



FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE AUDIT REPORT

Tennessee Housing Development Agency *For the Year Ended June 30, 2022*

Jason E. Mumpower
Comptroller of the Treasury



DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

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JASON E. MUMPOWER
Comptroller

January 26, 2023

The Honorable Bill Lee, Governor
Members of the General Assembly
Members of the Board of Directors
Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Transmitted herewith is the financial and compliance audit of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2022. You will note from the independent auditor's report that an unmodified opinion was given on the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements.

Consideration of internal control over financial reporting and tests of compliance resulted in no audit findings.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Katherine J. Stickel". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Katherine J. Stickel, CPA, CGFM, Director
Division of State Audit

22/068

Audit Report
Tennessee Housing Development Agency
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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State of Tennessee

Audit Highlights

Comptroller of the Treasury

Division of State Audit

Financial and Compliance Audit

Tennessee Housing Development Agency

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Opinion on the Financial Statements

The opinion on the financial statements is unmodified.

Audit Findings

The audit report contains no findings.



JASON E. MUMPOWER
Comptroller

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Bill Lee, Governor
Members of the General Assembly
Members of the Board of Directors
Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. Tennessee statutes, in addition to audit responsibilities, entrust certain other responsibilities to the Comptroller of the Treasury. Those responsibilities include serving as a member of the board of directors of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency. We do not believe that the Comptroller's service in this capacity affected our ability to conduct an independent audit of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the agency's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks; such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control; accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements; and
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 12, the schedule of THDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan within TCRS on page 50, the schedule of THDA's proportionate share of the net pension asset for the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan within TCRS on page 51, the schedule of THDA's contributions to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan within TCRS on page 52, the schedule of THDA's contributions to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan within TCRS on page 53, the schedule of THDA's proportionate share of the collective total/net OPEB liability for the Closed State Employee Group OPEB Plan on page 54, the schedule of THDA's proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability for the Closed Tennessee OPEB Plan on page 55, and the schedule of contributions to the closed State Employee Group OPEB Plan on page 56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information on pages 57 through 61 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2022, on our consideration of the agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Katherine J. Stickel, CPA, CGFM, Director
Division of State Audit
December 9, 2022

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2022

This section of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's (THDA) annual financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of THDA's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2022, with comparative information presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of THDA and to meet the financial reporting and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*. This section should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes. These financial statements and the accompanying note disclosures are the responsibility of management.

Introduction – The Tennessee Housing Development Agency

The mission statement of THDA is "Leading Tennessee Home by creating safe, sound, affordable housing opportunities." THDA's goal is to provide housing assistance to those in need by offering a variety of housing-related programs. One of the primary ways THDA assists Tennesseans is by offering mortgages for first-time homebuyers at below conventional market interest rates. At the close of fiscal year 2022, THDA has originated over 133,000 single-family mortgage loans in its 49-year history and serves as the master servicer for all active mortgages it funds. In addition to helping homebuyers, THDA administers Section 8 rental assistance programs, including the tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher program in approximately 70 of Tennessee's 95 counties, as well as the project-based Contract Administration program for approximately 373 contracts throughout all of Tennessee. THDA also administers grant programs, awarded on a competitive annual cycle, for rehabilitation and new construction of owner-occupied units and small rental projects. THDA is also involved in the development and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for low-income families by administering the federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit, which is a competitive process, and by setting aside a portion of bond authority to be allocated to local issuing authorities for specific multifamily developments.

As established by statute, "The agency shall have a board of directors which shall be responsible for carrying out the powers given to the agency" (Section 13-23-105, *Tennessee Code Annotated*). This board meets regularly on a bimonthly basis; however, some committees may meet more often as situations dictate.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows, as well as the notes to the financial statements. The statement of net position provides financial information on the overall financial position of THDA at each year-end. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position summarizes the results of operations over the course of each fiscal year. The statement of cash flows provides relevant information about THDA's cash receipts and cash payments during each fiscal year. The notes to the financial statements provide essential

information regarding THDA’s significant accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, certain material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events.

THDA’s financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. In addition to the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information is included.

THDA is also considered to be a discretely presented “component unit” for the State of Tennessee, and therefore, its financial information is reported in the State of Tennessee’s government-wide *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. This report may be viewed at <https://www.tn.gov/finance/rd-doa/fa-accfin-ar.html>.

Financial Highlights

Year Ended June 30, 2022

- Total assets increased by \$65.3 million, or 1.8%.
- Total liabilities increased by \$48.4 million, or 1.6%.
- Net position was \$558.9 million. This is an increase of \$10.3 million, or 1.9%, from fiscal year 2021 net position (as adjusted).
- Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$196.8 million, or 46.9%.
- Total investments increased by \$10.9 million, or 5.0%.
- Bonds payable decreased by \$77.4 million, or 2.7%.
- THDA originated \$410.3 million in new loans, which is an increase of \$20.7 million, or 5.3%, from the prior year.

Financial Analysis of the Agency

Net Position – The following table focuses on the changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Current assets | \$ 832,612 | \$ 603,820 |
| Capital assets | 5,371 | 5,171 |
| Other noncurrent assets | 2,849,688 | 3,013,397 |
| Total assets | 3,687,671 | 3,622,388 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 7,270 | 4,103 |
| Current liabilities | 196,300 | 205,667 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | 2,927,831 | 2,870,046 |

| | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Total liabilities | 3,124,131 | 3,075,713 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 11,867 | 2,107 |
| Investment in capital assets | 5,371 | 5,171 |
| Restricted net position | 460,881 | 494,520 |
| Unrestricted net position | 92,691 | 48,980 |
| Total net position | \$ 558,943 | \$ 548,671 |

2022 to 2021

First and second mortgage loans receivable (net of allowance for forgivable second mortgages) decreased by \$146.9 million. During fiscal year 2022, single-family mortgage loan originations increased by \$20.7 million, whereas mortgage loan payoffs increased by \$94.1 million and mortgage loan repayments decreased \$0.8 million. In addition, THDA recognized an allowance for future uncollectable forgivable second mortgages of \$37.5 million for fiscal year 2022.

Total liabilities increased \$48.4 million. The increase is primarily due to a \$77.4 million decrease of bonds payable at June 30, 2022, as compared to June 30, 2021, and a \$144.5 million increase of unearned revenue primarily from funds received in advance of expenses for the Homeowner Assistance Fund (HAF). This program was a new program in fiscal year 2021.

Changes in Net Position – The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Operating revenues | | |
| Mortgage interest income | \$108,506 | \$121,440 |
| Investment income | (7,796) | 276 |
| Other | 70,435 | 42,707 |
| Total operating revenues | 171,145 | 164,423 |
| Operating expenses | | |
| Interest expense | 70,315 | 80,015 |
| Other | 83,249 | 61,288 |
| Total operating expenses | 153,564 | 141,303 |
| Operating income | 17,581 | 23,120 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | |
| Grant revenues | 488,001 | 382,218 |
| Payments from primary govt | 215 | 277 |

| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Grant expenses | (495,525) | (392,311) |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | (7,309) | (9,816) |
| Change in net position | \$ 10,272 | \$ 13,304 |

2022 to 2021

Total operating revenues increased \$6.7 million, primarily due to an increase in other income of \$27.7 million. Other income increased primarily due to an increase in federal grant administration fees.

Total operating expenses increased \$12.3 million. This is primarily due to an increase in contractual services. Contractual services increased primarily due to contractual activity related to the Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA) 1 Program, the Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA) 2 Program, and the Homeowner Assistance Fund (HAF). The Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA) 1 Program and the HAF were new programs in fiscal year 2021. The Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA) 2 Program was a new program in fiscal year 2022.

Nonoperating grant revenues increased \$105.8 million and nonoperating grant expenses increased \$103.2 million, primarily due to an increase in spending of federal grant programs. The increase in spending of federal grant programs is due to THDA being awarded new sources of funding from the federal government that are related to COVID-19 pandemic relief.

Debt Activity

Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022, were \$2,832,029 (expressed in thousands), which is a \$77.4 million decrease from bonds outstanding of \$2,909,404 (expressed in thousands) as of June 30, 2021. The decrease in bonds payable is primarily due to a decrease in mortgage production, which therefore led to fewer bonds issued during fiscal year 2022. In addition, prepayments on bonds remained at a high level. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$595 million, with activity arising from four bond issues.

