open grant or a grant that has been closed with no unresolved performance issues, as determined by THDA.

C. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS

HOME funds committed to the State of Tennessee, through THDA, will be allocated as provided in the State of Tennessee's Consolidated Plan, as amended. THDA will use funds available from prior year HOME Program allocations to fund the program. Funding will be *up to* \$3,200,000 for program costs and up to \$224,000 for CHDO operating assistance. Additionally, THDA may make available any returned or leftover funds from other 2022 or earlier funding rounds as determined at the time of award.

1. Commitment Requirement: Beginning with the 2015 HOME allocation, HUD no longer considers a PJ as meeting its 24-month CHDO commitment through a cumulative total of CHDO commitments since 1992, and each grant year must meet its own 24-month commitment deadline. In addition, the execution of a HOME Reservation of Funds and the establishment of a CHDO sub-grant in IDIS is insufficient to meet this requirement. Thus, a successful CHDO that receives an allocation of funds must commit those funds to specific units by the milestones to be established within the Reservation of Funds: (1) 50% of the funds by December 31, 2023; (2) 75% of the funds by August 31, 2024; and 100% of the funds by December 31, 2024. CHDO applicants need to be aware of these dates and have a pipeline of eligible homebuyers so they can begin their projects as soon as the environmental reviews have been completed.

2. If in the opinion of THDA, applicants lack the organizational potential to comply with all HOME affordability requirements, THDA may choose not to award any or all of the funds set-aside for CHDOs in the 2022 HOME CHDO Homeownership Development Program.
3. Funding Requirements. To be funded, an application must receive a minimum threshold score of 60, an amount equal to at least 50% of the total points available. The CHDO will be required to repay any HOME funds expended on projects that are not completed and ready for occupancy within 60 days following the term end date of the HOME Grant Contract executed between the CHDO and THDA. Grantees may also be required to repay HOME funds as described in the Grant Contract. Required HOME land use restrictive covenants and/or deeds of trust must be recorded prior to any other financing documents.

D. FORM OF ASSISTANCE

1. HOME funds will be awarded as a reimbursement grant, secured by a forgivable note, deed of trust, and a declaration of land use restrictive covenants (“restrictions”).
2. Eligible Recipients must sign a grant contract awarding HOME funds to a proposed project.
3. In order to enforce the provisions of the Grant Contract with the CHDO, THDA will require that Restrictive Covenants and a Deed of Trust be recorded against the property prior the CHDO drawing down HOME funds for construction. In the event of a default under the Grant Contract, the Restrictive Covenants or the Deed of Trust, the full amount of the HOME Investment and all other sums due under the Grant Contract or arising under the Deed of Trust or the Restrictive Covenants, shall be due and payable.

When the unit is sold to an eligible homebuyer, THDA attorneys will provide the closing attorney with a release of Restrictive Covenants and the Deed of Trust to be held in trust until closing. The CHDO must provide THDA with a Note and a Deed of Trust between the CHDO and the homebuyer for the soft second mortgage loan under the recapture provisions. Upon receipt by THDA of a copy of the Note and the recorded Deed of Trust between the homebuyer and the CHDO, the recorded deed from the seller to the homebuyer, and the fully executed final TILA-RESPA Integrated Disclosure (TRID) Settlement Statement, THDA will allow a release of the Deed of Trust between the CHDO and THDA to be recorded.

E. ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

The following are the activities that a Recipient may undertake under the 2022 HOME CHDO Homeownership Development Program Description. All activities must address the housing needs of Low-Income Households. Manufactured housing and manufactured housing lots are not eligible. Eligible activities include:

1. Homeownership.
 - a. CHDOs must use HOME funds to develop single units of single family housing for homeownership. While “single-family housing” under the HOME program means a one- to four-family residence, condominium unit, or cooperative unit, THDA will only permit development of housing that includes one unit in a building.
 - b. The units may be new construction or acquisition and substantial rehabilitation of substandard single-family dwellings.

- c. The CHDO must be the owner and developer of all units at the time the units are constructed or rehabilitated.
- d. The housing must meet the definition of modest housing at 24 CFR 92.254(a)(2).
- e. The housing must be acquired by a homebuyer who is a Low-Income Household. The income of the household to be reported for purposes of eligibility is the sum of the annual gross income of the beneficiary, the beneficiary's spouse, and any other household member residing in the home. Annual gross income is "anticipated" for the next 12 months, based upon current circumstances or known upcoming changes, minus certain income exclusions. Current limits are available at <https://thda.org/business-partners/home>. Median income for an area or the state must be that median income estimate made by HUD. Median incomes change when HUD makes revised estimates.
- f. Homebuyer Education. All homebuyers must complete a homebuyer education program from a THDA-qualified homebuyer education provider prior to purchase.
- g. If there is no ratified sales contract with an eligible Low-Income Household for the housing within 9 months of the date of the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Code Compliance and Completion, as applicable, the housing must be rented to an eligible tenant in accordance with 24 CFR 92.252.
- h. The Low-Income Household must use the housing as its principal residence throughout the Affordability Period, as defined in this Program Description.
- i. Upon sale of the housing to a Low-Income Household, the HOME funds must be repaid to the CHDO as CHDO proceeds and must be used to develop additional single-family units for homeownership in compliance with the HOME Regulations.
- j. An amount up to \$14,999 of the HOME funds must remain with each unit as a soft second mortgage as necessary to qualify the Low-Income Household for permanent financing, but such amount may not be less than \$1,000.
- k. Before construction or acquisition and rehabilitation can begin under homeownership, all CHDOs must demonstrate a pipeline of eligible buyers pre-qualified for a permanent loan.
- l. Although speculative construction or acquisition is not generally allowed, under certain circumstances THDA will allow a CHDO to apply for an exception to this policy on a project-by-project basis. To be considered for an exception, the CHDO must demonstrate that it meets certain criteria, including:
 - 1) Experience and capacity to manage an affordable rental housing program;
 - 2) Success during the last three (3) years in managing affordable rental housing in the area of the proposed project with an average list to lease-up term of no more than 180 days;
 - 3) A current average market time of list to contract for sale for similarly priced, comparable homes in the area of the proposed project of no more than 120 days;
 - 4) Extenuating circumstances that prevent the CHDO from having a pipeline of pre-qualified homebuyers to support their development activity.