With interest rates remaining at historically low levels, THDA continued to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments. THDA refunded \$130 million of outstanding bonds into new bond originations with lower interest rates.

Bond Ratings

For bonds issued under the Homeownership Program Bonds, Moody's Investor Service, Inc. (Moody's) has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1, and Standard and Poor's Global Ratings (S&P), a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

For bonds issued under the Housing Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2. These bonds are not rated by S&P.

For bonds issued under the Residential Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1, and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

Debt Limits

In accordance with Section 13-23-121, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, THDA operates under a "debt ceiling" of \$4,000,000,000.

Grant Programs

During fiscal year 2007 through fiscal year 2009, the General Assembly appropriated revenue to THDA for grant programs. Likewise, THDA's board of directors allocated additional THDA funds for grants. These funds established a grant program that was titled by THDA the "Tennessee Housing Trust Fund."

The four-level model for funding this grant program includes state appropriations, THDA funds, private sector investment, and matching funds from local grantees. The purpose of this grant program is to serve the needs of low and/or very low income, elderly, and special needs Tennesseans. Funding and uses for the Housing Trust Fund are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 and Prior | Total |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Funding Sources: | | | | |
| THDA | \$7,400,000 | \$7,400,000 | \$101,300,000 | \$116,100,000 |
| State Appropriation | - | - | 4,350,000 | 4,350,000 |
| Totals | \$7,400,000 | \$7,400,000 | \$105,650,000 | \$120,450,000 |
| Approved Uses: | | | | |
| Rural repair program (USDA) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 6,300,000 | \$ 6,300,000 |
| Ramp Programs & Hsg Modification | 500,000 | - | 2,250,000 | 2,750,000 |
| Emergency Repairs | 2,700,000 | 2,700,000 | 29,300,000 | 34,700,000 |
| Competitive Grants | 3,700,000 | 3,500,000 | 51,200,000 | 58,400,000 |
| Rebuild & Recover | - | 500,000 | 5,300,000 | 5,800,000 |
| Challenge Grant Program | - | - | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 |
| Creating Homes Initiative – 2 Program | - | - | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 |
| COVID-19 Supplemental | - | - | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Other Grants | 500,000 | 700,000 | 6,800,000 | 8,000,000 |
| Totals | \$7,400,000 | \$7,400,000 | \$105,650,000 | \$120,450,000 |

Current Mortgage Products and Environment

THDA offers a variety of mortgage loan products to address the needs of Tennesseans across the state. The Great Choice loan program offers THDA the opportunity to offer a more competitive interest rate on its 30-year fixed-rate mortgage product while still offering down payment assistance with the addition of the Great Choice Plus loan program, which is a second mortgage at a 0% interest rate for a term of 10 years. During fiscal year 2015, the Great Choice Plus loan

product was modified to a forgivable second mortgage, in which 100% of the loan amount must be repaid if the home is sold or the associated first mortgage is refinanced within the first 9 years of closing. Beginning in year 10, the loan is forgiven at the rate of 20% per year. The loan is fully forgiven at the end of year 15. Subsequently, in October of 2016, the Great Choice Loan product was revised to feature a 30-year forgiveness requirement, in which 100% of the loan amount must be repaid if the home is sold or the associated first mortgage is refinanced or otherwise paid in full within the first 30 years of closing.

A special interest rate reduction on the Great Choice loan program has been designated to ensure that qualified service men and women have access to affordable homeownership opportunities. This special offer, referred to as “Homeownership for the Brave,” provides a 0.5% rate reduction on the current interest rate for Great Choice loans. In addition to the rate reduction, Homeownership for the Brave applicants are eligible for optional down payment and closing cost assistance through the Great Choice Plus second mortgage loan at a 0% interest rate.

All first mortgage loans made or purchased by THDA are fixed-rate mortgages with a maximum loan term of 360 months (30 years) and must conform to insurer/guarantor underwriting guidelines. THDA does not make or purchase adjustable-rate mortgages, interest-only mortgages, “buy-down” loans, mortgages with a future lump-sum payment due (balloon-type mortgages), or with other similar mortgage terms. THDA does not make or purchase “sub-prime” mortgage loans. Single-family mortgage loans purchased by THDA with loan-to-value (LTV) ratios between 78% and 97% must have an acceptable insurer/guarantor, which includes:

- FHA (United States Department of Housing and Urban Development),
- VA (Veterans Administration Guaranty Program),
- USDA/RD (the United States Department of Agriculture – Rural Development, formerly Farmers Home Administration), and
- private mortgage insurance.

THDA will accept private mortgage insurance provided from private mortgage insurers who are licensed by the Tennessee Commissioner of Commerce and Insurance to do business in Tennessee and are rated at least AA by S&P. THDA will allow privately insured loans underwritten using nationally accepted underwriting guidelines established by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. These loans must be approved through an automated underwriting system such as Desktop Underwriter or Loan Prospector with no expanded approvals. Such privately insured mortgage loans may have LTV ratios up to and including 97% of the lesser of the purchase price or the appraised value. Loans with a 78% LTV or lower do not require mortgage insurance. A detailed listing of these mortgage loan products and primary mortgage loan terms may be obtained from THDA’s website at <https://thda.org/homebuyers>.

For the past several years, THDA has closely monitored its loan portfolio for delinquency and foreclosures. This monitoring has included analysis based on loan type (Great Choice, Great Choice Plus, Homeownership for the Brave); insurer/guarantor (FHA, VA, RECD, private

mortgage insurer); mortgage loan servicer; down payment assistance; and other factors as deemed necessary.

As of June 30, 2022, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

| Loan Status | Total Number of Loans Served | Number of Loans in Status | Principal Amount Outstanding | Percentage ¹ |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 60 – 89 Days Past Due | 24,818 | 458 | \$ 46,675,175 | 1.85% |
| 90+ Days Past Due | 24,818 | 1,878 | 207,574,272 | 7.57% |
| In Foreclosure | 24,818 | 51 | 4,095,272 | 0.21% |

Economic Factors

In accordance with THDA's investment policy, THDA typically invests in short-term and long-term fixed-rate debt securities from federal agencies. As a benchmark, THDA uses the one-, three- and five-year Constant Maturity Treasury rates as established by the United States Treasury.

The continuation of relatively low interest rates from a historic perspective increases the likelihood of negative arbitrage, in which the interest rates on THDA's bond issues exceeds the current investment interest rates. THDA monitors prepayments and bond investment yields and seeks to reduce negative arbitrage by calling bonds with the funds from prepayments.

Single-Family Mortgage Secondary Market Program

During fiscal year 2020, THDA implemented a secondary market mortgage program. In addition to the Mortgage Revenue Bond single-family mortgage products currently offered, THDA will purchase certain single-family mortgage loans from lenders with the intention of selling such mortgages on the secondary market. THDA intends to retain the servicing rights for these mortgages as a "seller/servicer." To provide capital for this program, THDA has entered into a revolving line of credit facility, whereby funds are drawn from the line of credit provider to purchase such mortgages. THDA repays these funds when THDA sells these loans on the secondary market.

Contacting THDA's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide THDA's stakeholders with a general overview of THDA's finances and to show accountability for the funds that it receives, invests, and expends. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Trent Ridley, Chief Financial Officer, at (615) 815-2012 or via e-mail at TRidley@thda.org.

¹ Percentage is calculated by dividing the "Number of Loans in Status" by the "Total Number of Loans Served."

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY**Statement of Net Position****June 30, 2022***(Expressed in Thousands)***Assets**

Current assets:

| | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) | \$ 582,583 |
| Investments (Note 2) | 79,205 |
| Receivables: | |
| Accounts | 18,399 |
| Interest | 17,002 |
| Loans held for resale | 1,440 |
| First mortgage loans | 79,862 |
| Due from federal government | 52,543 |
| Due from other state funds | 1,578 |

| | |
|----------------------|------------|
| Total current assets | \$ 832,612 |
|----------------------|------------|

Noncurrent assets:

Restricted assets:

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) | 33,596 |
| Investments (Note 2) | 115,096 |
| Investment interest receivable | 394 |
| Investments (Note 2) | 34,002 |
| First mortgage loans receivable | 2,590,354 |
| Second mortgage loans receivable | 83,830 |
| Allowance for uncollectable second mortgages | (37,497) |
| Other receivables (Note 1) | 23,204 |
| Unearned service release premium | 428 |
| Advance to local government | 3,146 |
| Net pension asset (Note 5) | 3,135 |
| Capital assets: | |
| Furniture and equipment | 12,701 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (7,330) |

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Total noncurrent assets | 2,855,059 |
|-------------------------|-----------|

| | |
|--------------|-----------|
| Total assets | 3,687,671 |
|--------------|-----------|

Deferred outflows of resources

| | |
|--|-------|
| Deferred amount on refundings | 28 |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 5) | 6,044 |
| Deferred outflows related to OPEB (Note 9) | 208 |
| Deferred outflows related to defeased bonds (Note 3) | 990 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 7,270 |

(Continued)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Statement of Net Position (Continued)
June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

Liabilities

Current liabilities:

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Accounts payable | \$ 52,358 |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | 855 |
| Compensated absences (Note 3) | 906 |
| Due to primary government | 105 |
| Interest payable | 38,644 |
| Escrow deposits (Note 3) | 19,170 |
| Prepayments on mortgage loans | 1,165 |
| Line of credit payable | 1,395 |
| Due to federal government | 17 |
| Bonds payable (Note 3) | 81,685 |

| | |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Total current liabilities | 196,300 |
|---------------------------|---------|

Noncurrent liabilities:

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Bonds payable (Note 3) | 2,750,344 |
| Compensated absences (Note 3) | 1,010 |
| Net OPEB liability (Note 9) | 1,185 |
| Escrow deposits (Note 3) | 13,678 |
| Unearned revenue (Note 3) | 161,614 |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 2,927,831 |
|------------------------------|-----------|

| | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Total liabilities | 3,124,131 |
|-------------------|-----------|

Deferred inflows of resources

| | |
|---|--------|
| Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 5) | 10,256 |
| Deferred inflows related to OPEB (Note 9) | 1,611 |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 11,867 |
|-------------------------------------|--------|

Net position

| | |
|--|---------|
| Investment in capital assets | 5,371 |
| Restricted for single family bond programs (Note 4 and Note 7) | 435,820 |
| Restricted for grant programs (Note 4) | 18,773 |
| Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program (Note 4) | 3,153 |
| Restricted for net pension asset (Note 5) | 3,135 |
| Unrestricted (Note 7) | 92,691 |

| | |
|--------------------|------------|
| Total net position | \$ 558,943 |
|--------------------|------------|

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Operating revenues | |
| Mortgage interest income | \$108,506 |
| Investment income: | |
| Interest | 2,080 |
| Net decrease in the fair value of investments | (9,876) |
| Federal grant administration fees | 48,625 |
| Fees and other income | 21,810 |
| Total operating revenues | 171,145 |
| Operating expenses | |
| Salaries and benefits | 22,096 |
| Contractual services | 35,694 |
| Materials and supplies | 1,581 |
| Rentals and insurance | 38 |
| Other administrative expenses | 404 |
| Other program expenses | 17,411 |
| Interest expense | 70,315 |
| Issuance costs | 4,203 |
| Amortization: service release premium | 27 |
| Depreciation | 1,795 |
| Total operating expenses | 153,564 |
| Operating income | 17,581 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses) | |
| Federal grants revenue | 488,001 |
| Payment from primary government (Note 10) | 215 |
| Federal grants expenses | (488,037) |
| Local grants expenses | (7,488) |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | (7,309) |
| Change in net position | 10,272 |
| Total net position, July 1 | 548,671 |
| Total net position, June 30 | \$558,943 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY**Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022***(Expressed in Thousands)*

| | |
|--|------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ 810,826 |
| Receipts from federal government | 48,647 |
| Other miscellaneous receipts | 21,810 |
| Acquisition of mortgage loans | (410,334) |
| Payments to suppliers | (43,188) |
| Payments to or for employees | (25,980) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 401,781 |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities | |
| Operating grants received | 460,843 |
| Payment from primary government | 215 |
| Proceeds from sale of bonds | 612,059 |
| Operating grants paid | (488,305) |
| Cost of issuance paid | (4,203) |
| Principal payments | (676,295) |
| Interest paid | (88,569) |
| Net cash used for noncapital financing activities | (184,255) |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities | |
| Purchases of capital assets | (1,995) |
| Net cash used for capital and related financing activities | (1,995) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments | 188,153 |
| Purchases of investments | (209,141) |
| Investment interest received | 1,997 |
| Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value reporting and classified as cash equivalents | 239 |
| Net cash used for investing activities | (18,752) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 196,779 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, July 1 | 419,400 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, June 30 | \$ 616,179 |

(Continued)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

**Reconciliation of operating income to
net cash provided by operating activities:**

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Operating income | \$ 17,581 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: | |
| Depreciation | 1,795 |
| Changes in assets, liabilities, and deferrals: | |
| Accounts receivable | 1,177 |
| Mortgage interest receivable | 2,803 |
| Other receivables | (1,411) |
| Unearned service release premium | (165) |
| Pension asset | (2,905) |
| Deferred pension outflows | (3,295) |
| Deferred OPEB outflows | 29 |
| Loans held for resale | 340 |
| Mortgage loans receivable | 149,664 |
| Due from federal government | 22 |
| Accounts payable | 7,267 |
| Accrued payroll / compensated absences | 49 |
| Due to primary government | 13 |
| Unearned revenue | 144,452 |
| Line of credit payable | (383) |
| Pension liability | (7,122) |
| OPEB liability | (204) |
| Deferred pension inflows | 9,941 |
| Deferred OPEB inflows | (181) |
| Investment income included as operating revenue | 7,796 |
| Interest expense included as operating expense | 70,315 |
| Issuance cost included as operating expense | 4,203 |
| Total adjustments | 384,200 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 401,781 |

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

| | |
|---|----------------|
| Decrease in fair value of investments | (9,347) |
| Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities | (9,347) |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA) was created by an act of the legislature (Chapter 241, Public Acts, 1973). The act was approved by the Governor on May 14, 1973. The enabling legislation can be found in Section 13-23-101 et seq., *Tennessee Code Annotated*. The purpose of the agency is to improve housing and living conditions for lower- and moderate-income persons and families in Tennessee by making loans and mortgages to qualified sponsors, builders, developers, and purchasers of low- and moderate-income family dwellings.

The agency is governed by a board of directors. The Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance and Administration, and a Staff Assistant to the Governor serve as ex-officio board members of the agency. The remaining members are appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the State Senate, and the Speaker of the State House of Representatives. Board members are to be representatives of the housing, real estate, or home building industries; the mortgage profession; local governments; or one of the three grand divisions of the state, and must be knowledgeable about the problems of inadequate housing conditions in Tennessee. One member of the board is a resident board member as required by Section 505 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and Title 24, *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 964, Subpart E. Section 13-23-101 et seq., *Tennessee Code Annotated*, was amended to revise the composition of the board of directors, effective July 1, 2013.

In order to accomplish its objectives, the agency is authorized to raise funds through the issuance of bonds and notes. Bonds and notes issued by the agency are not general obligations of the State of Tennessee or any of its political subdivisions, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any political subdivision is pledged for payment of the principal or interest on such bonds or notes.

THDA is a component unit of the State of Tennessee. Although the agency is a separate legal entity, the state appoints a majority of its governing body and approves its operating budget. The agency is discretely presented in the *Tennessee Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Certain accounting policies and procedures are stipulated in the agency's Mortgage Finance Program, Single Family Program, Homeownership Program, Housing Finance Program, and General Residential Finance Program bond resolutions and the Single Family Mortgage Notes trust indenture. The agency follows these procedures in establishing and maintaining the various funds

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

and accounts for its programs. Revenues and expenses applicable to each fund and account are recorded therein.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the agency's policy to use the restricted resources first. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture and office equipment, are defined by the agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

| <u>Description</u> | <u>Estimated Life</u> |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Furniture | 10 years |
| Computer equipment | 3 years |

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the Debt Service Reserve Funds; Bond Reserve Funds; the Tax and Insurance Holding/Escrow account; Funds on deposit for, or on behalf of, borrowers related to Loan Servicing; Hardest Hit Fund cash; and Net Pension Assets (see note 4).