- m. Additionally, if the property remains unsold nine months after completion, a lease-purchase may be permitted if the CHDO can demonstrate that it has an existing and active lease-purchase program.
- n. Sales Price Limits. The sales price limits for homeownership programs are the Property Value Limits. Current limits are available at <https://thda.org/business-partners/home>. All units must be sold for an amount not to be lower than the appraised value of the unit.
 - 1) Rehabilitation Projects: The sales price limit are the same as the After-Rehabilitation Property Value Limits. All homes developed using HOME funds must be sold at the appraised value or the Maximum HUD Property Value limit for Existing Homes that are one-unit buildings, whichever is lower. Current limits are available at <https://thda.org/government-nonprofit-partners/home-program>.
 - 2) New Construction Projects: All homes newly constructed using HOME funds must be sold at the appraised value or the Maximum HUD Property Value Limit for New Homes that are one-unit buildings. Current limits are available at <https://thda.org/government-nonprofit-partners/home-program>.
- o. Underwriting. Front and back end ratios may not exceed twenty-nine (29%) and forty-one percent (41%), respectively. Lower ratios are encouraged.
- p. Permanent Financing. Under homeownership programs, THDA expects the use of THDA mortgage loans whenever suitable. Other financing may be used if it is comparable to a THDA mortgage loan. Permanent financing is considered comparable if the interest rate does not exceed the prevailing THDA Great Choice interest rate by more than one percentage point and when it is demonstrated that the homebuyer represents a commensurate underwriting risk to the lender. All loans must have a fixed interest rate fully amortizing over the 30-year term of the loan. There can be no pre-payment penalty for early payoffs.
- q. Homebuyer Contribution. The homebuyer must make a contribution from their own funds equal to one percent (1%) of the purchase price of the property.
- r. Neighborhood Market Conditions. Applicants proposing homeownership projects must document that neighborhood market conditions demonstrate a need for the project and must complete a market study.
- s. Deadline for Sale. Homeownership units must be sold to an eligible homebuyer within nine (9) months of project completion. If a homeownership unit is not sold to an eligible homebuyer within nine months of the Certificate of Occupancy, the unit must be converted to rental housing for the appropriate rental affordability period or the HOME funds must be repaid by the CHDO to THDA.
- t. Development Budget Contingency. Propose a budget that includes at least a 10% contingency for the hard costs of the project to anticipate possible cost over runs or inflation over the grant term.
- u. THDA expects that the grant recipient will not only shepherd the homebuyer through the home buying process, but also work toward fostering an on-going relationship with the homebuyer. This responsibility includes facilitating additional homeowner counseling, verifying homeowner occupancy requirements on an annual basis, and monitoring mortgage loan default issues.

2. HOME Subsidy. HOME funds used as a soft second mortgage (“HOME subsidy”) are limited to the lesser of \$14,999 in HOME funds or the amount of HOME funds necessary to qualify the Low-Income Household for permanent financing, but not less than \$1,000.
 - a. The THDA single-family underwriting template must be used to determine the amount of HOME assistance and must be submitted to THDA for review and final approval. If the underwriting template indicates that the homebuyer does not have an unmet need for the soft second mortgage, the CHDO may not provide direct HOME assistance to that homebuyer.
 - b. The HOME Subsidy will have an Affordability Period of five years, which is forgiven at the end of the fifth year if the unit remains in compliance, i.e., the unit remains the permanent residence of the initial Low-Income Household homebuyer and is not leased or vacated. If homebuyer sells or transfers the unit during the affordability period, the amount of the HOME subsidy subject to recapture will be reduced by twenty percent (20%) per year of occupancy by the initial homebuyer. If homebuyer leases or vacates the unit during the Affordability Period, the entire HOME subsidy must be repaid and treated as repaid funds. .
 - (1) If the net proceeds from a sale are not sufficient to recapture the full HOME investment (or a reduced amount) plus enable the homeowner to recover the amount of the homeowner’s down payment and any capital improvement investment made by the home owner since purchase, the grant recipient shall share the net proceeds according to the following formulas:

$$\frac{\text{HOME Subsidy}}{\text{HOME Subsidy} + \text{Homeowner Investment}} \times \text{Net Proceeds} = \text{HOME Amount to be Recaptured}$$

$$\frac{\text{Homeowner Investment}}{\text{HOME Subsidy} + \text{Homeowner Investment}} \times \text{Net Proceeds} = \text{HOME Amount to Homeowner}$$

- (2) After the full HOME Investment has been repaid, any excess profits belong to the homeowner.

- c. The HOME Subsidy may not be combined with other THDA-funded “second mortgage” assistance programs, including Great Choice Loan Plus assistance, or with funding available through the New Start program, and any subsequent or similar programs operated by THDA. However, the HOME Subsidy may be combined with a THDA Great Choice first mortgage loan.

3. CHDO Proceeds, Operating Expenses, & Developer’s Fees.

- a. CHDO Proceeds. CHDO proceeds are the HOME funds returned to a CHDO upon the sale of a unit developed by the CHDO from the buyer’s permanent financing. The CHDO must use its CHDO proceeds to develop more housing for homeownership. A CHDO may use 15% of the CHDO proceeds for operating expenses, divided as follows: Maximum of 7% for administration and Maximum of 8% for developer’s fees. Once the CHDO proceeds are used a second time to develop more housing for homeownership, the HOME restrictions on the use of proceeds are eliminated. The 25% cap on the amount of CHDO proceeds that can be used for operating or administrative expenses has been eliminated. This policy applies retroactively to current, active CHDO grants.

b. CHDO Operating Expenses.

(3) Operating expenses are separate from project funds and are funded from the 5% set-aside for CHDO operating expenses from the annual HOME allocation.

(4) CHDOs must not have an existing operating assistance grant award from THDA where less than 75% of the total operating assistance grant award has not been expended as of November 30, 2022.