The bond resolutions require the agency to establish a Debt Service Reserve Fund or a Bond Reserve Fund for each bond issue. The bond resolutions require that if the Debt Service and Expense Funds or the Revenue Funds of a bond issue are not sufficient to provide for interest or principal and sinking fund requirements of that issue that funds be transferred from the Debt Service Reserve Fund or the Bond Reserve Fund to cover any deficiency.

The Tax and Insurance Holding/Escrow account is used to service mortgage accounts. These funds are tax and insurance escrows held on behalf of various mortgagors from payments collected on mortgages. The agency is obligated to expend these monies on escrowed items. The Payment Clearing and Disbursement accounts are also used to service mortgages.

Deferred Amount on Refundings and Bond Premiums and Discounts

Deferred Amounts on Refundings: The agency amortizes the deferred amount on refundings using the straight-line method.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Bond Premiums and Discounts: Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

In addition to demand deposits and deposits in the pooled investment fund administered by the State Treasurer, this classification includes short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Other Receivables

Amounts reported as Other Receivables are for amounts related to acquiring servicing rights from THDA's partners. Beginning in fiscal year 2018, THDA began direct servicing of first and second mortgage loans in which THDA purchased from an approved THDA Originating Agent. In association with the purchase of these loans, and in association with typical industry practices, THDA paid 1% of the loan purchase amount to the Originating Agent that was intended to function as a "service release premium." In fiscal year 2019, THDA reacquired servicing rights from approved THDA mortgage loan servicers, which in certain situations resulted in the payment of a Servicing Reclamation Price to the existing servicer. Such amounts are reported as other receivables and are amortized based on the interest method over the life of the respective loans.

Investments

The agency has established guidelines for its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolutions and to comply with the statutes of the State of Tennessee. Permitted investments include the following: direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations guaranteed by the U.S. federal government, public housing bonds secured by contracts with the U.S. federal government, direct and general obligations of the State of Tennessee or obligations guaranteed by the State of Tennessee, obligations of other states or instrumentalities thereof which are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's Global Ratings, interest bearing time or demand deposits, collateralized certificates of deposit in authorized state depositories, and repurchase agreements collateralized by authorized securities.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost.

Accrual of Interest Income

Interest on first mortgage loans receivable and investment securities is credited to income as earned and classified as interest receivable.

Mortgages

Mortgages are carried at their original amount less collected principal.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Secondary Market Mortgage Program

During fiscal year 2020, THDA implemented a secondary market mortgage program. In addition to the Mortgage Revenue Bond single-family mortgage products currently offered, THDA will purchase certain single-family mortgage loans from lenders with the intention of selling such mortgages on the secondary market. THDA intends to retain the servicing rights for these mortgages as a “seller/servicer.” To provide capital for this program, THDA has entered into a revolving Line of Credit facility, whereby funds are drawn from the Line of Credit provider to purchase such mortgage. THDA repays these funds when THDA sells the purchased loans on the secondary market.

Loans Held for Resale

Amounts reported as Loans Held for Resale represent mortgage loans that the Agency has the ability and intent to sell within the foreseeable future. These mortgages are carried at their original amount less collected principal.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The agency was created with the authority to issue bonds to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the agency into mortgage loans to certain qualified individuals and qualified housing sponsors. The agency’s primary operation is to borrow funds in the bond market and issue those funds to make single-family and multi-family loans. The primary operating revenue is the interest income on outstanding mortgages and the investment income from proceeds of bonds. The primary operating expense of the agency is the interest expense on bonds outstanding. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Allowance for Forgivable Second Mortgages

THDA has offered the Down Payment Assistance product for several years. Beginning in October 2014, THDA introduced an interest-free forgivable second mortgage loan, of which 100% of the original principal amount is repayable to THDA if the loan is repaid within 10 years of the origination date. Beginning on the 11th anniversary of the origination date, 20% of the original principal amount will be forgiven. The amount of forgiveness increases an additional 20% on the loan anniversary thereafter. On the 15th anniversary of the origination date, 100% of the original principal amount becomes forgiven. Beginning in April 2017 this product changed to 100% forgivable second mortgage loan for the 30-year term of the first mortgage. It is 100% repayable in the event the home is sold or refinanced or the owners move out of the home.

Because of the likelihood that some amount of the original amount will be forgiven in the course of time, or not recovered due to foreclosure, an allowance account has been established for those loans that may enter the forgivable period or for loss due to foreclosure. During fiscal year 2022, the agency determined that an amount of second mortgage down payment assistance loans are not expected to be recovered due to forgiveness or foreclosure. This amount was recorded as an allowance.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State of Tennessee Postemployment Benefit Trust (OPEB Trust), that services the Employee Group OPEB Plan (EGOP), and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Trust fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Trust. For this purpose, the OPEB Trust recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. This trust meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the agency's deposits may not be returned.

The laws of the State of Tennessee require that collateral be pledged to secure all uninsured deposits. The agency's bond resolutions require deposits to be fully secured.

The agency's deposits are in financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer, except as noted below. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

At June 30, 2022, the bank balance was \$39,803,253.96. This amount includes \$27,464,969.86, which is held in a taxes and insurance escrow account to pay taxes, insurance, and mortgage insurance premiums on the mortgagor's behalf related to THDA serviced loans; and \$277,632.47, which is held in a taxes and insurance escrow account to pay taxes, insurance, and mortgage insurance premiums on the mortgagor's behalf related to Freddie Mac serviced loans. All bank

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

balances at June 30, 2022, were insured. During fiscal year 2022, the Hardest Hit Fund ended and all relative Bank of New York Mellon accounts were closed.

Investments

As stated in the agency's investment policy, the "prudent man rule" shall be the standard of prudence used by all officials responsible for the investment of assets. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act in the management of his or her own affairs, with consideration of the safety of capital and the probability of income, and avoidance of speculative investments.

The agency's investment policy states that the agency's portfolios will be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The agency may invest 100% of its portfolio in U.S. government securities. A minimum of 5% of the daily fair market value of THDA total investments must mature within 5 years. No more than 50% of the daily fair market value of the combined portfolios can be invested in maturities greater than 15 years without approval of the Bond Finance Committee.

Portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentrations of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. It is the intent of this policy that sufficient investments be scheduled to mature to provide for the required liquidity for debt service and other expenditures per resolution requirements.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changing interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price.

| Investment Type | June 30, 2022 | |
|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Fair Value | Effective Duration (Years) |
| U.S. Agency Coupon | \$158,136,368 | 0.673 |
| U.S. Treasury Coupon | 5,731,366 | 1.065 |
| U.S. Agency Discount | 339,136,586 | 0.115 |
| Total | <u>\$503,004,320</u> | 0.302 |

Fair Value Measurements – THDA implemented GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB No. 72 was issued to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. THDA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

accepted in the United States of America. THDA has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022, (expressed in thousands):

| Assets by Fair Value Level | June 30, 2022 | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|---|
| | Total Assets at Fair Value | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| Debt securities | | | | |
| U.S. Agency Coupon | \$158,136 | \$ - | \$158,136 | \$ - |
| U.S. Treasury Coupon | 5,731 | 5,731 | - | - |
| U.S. Agency Discount | 339,137 | - | 339,137 | - |
| Total debt securities | \$503,004 | \$ 5,731 | \$497,273 | \$ - |

Assets classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical assets as those securities. Assets classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for similar assets as those securities. Level 3 valuations are derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Refer to the Investments section of Note 1 for further explanation of the agency's permitted investments. Credit quality ratings for the agency's investments as of June 30, 2022, are included in the schedules below. Securities are rated using Standard & Poor's and/or Moody's and are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

| Investment Type | Fair Value | June 30, 2022 | | | |
|----------------------|------------|----------------------------|------|-----------|------------------------|
| | | U.S. Treasury ¹ | AAA | AA+ | Not Rated ² |
| U.S. Agency Coupon | \$158,136 | \$ - | \$ - | \$158,136 | \$ - |
| U.S. Treasury Coupon | 5,731 | 5,731 | - | - | - |
| U.S. Agency Discount | 339,137 | - | - | - | 339,137 |
| Total | \$503,004 | \$5,731 | \$- | \$158,136 | \$339,137 |

In addition to these investments, the agency has \$98,786,871.01 invested in a money market fund. This fund is measured at amortized cost and has a Standard & Poor's rating of AAA.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the agency's investment in a single issuer.