(5) CHDOs meeting the above requirement may request up to 7% of the funds awarded for the acquisition and rehabilitation or new construction of housing for sale to low and moderate income home buyers as CHDO operating expenses to help with the operating costs the organization.

c. Developer's Fees. A CHDO may also request an 8% developer's fee if the CHDO is acting as a developer of housing. The developer's fee is 8% of the HOME funds used to construct or acquire and rehabilitate the unit. The developer's fee is a project soft cost and counts against the maximum per unit subsidy limit applicable to a project.

4. Project Soft Costs.

In planning their programs, applicants may include the actual costs paid to third parties for progress inspections and work write-ups as a project-related soft cost where necessary. The costs for plans, progress inspections and work write-ups are capped at 2.5% of the Hard Project Costs. In addition to the costs for plans, inspections and work write-ups, the costs for lead-based paint inspections, risk assessments, and clearance testing, and other architectural and engineering fees are also paid as project soft costs. All project soft costs count toward the HUD maximum per unit subsidy limit.

F. PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

1. Provide project reserve accounts, or operating subsidies;
2. Provide tenant-based rental assistance for the special purposes of the existing Section 8 program, in accordance with Section 212(d) of the Act;
3. Provide non-federal matching contributions required under any other Federal program;
4. Provide assistance authorized under Section 9 of the 1937 Act (annual contributions for operation of public housing);
5. Carry out activities authorized under 24 CFR Part 968 (Public Housing Modernization);
6. Provide assistance to eligible low-income housing under 24 CFR Part 248 (Prepayment of Low Income Housing Mortgages);
7. Provide assistance (other than assistance to a homebuyer to acquire housing previously assisted with HOME funds) to a project previously assisted with HOME funds during the period of affordability established by HUD or THDA in the written agreement. However, additional HOME funds may be committed to a project up to one year after project completion, but the amount of HOME funds in the project may not exceed the HUD maximum per-unit subsidy amount;
8. Pay for any cost that is not eligible under 24 CFR 92.206 through 92.209;

9. Use HOME funds for rental housing projects;
10. Provide assistance for a homeowner rehabilitation project by a CHDO from the 15% CHDO set-aside. A CHDO funded through the 15% CHDO set-aside can only participate in the HOME program if they are the owner and developer of a project.
11. Provide assistance for emergency shelters (including shelters for disaster victims) or facilities such as nursing homes, convalescent homes, hospitals, residential treatment facilities, correctional facilities, and dormitories, including those for farm workers or housing for students.

G. COMPLIANCE

Failure to adhere to or maintain compliance with the requirements of the HOME CHDO Homeownership Program or other programs administered through the Community Programs Division will result, depending on the egregiousness of the noncompliance, in penalties being assessed in the scoring of future applications and/or the inability to participate in programs administered by THDA for a period to be determined in THDA's sole discretion.

H. LAYERING

Before THDA can commit HOME funds, it must evaluate the project proposed in the application to determine that the proposed amount of HOME funds needed to complete the project is necessary to provide a quality affordable housing project that meets the HOME Program requirements and will remain financially viable throughout the Affordability Period. Layering is the combining of more than one governmental resource on a HOME-assisted project.

1. The applicant must disclose all government resources that have been utilized and/or that the applicant intends to utilize in the HOME project, especially THDA resources. Failure to disclose said information may result in cancellation of award and money due to THDA.
2. THDA will evaluate the project in accordance with its underwriting and subsidy layering guidelines and standards that require the following:
 - a. An in depth review of underlying project assumptions, development sources and uses, and projected operating income and expenses, and the project's financial viability to determine the project's proposed costs and need for HOME funds are necessary and reasonable, while preventing over-subsidization of the project;
 - b. An assessment of the current market demand for the proposed budget;
 - c. Review of and determination that the applicant's experience and financial capacity are satisfactory based on the size and complexity of the project;
 - d. Firm written financial commitments for the project;
 - e. An assessment of the project's overall viability through the Affordability Period based on the households it will serve; and
 - f. THDA will require completion and submission of a development budget, operating budgets, and an operating proforma, as defined below, for the length of the Affordability Period in a format that will be included with the application.

I. MATCH

THDA will not require applicants to provide match towards funded projects. Although no local match is required, THDA will award points based on the contribution of eligible match reflected in an application as specified in the scoring matrix. THDA will count any qualifying non-federal project funds or other resources reflected in successful applications that qualify as match under the HOME rule toward the match requirement.

HOME match is permanent, non-federal contributions to a project. Matching contributions may be in the form of one or more of the following:

1. Cash contributions not provided by the assisted household and not from a federal source, including the present value of the interest subsidy for loans made at rates below market.
2. Reasonable value of donated site-preparation and construction materials.
3. Reasonable rental value of the donated use of site preparation or construction equipment.
4. Waived fees and taxes.
5. Property donation or below-market sale. A copy of the appraisal and/or purchase contract must be submitted. The donor/seller of the property must also provide a statement certifying that the property was donated or sold for affordable housing purposes and an acknowledgment that the donor/seller received the URA Guide Form Notice Disclosure to Seller, as well as the HUD booklet entitled, "When a Public Agency Acquires Your Property." If the property was originally acquired with federal funds, the value of the property is not match eligible.
6. The direct cost of donated, compliant homebuyer counseling services provided to families that acquire properties with HOME funds under the provisions of 24 CFR §92.254, including on-going counseling services provided during the period of affordability. Counseling may not be valued at more than \$40 per hour.
7. Reasonable value of donated or volunteer labor or professional services. Unskilled volunteer labor may not be valued at more than \$10 per hour; skilled volunteer labor may be valued at the documented going rate.
8. Value of sweat equity may also be eligible if every assisted household under the HOME grant award is required to perform sweat equity. Sweat equity may not be valued at more than \$10 per hour.
9. Other match sources as permitted under the HOME Final Rule.
10. THDA will monitor the contribution of match throughout the implementation of the grant.

J. LEVERAGE

Leverage is a contribution of value in the form of cash, materials, or labor in a pre-approved form and method toward the hard development costs of a project. Leverage must be in the form of contributions to the project's hard development costs.

- a. In the scoring matrix, any project that has leveraged funds will receive additional points. Leveraged funds are funds provided by the applicant and grants from other sources. The value of land acquired through non-HOME resources may be counted as leverage when the appraised value is documented and proof of ownership at the time of application is demonstrated. Loan proceeds from a lending

institution do not count as leverage. However, the savings generated from a below market interest rate will count as leverage when properly documented. Administrative funds, anticipated fund-raising revenues and construction loans do not count toward leverage. Leveraged funds counted in one program year do not qualify again as leverage in subsequent years. All proposed leverage must be thoroughly supported by appropriate back-up documentation, including firm commitment letters, award letters, and warranty deeds.

- b. The value of donated labor, materials and land will count toward leverage. The value of unskilled labor is set at the current minimum wage, and the value of skilled labor is set at twice the current minimum wage. The value of land and/or a building donated or acquired for a project prior to the application will count as leverage, but there must be an appraisal or tax assessment included in the application to document its value. In order to count donated supplies or materials, only the documented value of the actual goods or materials will be considered and they must be legitimately required by the project. The donor must provide a letter to confirm the amount of the supplies or materials. Proposed discounts will not count as leverage.

K. PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS FOR NEIGHBORHOOD REDEVELOPMENT

THDA encourages CHDOs to undertake housing development activities in concert with a local government or local quasi-governmental entity in order to both fulfill the need for housing in these communities as well as larger community redevelopment goals beyond the housing efforts of the CHDO itself.

In order to receive points under this scoring criteria, the CHDO must partner with a local unit of government or a local quasi-governmental entity by means of a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or other partnership agreement for the purpose of the development of affordable housing for sale to low income home buyers effective for the full term of the grant period. As part of the effort, the local unit of government or the local quasi-governmental entity must provide eligible HOME match contributions to the housing development effort. The MOU must outline the responsibilities of all parties to the program implementation, including, but not limited to:

1. The targeted neighborhood area(s) in which all units will be rehabilitated and/or constructed for sale to low income home buyers under the MOU.
2. The number of units to be rehabilitated or constructed for sale to low income home buyers.
3. A description of the match contributions to be provided. At minimum, match contributions must meet the following requirements:
 - a. Donation or sale of a suitable parcel of land for home development, without encumbrance of any kind with all taxes and other fees current and meeting all requirements of Section F 5 of this program description and the following additional requirements:
 - (1) The sale price to the CHDO must be no more than \$100.
 - (2) All taxes must be clear through the time of sale to the low income homebuyer.
 - b. The donated cost of demolition and disposal of any existing structures on the building parcel including all landfill fees if unit demolition is a required part of lot development.

- c. Fees controlled by the local government such as building permits, impact fees or other development fees must be waived by the local government and provided as a donated match to the project. To the extent, the local government controls utility connection and tap fees these fees must be waived or significantly discounted in order to meet the match eligibility requirements of the HOME program.
- d. The CHDO must have a strategy approved by its Board to redevelop an area that ties into a larger strategic plan of a City or County’s efforts to stabilize a focused area that requires revitalization. Unit development must occur only in the identified target area.

L. LEVEL OF SUBSIDY.

The current maximum HOME investment per unit is provided below:

MINIMUM HOME DOLLARS	\$ 1,000	PER UNIT
MAXIMUM HOME DOLLARS	\$119,815	0-BEDROOM (EFFICIENCY) LIMIT
	\$137,349	1-BEDROOM LIMIT
	\$167,020	2-BEDROOM LIMIT
	\$216,250	3-BEDROOM LIMIT
	\$237,177	4-BEDROOM OR MORE LIMIT

Periodically, THDA may update these limits pending approval from HUD. Updated limits will be effective for all activities in which the written agreement for the activity is entered into after the effective date for the limits issued by HUD. These updates will be posted on THDA’s web site at <https://thda.org/business-partners/home>.

M. PROPERTY STANDARDS

1. Property standards must be met when HOME funds are used for a project. All housing constructed or rehabilitated with HOME funds must meet all applicable local, county and state codes, THDA design standards, rehabilitation standards, Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS), and zoning ordinances at the time of project completion. In the absence of a local code, new construction of single-family units must meet the current, State-adopted edition of the International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings. The newly constructed units must also meet accessibility requirements and mitigate disaster impact as applicable per State and local codes, ordinances, etc. Rehabilitation of existing single-family units must meet the current, State- adopted edition of the International Existing Building Code.
2. HOME funded units must also conform to the THDA Minimum Design Standards for New Construction and Rehabilitation of Single Family and Multifamily Units. THDA must review and approve plans, work write-ups and written cost estimates and determine cost reasonableness for both new construction and rehabilitation prior to putting the project out to bid.

3. Additional design standards include:

- a. Energy Code. New construction projects must also meet the State-adopted edition of the International Energy Conservation Code. Copies of the Energy Code may also be obtained from the International Code Council at the address listed above.
- b. Energy Conservation. In addition to meeting the State-adopted edition of the International Energy Conservation Code, new construction projects must be Energy Star qualified as certified by an independent Home Energy Rating System (“HERS”) rater or achieve a HERS index of 85 or less when tested by a certified rater.
- c. Modular Housing must be certified by the state of Tennessee.
- d. Section 504. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibits discrimination in federally assisted activities and programs on the basis of disability, and imposes requirements to ensure accessibility for qualified individuals with disabilities to these programs and activities.

N. UNIVERSAL DESIGN/VISITABILITY

THDA encourages the inclusion of features that allow individuals with physical disabilities to reside and/or visit the housing that is constructed or rehabilitated with federal HOME funds.

Universal design is a building concept that incorporates products, general design layouts and other characteristics to a housing unit in order to:

- Make the unit usable by the greatest number of people;
- Respond to the changing needs of the resident; and
- Improve the marketability of the unit

The goal of universal design seeks to build housing that meets the needs of the greatest number of residents within a community. Universal design differs from accessible design, which is primarily intended to meet the needs of persons with disabilities. However, universal design is inclusive of adaptable design as universal design incorporates structural features that will allow a housing unit to be adapted to an individual’s current or future needs. Universal design features include, but are not limited to:

- Stepless entrances.
- Minimum 5’ x 5’ level clear space inside and outside entry door.
- Broad blocking in walls around toilet, tub and shower for future placement of grab bars.
- Full-extension, pull-out drawers, shelves and racks in base cabinets in kitchen.
- Front mounted controls on all appliances.
- Lever door handles.
- Loop handle pulls on drawers and cabinet doors.