¹ This column includes obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

² This column includes securities that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, but are not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

More than 5% of the agency's investments are invested in the following single issuers:

| Issuer | June 30, 2022 | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| | Fair Value (Thousands) | % of Portfolio |
| Federal Home Loan Bank | \$439,480 | 87.37 |
| Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. | \$ 27,333 | 5.43 |
| Federal National Mortgage Admin | \$ 30,459 | 6.06 |

GASB 79 Disclosures – During fiscal year 2016, THDA implemented GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The State of Tennessee, by law, requires that THDA participate in the State Pooled Investment Fund (SPIF). SPIF values financial instruments at amortized cost.

Note 3. Liabilities

Bonds Issued and Outstanding

Homeownership Program Bonds

| Series | Maturity Range | Issued Amount (Thousands) | Interest Rate (Percent) | Ending Balance 6/30/2022 (Thousands) |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 2012-1 | 1/1/2013 – 7/1/2042 | \$133,110 | 0.80 to 4.50 | \$- |
| 2012-2 | 7/1/2013 – 7/1/2043 | 97,625 | 0.50 to 4.00 | - |
| Total Homeownership Program Bonds | | \$230,735 | | \$- |
| Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums | | | | - |
| Net Homeownership Program Bonds | | | | \$- |

Housing Finance Program Bonds

| Series | Maturity Range | Issued Amount (Thousands) | Interest Rate (Percent) | Ending Balance 6/30/2022 (Thousands) |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 2015-A | 1/1/2016 – 7/1/2045 | \$150,000 | 0.30 to 3.85 | \$46,445 |
| Total Housing Finance Program Bonds | | \$150,000 | | \$46,445 |
| Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums | | | | 859 |
| Net Housing Finance Program Bonds | | | | \$47,304 |

Residential Finance Program Bonds

| Series | Maturity Range | Issued Amount (Thousands) | Interest Rate (Percent) | Ending Balance 6/30/2022 (Thousands) |
|--------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 2013-1 | 1/1/2014 – 7/1/2043 | \$ 215,905 | 0.40 to 4.00 | \$ 34,200 |
| 2013-2 | 7/1/2014 – 7/1/2043 | 121,300 | 0.45 to 4.65 | 28,030 |
| 2014-1 | 1/1/2015 – 7/1/2039 | 150,000 | 0.32 to 4.00 | 38,030 |
| 2014-2 | 7/1/2015 – 7/1/2045 | 150,000 | 0.25 to 4.00 | 48,530 |

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

| | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| 2015-1 | 1/1/2016 – 7/1/2045 | 150,000 | 0.50 to 4.05 | 51,940 |
| 2015-2 | 7/1/2016 – 1/1/2046 | 175,000 | 0.40 to 4.00 | 63,220 |
| 2016-1 | 1/1/2017 – 1/1/2047 | 125,000 | 0.625 to 3.50 | 55,800 |
| 2016-2 | 7/1/2017 – 1/1/2047 | 125,000 | 0.72 to 3.50 | 57,780 |
| 2016-3 | 7/1/2017 – 7/1/2031 | 62,000 | 1.00 to 3.50 | 14,625 |
| 2017-1 | 1/1/2018 – 7/1/2042 | 100,000 | 0.95 to 4.00 | 36,810 |
| 2017-2 | 1/1/2018 – 1/1/2042 | 175,000 | 0.90 to 4.00 | 83,880 |
| 2017-3 | 7/1/2018 – 1/1/2048 | 99,900 | 0.80 to 3.65 | 58,605 |
| 2017-4 | 7/1/2018 – 7/1/2048 | 99,900 | 0.95 to 4.00 | 60,895 |
| 2018-1 | 1/1/2019 – 1/1/2043 | 99,900 | 1.40 to 4.00 | 56,765 |
| 2018-2 | 1/1/2019 – 1/1/2049 | 160,000 | 1.75 to 4.00 | 96,635 |
| 2018-3 | 7/1/2019 – 7/1/2049 | 149,900 | 1.50 to 4.25 | 99,075 |
| 2018-4 | 7/1/2019 – 7/1/2049 | 225,000 | 1.875 to 4.50 | 141,225 |
| 2019-1 | 1/1/2020 – 1/1/2050 | 175,000 | 1.60 to 4.25 | 122,315 |
| 2019-2 | 1/1/2020 – 1/1/2048 | 200,000 | 1.40 to 4.00 | 148,675 |
| 2019-3 | 7/1/2020 – 1/1/2050 | 150,000 | 1.10 to 3.75 | 115,725 |
| 2019-4 | 7/1/2020 – 1/1/2050 | 200,000 | 1.20 to 3.50 | 155,780 |
| 2020-1 | 1/1/2021 – 7/1/2050 | 200,000 | 0.80 to 3.75 | 162,140 |
| 2020-2 | 1/1/2021 – 7/1/2040 | 108,500 | 1.08 to 4.00 | 63,945 |
| 2020-3 | 1/1/2021 – 7/1/2050 | 145,000 | 0.80 to 3.50 | 127,195 |
| 2020-4 | 7/1/2021 – 1/1/2051 | 145,000 | 1.50 to 3.00 | 134,940 |
| 2021-1 | 1/1/2022 – 7/1/2051 | 149,990 | 0.20 to 3.00 | 145,945 |
| 2021-2 | 7/1/2022 – 1/1/2052 | 99,990 | 0.125 to 3.00 | 99,370 |
| 2021-3 | 7/1/2022 – 1/1/2052 | 170,000 | 0.20 to 3.00 | 90,820 |
| 2022-1 | 1/1/2023 – 7/1/2052 | 175,000 | 1.25 to 5.00 | 175,000 |
| 2022-2 | 1/1/2023 – 1/1/2053 | 149,990 | 1.75 to 5.00 | 149,990 |
| Total Residential Finance Program Bonds | | | | \$2,717,885 |
| Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums | | | | 67,182 |
| Subtract: Unamortized Bond Discount | | | | (342) |
| Net Residential Finance Program Bonds | | | | <u>\$2,784,725</u> |
| Net Total All Bonds | | | | <u>\$2,832,029</u> |

Housing Finance Program Bonds – The Housing Finance Program Bonds were established on December 23, 2009, to allow the agency to participate in the U.S. Department of Treasury New Issue Bond Program, which was created to assist state and local housing finance agencies in acquiring cost-effective mortgage loan capital. THDA could release funds from issue 2009-B up to six times before December 31, 2011.

The first release and conversion from 2009-B was on June 17, 2010, in the amount of \$85,290,000. The \$85,290,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-A bonds in the amount of \$74,710,000 for a total of \$160,000,000.

The second release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 10, 2010, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The third release and conversion from 2009-B was on April 14, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-A bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fourth release and conversion from 2009-B was on August 25, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fifth and final release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 3, 2011, in the amount of \$34,710,000. The \$34,710,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-C bonds in the amount of \$65,290,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

As of June 30, 2021, all bonds related to Treasury New Issue Bond Program have been redeemed.

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2022, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

| For the Year(s) Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total Requirements |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 2023 | \$ 13,280 | \$ 82,366 | \$ 95,646 |
| 2024 | 106,905 | 86,676 | 193,581 |
| 2025 | 109,000 | 84,358 | 193,358 |
| 2026 | 111,295 | 81,802 | 193,097 |
| 2027 | 109,160 | 78,989 | 188,149 |
| 2028 – 2032 | 552,360 | 347,745 | 900,105 |
| 2033 – 2037 | 461,040 | 269,713 | 730,753 |
| 2038 – 2042 | 495,780 | 191,498 | 687,278 |
| 2043 – 2047 | 477,090 | 107,607 | 584,697 |
| 2048 – 2052 | 315,175 | 27,837 | 343,012 |
| 2053 | 13,245 | 412 | 13,657 |
| Total | \$2,764,330 | \$1,359,003 | \$4,123,333 |

The agency's bond resolutions govern the outstanding bonds payable for all bond programs in the amount of \$2,764,330 (expressed in thousands). The bond resolutions contain a provision that in an event of default, the trustee can declare all bonds due and payable and can sell program loans and investment securities for payments to bondholders.