More information on Universal Design may be found at The Center for Universal Design at North Carolina State University: <http://www.ncsu.edu/ncsu/design/cud/index.htm>.

Visitability refers to homes that are designed and built in a manner that allows individuals who have trouble with steps or use wheelchairs or walkers to live in or visit the unit. These features include:

- One zero-step entrance.
- Doors with 32 inches of clear passage space.
- One bathroom on the main floor that is accessible to a person using a wheelchair.

More information on Visitability can be found at: <http://www.visitability.org>.

O. HOME RELOCATION REQUIREMENTS

THDA DISCOURAGES PROJECTS INVOLVING DISPLACEMENT OR RELOCATION OF HOUSEHOLDS. PRIOR TO APPLICATION, CONTACT THDA IF YOU ARE PLANNING ANY PROJECT THAT MAY INVOLVE DISPLACEMENT OR RELOCATION.

The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (Uniform Act), and its implementing regulations, 49 CFR Part 24, requires relocation assistance where acquisition has occurred under the Uniform Act. In addition, the Uniform Act coverage was expanded in 1987 amendments to cover displacement of individuals resulting from rehabilitation, demolition, or private acquisition carried out under a federally-assisted project or program.

Section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act ("The Barney Frank Amendments") and HUD's Residential Anti-Displacement and Relocation Assistance Plan include additional relocation requirements. This extra level of relocation protection may be triggered for low-income households when units are converted or demolished with Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) or HOME funds. In addition, when Section 104(d) is triggered, jurisdictions may need to replace any low/moderate income dwelling units that are lost due to the conversion or demolition. This section refers only to residential relocation. If non-residential (commercial/industrial) relocation is involved, contact THDA.

Understanding how relocation requirements are triggered, alternate ways of meeting them, and the costs of the alternatives is essential in making HOME program decisions. Concerns about relocation may cause an administrator to consider establishing a preference for vacant buildings. However, administrators should also consider that vacant buildings are often much deteriorated. Rehabilitating an occupied building even with the cost of assisting tenants to remain or relocate, may be less costly than rehabilitating a vacant building. In occupied buildings, program administrators must consider whether occupants will be able to return after rehabilitation and whether Housing Choice Voucher (Section 8) assistance is available to help meet relocation costs. Selecting vacant projects does not relieve all relocation concerns. Vacant buildings in good condition may have been recently occupied. If so, the program administrator must consider whether the owner removed the tenants in order to apply for HOME assistance for a vacant building. If so, these tenants are displaced persons.

Skilled staff can save the local program money and build goodwill with owners and tenants. Failure to understand and follow relocation requirements can result in unnecessary costs for the local program. It is possible for uninformed owners and staff to take steps that would obligate the local program to provide significant relocation benefits and services. Early briefings for owners and program staff on relocation rules are essential. [Handbook 1378, Tenant Assistance, Relocation and Real Property Acquisition](#) consolidates relocation requirements for HOME and other HUD programs in one document. It is available from HUD Field Offices or by contacting THDA. HUD informational booklets for persons who are displaced or whose property is to be acquired are also available from HUD Field Offices or from THDA.

Uniform Relocation Act (URA) requirements are triggered at the time the application is being prepared, and additional requirements are triggered at the time the working agreement is signed between the owner and the grantee and when rehabilitation is completed. Treatment of displaced persons depends upon whether the

displaced person is (1) a tenant or owner; (2) a business or household; or (3) has income above or below the Section 8 Lower Income Limit.

WHO IS A DISPLACED PERSON? Any person (household, individual, business, farm, or non-profit organization) that moves from the real property, permanently, as a direct result of rehabilitation, demolition, or acquisition for a project assisted with HOME funds. Relocation requirements apply to all occupants of a project/site for which HOME assistance is sought even if less than 100% of the units are HOME assisted.

WHO IS NOT A DISPLACED PERSON? A tenant evicted for cause, assuming the eviction was not undertaken to evade URA obligations. A person with no legal right to occupy the property under State or local law (e.g., squatter). A tenant who moved in after the application was submitted but before signing a lease and commencing occupancy, was provided written notice of the planned project, its possible impact on the person (e.g., the person may be displaced, temporarily relocated, or experience a rent increase), and the fact that the person would not qualify as a "displaced person" (or for any assistance under URA) as a result of the project. A person, after being fully informed of their rights, waives them by signing a Waiver Form.

HOW IS DISPLACEMENT TRIGGERED?

Before Application. A tenant moves permanently from the property before the owner submits an application for HOME assistance if THDA or HUD determines that the displacement was a direct result of the rehabilitation, demolition, or acquisition for the HOME project. (e.g., THDA determines that the owner displaced tenants in order to propose a vacant building for HOME assistance.)

After Application. A tenant moves permanently from the property after submission of the application, or, if the applicant does not have site control, the date THDA or the local program administrator approves the site because: (1) the owner requires the tenant to move permanently; or (2) the owner fails to provide timely required notices to the tenant; or (3) the tenant is required to move temporarily and the owner does not pay all actual, reasonable out-of-pocket expenses or because the conditions of the move are unreasonable.

After Execution of Agreement. A tenant moves permanently from the project after execution of the agreement covering the acquisition, rehabilitation or demolition because the tenant is not provided the opportunity to lease a suitable, affordable unit in the project.

P. HOME RESIDENTIAL ANTI-DISPLACEMENT AND RELOCATION ASSISTANCE PLAN

THDA will require grant recipients to replace all occupied and vacant habitable lower income housing demolished or converted to a use other than as lower income housing in connection with a project assisted with funds provided under the HOME Investment Partnership Act

All replacement housing will be provided within three years after the commencement of the demolition or conversion. Before entering into a working agreement committing THDA to provide funds for a project that will directly result in the demolition or conversion, THDA will make public by and submit to the HUD/Knoxville HOME coordinator certain information. Each applicant proposing demolition or any reduction in lower income housing units must submit the following information to THDA:

1. A description of the proposed assisted project;
2. The address, number of bedrooms, and location on a map of lower income housing that will be demolished or converted to a use other than as lower income housing as a result of an assisted project;
3. A time schedule for the commencement and completion of the demolition or conversion;

4. To the extent known, the address, number of bedrooms and location on a map of the replacement housing that has been or will be provided;
5. The source of funding and a time schedule for the provision of the replacement housing;
6. The basis for concluding that the replacement housing will remain lower income housing for at least 10 years from the date of initial occupancy; and
7. Information demonstrating that any proposed replacement of housing units with smaller dwelling units (e.g., a 2-bedroom unit with two 1-bedroom units), or any proposed replacement of efficiency or single-room occupancy (SRO) units with units of a different size, is appropriate and consistent with the housing needs and priorities identified in the approved Consolidated Plan.

Q. EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND FAIR HOUSING

No person in the United States shall on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, familial status, national origin, or disability be excluded from participation, denied benefits or subjected to discrimination under any program funded in whole or in part by HOME funds. The following Federal requirements as set forth in 24 CFR 5.105(a), Nondiscrimination and equal opportunity, are applicable to HOME projects:

Fair Housing Act	24 CFR Part 100
Executive Order 11063, as amended (Equal Opportunity in Housing)	24 CFR Part 107
Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Nondiscrimination in Federal programs)	24 CFR Part 1
Age Discrimination Act of 1975	24 CFR Part 146
Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973	24 CFR Part 8
Section 109 of Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974	24 CFR Part 6
Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act	42 U.S.C. §12101 <i>et seq.</i>
Equal Access to Housing in HUD Programs Regardless of Sexual Orientation or Gender Identity	24 CFR Parts 5, 200, 203, 236, 400, 570, 574, 882, 891 and 982
Section 3 of the Housing & Urban Development Act of 1968	24 CFR 135
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Section 3 requires that the employment and other economic opportunities generated by Federal financial assistance for housing and community development programs shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be directed toward low-income persons, particularly those who are recipients of government assistance for housing. 	
Executive Order 11246, as amended (Equal Employment Opportunity Programs)	41 CFR 60
Executive Order 11625, as amended (Minority Business Enterprises)	

Executive Order 12432, as amended (Minority Business Enterprise Development)

Executive Order 12138, as amended (Women's Business Enterprise)

- Executive Orders 11625, 12432, and 12138 (Minority/Women's Business Enterprise) require that PJs and local programs must prescribe procedures acceptable to HUD for a minority outreach program to ensure the inclusion, to the maximum extent possible, of minorities and women and entities owned by minorities and women in all contracts. Local programs must also develop acceptable policies and procedures if their application is approved by THDA.

The HUD Office of Fair Housing also includes the following fair housing laws and Presidential Executive Orders which are not included in 24 CFR 5.105(a) but which are applicable to federally-assisted programs:

Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 at 42 U.S.C. §4151 *et seq.*

Executive Order 12892, as amended
(Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing)

Executive Order 12898

Executive Order 13166
(Limited English Proficiency)

Executive Order 13217
(Community-based living arrangements for persons with disabilities)

In addition to the above requirements, the PJ and local programs must assure that its Equal Opportunity and Fair Housing policies in the HOME Program are consistent with its current Consolidated Plan.

R. SITE AND NEIGHBORHOOD STANDARDS

Housing provided through the HOME program must be suitable from the standpoint of facilitating and furthering full compliance with the applicable provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Fair Housing Act, Executive Order 11063, and HUD regulations issued pursuant thereto; and must promote greater choice of housing opportunities. Grantees must ensure that the proposed activity does not allow or promote segregation on the basis of race, disability or income.

S. AFFIRMATIVE MARKETING

Prior to beginning a HOME project, grant recipients must adopt affirmative marketing procedures and requirements for all HOME-funded homebuyer projects with five or more units. Affirmative marketing steps consist of actions to provide information and otherwise attract eligible persons in the housing market area to the available housing without regard to race, color, national origin, sex, religion, familial status or disability. These must be approved by THDA prior to any HOME funds being committed to a project. Requirements and procedures must include:

1. Methods for informing the public, owners and potential tenants about fair housing laws and the local program's policies;
2. A description of what owners and/or the program administrator will do to affirmatively market housing assisted with HOME funds;

3. A description of what owners and/or the program administrator will do to inform persons not likely to apply for housing without special outreach;
4. Maintenance of records to document actions taken to affirmatively market HOME-assisted units and to assess marketing effectiveness; and
5. Description of how efforts will be assessed and what corrective actions will be taken where requirements are not met.

T. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The environmental effects of each activity carried out with HOME funds must be assessed in accordance with the provisions of the National Environment Policy Act of 1969 (“NEPA”) and the related authorities listed in HUD's regulations at 24 CFR 58.

Under the Program, THDA is responsible for carrying out environmental reviews. THDA may not commit any funds under the Program or any other program listed at 24 CFR 58.1(b) for an activity or project until the environmental review process is complete and the HOME funds have been released. The applicant is responsible for gathering the information required for the environmental review. THDA must make a request for the release of the funds (“RROF”) from HUD for all projects.

Further, until the RROF and related certification have been approved, neither a Recipient nor any participant in the development process may commit non-HUD funds on or undertake an activity or project under a 24 CFR 58.1 program if the activity or project would have an adverse environmental impact or limit the choice of reasonable alternatives. This prohibition prohibits physical activity, including acquisition, rehabilitation, and construction, as well as contracting for or committing to any of these actions.

The restriction on undertaking or committing funds for choice-limiting actions does not apply to undertakings or commitments of non-federal funds before a project participant has applied for HUD funding. A party may begin a project in good faith as a private project and is not precluded from later deciding to apply for federal assistance. However, when the party applies for federal assistance, it will generally need to cease further actions on the project, using either federal or non-federal funds, until the environmental review process is complete.

Therefore, the Environmental Review covers the entire project, not just the portion funded by HOME funds. Except for the very limited exclusions listed under 24 CFR 58, any such prohibited action will make the entire project ineligible for funding under HOME.

U. LEAD-BASED PAINT

Housing assisted with HOME funds is subject to the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821 et seq.) and 24 CFR Part 35, Subparts C through M. The lead-based paint provisions of 982.401(j) also apply, irrespective of the applicable property standard under 24 CFR 92.251. The Lead-Based Paint regulations are available at www.hud.gov/lea or by contacting 1-800-424-LEAD (5323). Lead-based paint requirements apply to all units and common areas in the project.