The outstanding bonds payable of \$2,764,330 (expressed in thousands) are secured by a pledge of all assets in each of the respective bond resolutions.

The Agency has a line of credit in the amount of \$75,000,000. The unused portion as of June 30, 2022, is \$73,567,715.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Redemption of Bonds and Notes

During the year ended June 30, 2022, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$8,980,000; in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$15,500,000; and in the Residential Finance Program in the amount of \$521,055,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$9,155,607; \$15,793,778; and \$531,241,487. This resulted in revenue to the Homeownership Program of \$175,607; to the Housing Finance Program of \$293,778; and to the Residential Finance Program of \$10,186,487.

On September 30, 2021, the agency issued \$99,990,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2021-2.

On December 16, 2021, the agency issued \$170,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2021-3. On January 1, 2022, the agency used \$50,820,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$50,820,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$50,820,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$2,155,643 over the next 21.0 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3,570,372.

On April 26, 2022, the agency issued \$175,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2022-1. On May 1, 2022, the agency used \$79,180,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Residential Finance Program Bonds (this amount consists of \$79,180,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$79,180,000. The refunding increased the agency's debt service by \$42,612,323 over the next 30 years, and the agency realized an economic loss (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$1,888,731.

On June 22, 2022, the agency issued \$149,990,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2022-2.

Long-term Liability Activity

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 (expressed in thousands).

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

| Long Term Liability | Beginning Balance July 1, 2021 | Additions | Reductions | Ending Balance June 30, 2022 | Amounts Due Within One Year ³ |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Bonds Payable | \$2,845,645 | \$594,980 | (\$676,295) | \$2,764,330 | \$81,685 |
| Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums | 64,126 | 17,113 | (13,198) | 68,041 | - |
| Less: Unamortized Bond Discounts | (367) | (0) | 25 | (342) | - |
| Compensated Absences | 1,867 | 1,417 | (1,368) | 1,916 | 906 |
| Escrow Deposits | 40,787 | 125,216 | (133,155) | 32,848 | 19,170 |
| Unearned Revenue | 17,162 | 159,578 | (15,126) | 161,614 | - |
| Arbitrage Rebate Payable | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | \$2,969,220 | \$898,304 | (\$839,117) | \$3,028,407 | \$101,761 |

Note 4. Restricted Net Position

The amount shown on the statement of net position as Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is contractually pledged, under the bond resolutions of the agency, to the owners of the bonds issued under such bond resolutions. As pledged assets, the contractual provisions of the bond resolutions restrict the use of such assets. However, the assets may be removed from the lien of the bond resolutions if certain parity tests, as established by the respective bond resolutions, are satisfied. Assets removed from the lien of the respective bond resolutions may be used for other purposes.

The amount shown as Restricted for Grant Programs represents unexpended grant money that has been awarded to grantees through various grant programs administered by the agency.

The amount shown as Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program represents the amount of net position restricted for a pilot program that funds zero interest loans for down payment and closing costs. The use of this net position is restricted under legislation enacted in fiscal year 1986.

Note 5. Pension Plans

Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan description – State employees and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014, are provided with pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan. This plan is a component of the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan stopped accepting new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and

³Amounts due within one year include management-authorized bond refundings at June 30.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, a new agent defined benefit retirement plan, the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, became effective for state employees and higher education employees hired on or after July 1, 2014.

The TCRS was created by state statute under Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <https://treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies>.

Benefits provided – Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined using the following formula:

| | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------|---|-------------------------|---|------|
| Average of Member's Highest Compensation for 5 Consecutive Years (up to Social Security Integration Level) | x | 1.50% | x | Years of Service Credit | x | 105% |
| Plus: | | | | | | |
| Average of Member's Highest Compensation for 5 Consecutive Years (over Social Security Integration Level) | x | 1.75% | x | Years of Service Credit | x | 105% |

A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 and vested. Members are vested with 5 years of service credit. Service-related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service-related disability eligibility. The service-related and non-service-related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10% and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to July 2 of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3%, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than 0.5%. A 1% COLA is granted if the CPI change is between 0.5% and 1%. Members who leave employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Contributions – Contributions for state employees and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. THDA employees are non-contributory, as are most members in the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan. State and higher education agencies make employer

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan are required to be paid. Employer contributions by THDA for the year ended June 30, 2022, to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan were \$1,809,322. Additional contributions of \$1,057,851 were made to the pension plan by the State of Tennessee on behalf of the agency. The employer rate is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Negative Pension Expense), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension asset – At June 30, 2022, THDA reported an asset of \$2,565,961 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. THDA's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the proportion of THDA's contributions during the year ended June 30, 2021, to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating state and higher education agencies. At the June 30, 2021, measurement date, THDA's proportion was 0.419379%. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2020, was 0.434725%.

Pension expense (negative pension expense) – For the year ended June 30, 2022, THDA recognized a negative pension expense of \$387,760.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources – For the year ended June 30, 2022, THDA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (expressed in thousands):

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 55 | \$ 626 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | 8,906 |
| Change in proportionate share of net asset or liability | 40 | 205 |
| Changes in assumptions | 2,711 | - |
| Tennessee Housing Development Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 | 2,867 | - |
| Total | \$5,673 | \$9,737 |

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources, resulting from THDA's employer contributions of \$2,867 thousand subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition in net pension asset in the following measurement period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows: (expressed in thousands):

| Year Ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|-----------|
| 2023 | \$(1,265) |
| 2024 | (1,153) |
| 2025 | (2,109) |
| 2026 | (2,404) |
| 2027 | - |
| Thereafter | - |

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Inflation | 2.25% |
| Salary increases | Graded salary ranges from 3.44% to 8.72% based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00% |
| Investment rate of return | 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation |
| Cost-of-living adjustment | 2.125% |

Mortality rates were based on customized tables based on actual experience, including a projection of mortality improvement using Scale MP-2020, with generational projection.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020. As a result of the 2020 actuarial experience study, investment and demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2020, actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding the expected inflation of 2.25%. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return | Target Allocation |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| U.S. equity | 4.88% | 31% |
| Developed market international equity | 5.37% | 14% |
| Emerging market international equity | 6.09% | 4% |
| Private equity and strategic lending | 6.57% | 20% |
| U.S. fixed income | 1.20% | 20% |
| Real estate | 4.38% | 10% |
| Short-term securities | 0.00% | 1% |
| | | 100% |

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 6.75% based on a blend of historical market returns and future capital market projections.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from all state and higher education agencies will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate – The following presents THDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what THDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (5.75%) | Current Discount Rate (6.75%) | 1% Increase (7.75%) |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$6,777,667 | \$(2,565,961) | \$(10,410,016) |

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report at <https://treasury.tn.gov/tcrs>.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, THDA reported a payable of \$70,027 for the outstanding amount of legally required contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan description – State and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014, are provided with pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. TCRS is a multiple-employer pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan was closed effective June 30, 2014, and covers employees hired before July 1, 2014. Employees hired after June 30, 2014, are provided with pensions through a legally separate plan referred to as the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*.

The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <https://treasury.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies>.

Benefits provided – Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are eligible to retire at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member’s age and years of service credit total 90. Members are entitled to receive unreduced service retirement benefits, which are determined by a formula multiplying the member’s highest 5 consecutive years’ average compensation by 1.0% multiplied by the member’s years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 80 in which the member’s age and years of service credit total 80. Service-related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service-related disability eligibility. The service-related and non-service-related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10% and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to July 2 of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

calendar year, capped at 3%, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than 0.5%. A 1% COLA is granted if the CPI change is between 0.5% and 1%. Members who leave employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLAs, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

Contributions – Contributions for state and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5% of their salary. THDA makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are required to be paid. Employer contributions by THDA for the year ended June 30, 2022, to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan were \$182,103, which is 1.86% of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension asset – At June 30, 2022, THDA reported an asset of \$568,677 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. THDA's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of THDA's contributions during the year ended June 30, 2021, to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating state and higher education agencies. At the June 30, 2021, measurement date, THDA's proportion was 0.671032%. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2020, was 0.653018%.