V. LABOR STANDARDS

Davis-Bacon wage compliance and other Federal laws and regulations pertaining to labor standards apply to all contracts for rehabilitating or constructing 12 or more units assisted with HOME funds. The contract for

construction must contain the applicable wage provisions and labor standards. Davis-Bacon does not apply to projects using volunteer labor or to sweat equity projects.

W. DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION

On all HOME funded projects, Recipients shall certify that no vendor, its principals or managers are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction or listed on the “Excluded Parties List System” found at www.SAM.gov.

X. FLOOD PLAINS

HOME funds may not be used to construct housing in an area identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (“FEMA”) as having special flood hazards. In addition, THDA strongly discourages the rehabilitation of units located in special flood hazard areas, but in a few limited instances and with written permission from THDA, units located in a floodplain may be assisted if the flood plain is mitigated by construction design. In cases where construction in the flood plain are allowed the project must be participating in the National Flood Insurance Program and flood insurance must be obtained on the units.

Y. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

In the procurement of property and services, THDA and Recipients must adhere to the conflict of interest provisions at 24 CFR 92.356. THDA will not request exceptions to the conflict of interest provisions from HUD. In the event a conflict of interest is discovered, Recipients shall repay that portion of the HOME grant related to the conflict of interest or may have all or some portion of the HOME grant rescinded, all as determined by THDA in its sole discretion.

Z. PROCUREMENT

It is important to keep the solicitation of bids for goods and services as well as professional services and construction contracts open and competitive.

1. At a minimum all Recipients must comply with 2 CFR 200.318 - 326.
2. All Recipients must have adopted procurement policies and procedures that meet state and federal requirements.
3. Prior to the solicitation of bids, the Recipient must develop a comprehensive scope of work and perform an independent cost estimate.
4. Recipients must seek to obtain three (3) to five (5) quotes or bids using formal advertising or requests for proposals for the procurement of professional or construction services.
5. There must be an established selection procedure and a written rationale for selecting the successful bid or proposal.

AA. APPLICATION EVALUATION PROCEDURE

THDA will evaluate each application to determine if the proposal meets threshold criteria. Threshold criteria includes: submission of a complete application; proposal of an eligible activity; proposal of a project that in the opinion of THDA is physically, financially, and administratively feasible; and the proposal of a project that meets the requirements of 24 CFR Part 92, as amended.

All non-profit applicants must submit the most current version of the following required documentation in accordance with the application instructions. Items identified as “THRESHOLD” must be submitted with the application for funding consideration. All other items are required and any funding consideration will be conditional until their receipt and THDA’s subsequent review and approval of the item:

1. Evidence that the applicant is organized and existing under the laws of Tennessee or, if organized and existing under the laws of another state, evidence that applicant is organized and existing in that state and authorized to do business in Tennessee. (THRESHOLD)
2. Documentation of an IRS designation under Section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) of the federal tax code. A 501(c)(3) non-profit organization may not submit an application until they have received their designation from the IRS. A 501(c)(4) non-profit applicant must provide documentation satisfactory to THDA, in its sole discretion, that the non-profit has filed the necessary material with the IRS and received a response from the IRS demonstrating 501(c)(4) status. (THRESHOLD)
3. Copy of Organizational Charter (THRESHOLD)
4. Copy of Organizational By-laws (THRESHOLD)
5. List of Board members including: names; home address; occupation; a description of their primary contribution; length of service; phone #; email address; and date the term of service expires. (THRESHOLD)
6. Business plan or strategic management plan that demonstrates the agency’s short term and long term goals, objectives, and plans to achieve them.
7. The most recent financial audit or audited financial statements of the organization. (THRESHOLD)
8. Applicant Board Member and Corporate Disclosure Forms *completed, signed by the organization's Executive Director and each Board Member and notarized.*
9. Applicant/Board Member and Corporate Disclosure Form completed, *signed by the Chairman of the Board or Executive Director on behalf of the organization and notarized.*
10. One page explanation of how the Board of Directors is involved in the operation of the agency, including how often the Board meets, how the Board monitors and provides oversight for the agency’s programs.
11. Resolution by the Board of Directors authorizing the submission of this application. (THRESHOLD)
12. List of staff members employed by the organization, including how many are full-time or part-time, their specific responsibilities related to housing programs, and how many years of experience each staff member has in housing development. (THRESHOLD)
13. Documentation of agency operating funds from other sources, including how much annually and from what sources.
14. Explanation of any other programs operated by the organization, including the program(s) and its funding source(s).
15. Explanation of the agency's experience in housing, particularly in providing housing to low and very low income households in Tennessee. (THRESHOLD)

Applicants must upload all organizational information required to be submitted through THDA’s Participant

Information Management System (“PIMS”). Copies of organizational documents that are required to be submitted through PIMS, but that are submitted through another means, will not be considered.

Documentation must be submitted to demonstrate that the organization meets threshold requirements and has the capacity to provide affordable housing for low-income households, including the administration of the proposed project.

Applications meeting the threshold criteria will be scored and ranked in descending numerical order within the CHDO matrix, based on the criteria provided below. In the event of a tie score under the CHDO matrix, THDA first will select the application with the highest capacity score and then, if a tie still remains, the highest percentage of Match.

1. CAPABILITY**Up to 60 points**

The proposed project demonstrates exceptional project planning and readiness.

Up to 30 points

- The program design is complete and all necessary components to accomplish the project are identified in the application.
- Sites have been identified and CHDO has site control. NOTE: THDA will not be able to issue a Working Agreement unless there are specific addresses or a legal description for the property.
- CHDO has a pipeline of potential homebuyers ready to purchase or working toward readiness to purchase. NOTE: Commitment of CHDO funds must be to a specific address and homebuyer to meet HUD's definition of CHDO commitment by the 24-month deadline.
- CHDO has completed an examination of neighborhood market conditions demonstrating a need for the proposed housing and the anticipated housing types, as well at the target locations or neighborhoods for which the housing is intended.
- CHDO has secured other funding for the project. Commitment letters are included in the application.