Pension expense – For the year ended June 30, 2022, THDA recognized a pension expense of \$55,154.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources – For the year ended June 30, 2022, THDA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (expressed in thousands):

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

| | <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> | <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> |
|--|---|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 14 | \$ 67 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | 324 |
| Changes in proportion of net asset | 11 | 128 |
| Changes in assumptions | 164 | - |
| Tennessee Housing Development Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 | 182 | - |
| Total | <u>\$371</u> | <u>\$519</u> |

Deferred outflows of resources, resulting from THDA's employer contributions of \$182,103 subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the following measurement period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (expressed in thousands):

| <u>Year Ended June 30:</u> | |
|----------------------------|------|
| 2023 | (84) |
| 2024 | (82) |
| 2025 | (81) |
| 2026 | (89) |
| 2027 | (3) |
| Thereafter | 9 |

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Inflation | 2.25% |
| Salary increases | Graded salary ranges from 3.44% to 8.72% based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00% |

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Investment rate of return | 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation |
| Cost-of-living adjustment | 2.125% |

Mortality rates were based on customized tables based on actual experience, including a projection of mortality improvement using Scale MP-2020, with generational projection.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020. As a result of the 2020 actuarial experience study, investment and demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2020, actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding the expected inflation of 2.25%. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return | Target Allocation |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| U.S. equity | 4.88% | 31% |
| Developed market international equity | 5.37% | 14% |
| Emerging market international equity | 6.09% | 4% |
| Private equity and strategic lending | 6.57% | 20% |
| U.S. fixed income | 1.20% | 20% |
| Real estate | 4.38% | 10% |
| Short-term securities | 0.00% | 1% |
| | | 100% |

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 6.75% based on a blend of historical market returns and future capital market projections.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and to cover administrative expenses. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension asset to changes in the discount rate – The following presents THDA's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what THDA's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (5.75%) | Current Discount Rate (6.75%) | 1% Increase (7.75%) |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$87,863 | \$(568,677) | \$(1,065,035) |

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, THDA reported a payable of \$7,710 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Total Defined Benefit Pension Expense

The total pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022, for both defined benefit pension plans was \$(332,606).

Note 6. Deferred Compensation Plans

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency, through the State of Tennessee, offers employees two deferred compensation plans, one established pursuant to Internal Revenue Code (IRC), Section 457, and the other pursuant to IRC, Section 401(k). The plans are outsourced to third-party vendors, and the administrative costs assessed by the vendors of these plans are the responsibility of plan participants. Section 401(k) and Section 457 plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees; therefore, they are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Sections 401(k) and 457 establish participation, contribution, and withdrawal provisions for the plans. Participation in the 457 plan is voluntary for employees. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency provides up to a \$50 monthly employer match for employees who participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Employees hired before July 1, 2014, voluntarily participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Pursuant to Public Chapter No. 259 of the Public Acts of 2013, employees hired after June 30, 2014, are automatically enrolled in the state's 401(k) plan and contribute 2% of their salary with the employer contributing an additional non-matching 5%. Employees may opt out of the 2% auto enrollment. Such contribution rates may only be amended

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

by the Tennessee General Assembly. There are certain automatic cost controls and unfunded liability controls in the defined benefit plan where the employees participate that may impact the non-matching 5% employer contribution to the 401(k) plan.

Employees are immediately vested in both the employee and employer contributions in both plans. The IRC establishes maximum limits that an employee can contribute to these plans. The employee may increase, decrease, or stop contributions at any time for either plan.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency recognized a pension expense of \$619,437 for employer contributions.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency recognized a pension payable of 26,422 for employer contributions.

Note 7. Provisions for Mortgage Loan Losses

Most mortgage loans are insured by the Federal Housing Administration, an approved private mortgage insurance company, or are guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The agency's board of directors has established a loan loss reserve of \$750,000 as a provision for potential loan losses arising from participation in the Rural Economic and Community Development Loan Guarantee Program. An additional \$232,000 was established as a loan loss reserve against potential losses on loans not specifically covered by one of the above programs, and \$500,000 was established as a loan loss reserve for self-insurance of second mortgages.

Since the amount of net position restricted for single-family bond programs exceeds the amounts necessary for these loan loss reserves, it is not necessary to designate unrestricted net position for this purpose.

Note 8. Insurance-Related Activities

Commercial Insurance

The agency carries commercial insurance for risks of loss related to employee dishonesty; general liability protection; and theft of, damage to, or destruction of real and personal property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Risk Management Fund

It is the policy of the state not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks associated with casualty losses for general liability, automobile liability, professional medical malpractice, and workers' compensation. The state's management believes it is more economical to manage these risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Risk

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Management Fund (RMF). The state purchases commercial insurance for real property; crime and fidelity coverage on the state's officials and employees; and cyber liability coverage. For property coverage, the deductible for an individual state agency is the first \$25,000 to \$75,000 of losses based on a tiered deductible system that accounts for averaged losses over a three-year period and the type of loss. The RMF is responsible for property losses for the annual aggregate deductible of \$7.5 million for perils other than earthquake and flood. Purchased insurance coverage is responsible for losses exceeding the \$7.5 million annual aggregate deductible. For earthquake, named storm, wind/hail, and flood, there is a deductible of \$10 million per occurrence. The maximum insurance coverage was \$600 million for perils other than earthquake and flood. The maximum flood insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence, except there is only \$25 million of coverage in flood zones A and V. The maximum earthquake insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence, except there is only \$25 million of coverage in the New Madrid Zone. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the three past fiscal years.

The agency participates in the Risk Management Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on a percentage of the agency's expected loss costs, which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of fiscal year-end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation. Information regarding the determination of the claims liabilities and the changes in the balances of the claims liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022, is presented in the *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* (ACFR). The ACFR is available on the state's website at <https://www.tn.gov/finance/rd-doa/fa-accfin-ar.html>. Since the agency participates in the Risk Management Fund, it is subject to the liability limitations under the provisions of the Tennessee Claims Commission Act, Section 9-8-101 et seq., *Tennessee Code Annotated*. Liability for negligence of the agency for bodily injury and property damage is limited to \$300,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The limits of liability under workers' compensation are set forth in Section 50-6-101 et seq., *Tennessee Code Annotated*. Claims are paid through the state's Risk Management Fund. At June 30, 2022, the Risk Management Fund held \$245 million in cash designated for payment of claims.

Employee Group Insurance Fund

The state has also set aside assets in the Employee Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the state with the risk retained by the state. The agency participates in the Employee Group Insurance Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including the cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Note 9. Other-Postemployment Benefits OPEB

Closed State Employee Group OPEB Plan

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan description – Employees of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, who were hired prior to July 1, 2015, and choose coverage, are provided with pre-65 retiree health insurance benefits through the closed State Employee Group OPEB Plan (EGOP) administered by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration. This plan is considered to be a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). This plan is closed to the employees of all participating employers that were hired on or after July 1, 2015. The employers participating in this plan include the primary government, the Tennessee Student Assistance Corporation, the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, the University of Tennessee, and the institutions that make up the State University and Community College System. The State of Tennessee Postemployment Benefits Trust (OPEB Trust) was established to accumulate resources to pay for the retiree benefits of EGOP participants. The OPEB Trust prepares a stand-alone financial report that can be found at <https://www.tn.gov/finance/rd-doa/opeb22121.html>.

Benefits provided – The EGOP is offered to provide health insurance coverage to eligible retired and disabled participants and is the only postemployment benefit provided to eligible pre-65 participants. Benefits are established and amended by an insurance committee created by Title 8, Chapter 27, Part 201, *Tennessee Code Annotated*. All retirees and disabled employees of the primary government and certain component units, who are eligible and choose coverage, and who have not yet reached the age of 65 are enrolled in this plan. All members have the option of choosing between the premier preferred provider organization (PPO) plan, standard preferred provider organization (PPO) plan or the wellness health savings consumer-driven health plan (CDHP) for healthcare benefits. Retired plan members receive the same plan benefits as active employees, at a blended premium rate that considers the cost of active and retired employees. This creates an implicit subsidy for the retirees. The retirees' cost is then directly subsidized by the employers based on years of service. Therefore, retirees with 30 years of service are subsidized 80%; 20 but less than 30 years, 70%; and less than 20 years, 60%.