The CHDO demonstrates sufficient capacity beyond threshold.

Up to 30 points

- The CHDO has produced successful affordable housing projects of similar size, scope and complexity.
- The CHDO has a demonstrated capacity to manage homeownership programs.
- The CHDO has paid staff with demonstrated housing development experience as documented by W-2 forms.
- The organization operating budget reflects multiple sources of funding.
- If previous experience under HOME:
 - Has the demonstrated ability to conform to the timeframe of Attachment B: Implementation Plan of the HOME Working Agreement;
 - Has demonstrated its ability to commit and draw down funds in a timely manner;
 - Has demonstrated the ability to complete a project within the contract term;
 - Has a lack of monitoring findings; and
 - Appropriately responds to client concerns or complaints and to THDA staff.

2. CHDO SERVICE AREA NOT IN A PJ

5 points

THDA shall award up to 5 points to applications submitted from CHDOs where 100% of the Homes to be developed with the initial use of the grant funds are not in an area designated as a PJ by HUD.

3. PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP FOR NEIGHBORHOOD REDEVELOPMENT

10 points

To receive points under this criteria, the CHDO must partner with a local unit of government or a local quasi-governmental entity by means of a MOU or other partnership agreement, outside of THDA's contract, for the purpose of the development of affordable housing.

The MOU must meet the requirements listed in Section H of this program description.

- a. The CHDO must have a strategy approved by its Board to redevelop an area that ties into a larger strategic plan of a City or County's efforts to stabilize a focused area that requires revitalization.
- b. The targeted neighborhood area(s) in which all units will be rehabilitated and/or constructed is clearly identified in the MOU.
- c. The units to be rehabilitated or constructed must be for sale to eligible low income homebuyers, as defined in Section I of this program description.
- d. Match contributions, at minimum, must meet the following requirements:
 - 1) Donation or sale of a suitable parcel of land for home development, without encumbrance of any kind and with all taxes paid current, as defined in Section F of this program description.
 - 2) The donated cost of demolition and disposal of any existing structures on the building parcel including all landfill fees, if unit demolition is a required part of lot development.
 - 3) Fees controlled by the local government such as building permits, impact fees or other development fees must be waived by the local government and provided as a donated match to the project. To the extent, the local government controls utility connection and tap fees, these fees must be waived or significantly discounted in order to meet the match eligibility requirements of the HOME program.

4. MATCH

Up to 15 points

THDA shall award up to 15 points to applications that include a committed contribution of eligible match resources towards the project implementation. A commitment of eligible match contribution from an external source must be documented in the application from the source providing the contribution. To determine the points awarded, THDA will not round the percentage calculated.

- The project's sources include an eligible HOME match contribution that is equal to or greater than 15% of the proposed HOME funds to be used for project costs;

15 points

OR

- The project’s sources include an eligible HOME match contribution that is equal to or greater than 5% and less than 15% of the proposed HOME funds to be used for project costs; 10 points

OR

- The project’s sources include an eligible HOME match contribution that is equal to or greater than 1% and less than 5% of the proposed HOME funds to be used for project costs; 5 points

OR

- The project’s sources include an eligible HOME match contribution that is less than 1% of the proposed HOME funds to be used for project costs.

5. LEVERAGE

Up to 10 points

THDA shall award up to 10 points to applications that include the use of funds from other sources. THDA will award points in this category based on the actual percentage of other funds in the project. Leveraged funds counted in one program year do not qualify again as leverage in subsequent years. In order to receive points, there must be written documentation for the leveraged funds in the application.

6. ENERGY CONSERVATION

Up to 10 points

- a. For acquisition/rehabilitation and sale type homeownership projects, THDA shall award up to 10 points to applications that, to the extent feasible, include at least three energy conservation measures beyond that required by THDA’s Design Standards for Rehabilitation in the rehabilitation of each unit.
- b. For new construction homeownership projects, THDA shall award up to 10 points to applications that include at least three energy conservation measures beyond that required by THDA’s Design Standards for New Construction.

7. UNIVERSAL DESIGN

Up to 10 points

For new construction or acquisition/rehabilitation type homeownership projects, THDA shall award **up to 10 total points** to applications that include additional identified universal design features in each unit. Points will be awarded based on the schedule below.

Item “a” is worth (4) points. All other items are worth (2) points each. **The maximum number of points that can be awarded under this category is 10.**

- a. One entrance door that is on an accessible route served by a ramp or no-step entrance and which also has a 36” door.
- b. All interior doors have a minimum of 32 inches of clear passage space except closets of less than 15 square feet.
- c. All hallways have a clear passage of at least 36 inches, is level with ramped or beveled changes at each threshold.
- d. Each electrical panel, breaker box, light switch or thermostat is no higher than 48 inches above the floor.
- e. Each electrical plug or receptacle is at least 15” above the floor.
- f. Minimum 5’ x 5’ level clear space inside and outside entry door.

- g. Broad blocking in walls around each toilet, tub and shower for future placement of grab bars.
- h. Full-extension, pull-out drawers, shelves and racks in base cabinets in kitchen.
- i. Front mounted controls on all appliances.
- j. Lever door handles on all doors.
- k. Loop handle pulls on drawers and cabinet doors.
- l. One bathroom on the main floor you can get into in a wheelchair.

8. PRIOR YEAR UNEXPENDED HOME FUNDS DEDUCTIONS

Up to -5 Points

CHDOs that administered a HOME grant years 2017-2021 and have successfully closed their HOME grant are eligible for application if the spend down requirement is met, as detailed in Section A, item 14-C. Any grant that successfully closed, but did not commit or expend 100% of the HOME grant funds awarded will be subject to a point deduction. The maximum number of points that can be deducted under this category is 5. The amount of points deducted is contingent upon the balance of HOME grant funds left uncommitted or unspent.

The balance of unspent HOME funds will be subject to the following deductions:

- Over \$50,000.00 -5 Points
- \$30,000 - \$49,999.99 -4 Points
- \$20,000 - \$29,999.99 -3 Points
- \$10,000 - \$19,999.99 -2 Points
- \$0 - \$9,999.99 -1 Point