Contributions – Annually, an insurance committee, created in accordance with Title 8, Chapter 27, Part 201, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, establishes the required contributions to the plan by member employees through the premiums established to approximate claims cost for the year. Pre-age 65 retired members of the EGOP pay a premium based on a blended rate that considers the cost of active and retired employees as well as their individual years of service. Therefore, retirees pay either 20%, 30%, 40%, or 100% of the appropriate premium rate. These payments are deposited into the OPEB Trust. Employers contribute to the OPEB Trust based on an actuarially determined contribution (ADC) rate calculated in a manner to meet the funding goals of the state. The total ADC rate for plan employers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was \$126.301 million. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency share of the ADC was \$290 thousand. During the fiscal year the Tennessee Housing Development Agency contributed \$130 thousand to the OPEB Trust.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The state's General Assembly has the authority to change the contribution requirements for the employers participating in the EGOP. The primary government made payments on behalf of Tennessee Housing Development Agency in the amount of \$205 thousand.

Net OPEB Liability

Proportionate share – The Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability related to the EGOP was \$1.2 million. At the June 30, 2021, measurement date, THDA's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.166138%. The proportion existing at the prior measurement date was 0.165964%. This resulted in a change in proportion of (0.000174%) between the current and prior measurement dates. Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected share of contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The collective total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation with a valuation date of June 30, 2021, and a measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions – The collective total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| | |
|--|--|
| Inflation | 2.25% |
| Salary increases | Graded salary ranges from 3.44% to 8.72% based on age, including inflation, averaging 4% |
| Healthcare cost trend rates | 7.36% for 2022, decreasing annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2029 and later years |
| Retiree's share of benefit-related costs | Members are required to make monthly contributions in order to maintain their coverage. For the purpose of this valuation, a weighted average has been used with weights derived from the current distribution of members among plans offered. |

Unless noted otherwise, the actuarial demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuations were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2021, Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) for Group I employees. These assumptions were developed by TCRS based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience. Mortality tables are used to measure the probabilities of participants dying before and after retirement. The mortality rates employed in this valuation are taken from the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee mortality table for General Employees for non-disabled pre-retirement mortality, with mortality improvement projected generationally with MP-2020 from 2010. Post-retirement tables are Headcount-

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Weighted Below Median Healthy Annuitant and adjusted with a 6% load for males and a 14% load for females, projected generationally from 2010 with MP-2020. Mortality rates for impaired lives are the same as those used by TCRS and are taken from a gender distinct table published in the IRS Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10% load, projected generationally from 2018 with MP-2020.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return of 6% on the OPEB Trust investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Title 8, Chapter 27, Part 802, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, establishes the responsibility of the trustees to adopt written investment policies authorizing how assets in the OPEB Trust may be invested and reinvested by the State Treasurer. The treasurer may invest trust assets in any security or investment in which the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) is permitted to invest, provided that investments by the OPEB Trust shall be governed by the investment policies and guidelines adopted by the trustees. Any changes to the investment policy will be the responsibility of the established trustees. The OPEB Trust investment policy target asset allocation and allocation range for each major asset class is summarized in the following table:

| <u>Asset Class</u> | <u>Allocation Range</u> | | <u>Target Allocation</u> |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| | <u>Minimum</u> | <u>Maximum</u> | |
| Equities | 25% | 80% | 53% |
| Fixed income and short-term securities | 20% | 50% | 25% |
| Real estate | 0% | 20% | 10% |
| Private equity and strategic lending | 0% | 20% | 7% |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 0% | 25% | <u>5%</u> |
| | | | <u>100%</u> |

The best estimates of geometric real rates of return for reach major asset class included in the OPEB Trust target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

| <u>Asset Class</u> | <u>Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return</u> |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| U.S. equity | 4.10% |
| Developed market international equity | 4.81% |
| Emerging market international equity | 5.33% |
| Cash (government) | (0.22%) |
| Private equity and strategic lending | 3.71% |
| U.S. fixed income | 0.32% |
| Real estate | 2.91% |

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6%. This is the same rate used at the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the ADC rates. For this purpose, only member contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Trust fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Trust investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in assumptions – The long-term inflation rate was increased from 2.1% to 2.25%. Other changes in assumptions include changes made to the medical and drug trend rates, and coverage and acceptance rates to reflect more recent experience and subsidy amounts. Also, changes in retirement, withdrawal, and mortality rates were made to match those provided by TCRS. The net change in liability as a result of these changes is not considered significant.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the EGOP, as well as what the proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7%) than the current discount rate (expressed in thousands).

| | 1% Decrease (5%) | Discount Rate (6%) | 1% Increase (7%) |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability | \$1,335 | \$1,185 | \$1,043 |

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate – The following presents Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the EGOP, as well as what the proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.36% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.36% decreasing to 5.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate (expressed in thousands).

| | 1% Decrease (6.36% decreasing to 3.5%) | Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (7.36% decreasing to 4.5%) | 1% Increase (8.36% decreasing to 5.5%) |
|---|---|--|---|
| Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability | \$981 | \$1,185 | \$1,419 |

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB Expense – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Tennessee Housing Development Agency recognized negative OPEB expense of \$226 thousand.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB paid by the EGOP from the following sources (expressed in thousands):

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between actual and expected experience | \$ - | \$ 113 |
| Changes of assumptions | 78 | 292 |
| Net difference between actual and projected investment earnings | - | 82 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between benefits paid and proportionate share of benefits paid | - | 1,124 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 130 | - |
| Total | <u>\$208</u> | <u>\$1,611</u> |

The amounts shown above for “contributions subsequent to the measurement date” will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB paid by the EGOP will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (expressed in thousands):

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| For the year ended June 30: | |
| 2023 | \$(374) |
| 2024 | (374) |
| 2025 | (374) |
| 2026 | (361) |
| 2027 | (48) |
| Thereafter | (2) |

In the tables above, positive amounts will increase OPEB expense while negative amounts will decrease OPEB expense.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Closed Tennessee OPEB Plan

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan description – Employees of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, who were hired prior to July 1, 2015, and choose coverage, are provided with post-65 retiree health insurance benefits through the Closed Tennessee OPEB Plan (TNP) administered by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration. This plan is considered to be a multiple-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). However, for accounting purposes, this plan will be treated as a single-employer plan. This plan is closed to the employees of all participating employers that were hired on or after July 1, 2015. The State of Tennessee (primary government) as well as the Tennessee Student Assistance Corporation, the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, the University of Tennessee, and the other institutions that make up the State University and Community College System also participate in this plan. This plan also serves eligible post-65 retirees of employers who participate in the state-administered Teacher Group Insurance and Local Government Insurance Plans.

Benefits provided – The TNP is offered to help fill most of the coverage gaps created by Medicare and is the only postemployment benefit provided to eligible post-65 retired and disabled employees of participating employers. This plan does not include pharmacy. In accordance with Title 8, Chapter 27, Part 209, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, benefits are established and amended by cooperation of insurance committees created by Title 8, Chapter 27, Parts 201, 301, and 701, *Tennessee Code Annotated*. Retirees and disabled employees of the state, component units, local education agencies, and certain local governments who have reached the age of 65, are Medicare eligible and also receive a benefit from the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System may participate in this plan. All plan members receive the same plan benefits at the same premium rates. Many retirees receive direct subsidies toward their premium cost; however, participating employers determine their own policy in this regard. The primary government contributes to the premiums of component unit retirees based on years of service. Therefore, retirees with 30 years of service receive \$50 per month; 20 but less than 30 years, \$37.50; and 15 but less than 20 years, \$25. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency does not provide any subsidies for retirees in the TNP. The primary government paid \$10,325 for OPEB as the benefits came due during the reporting period. This plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, and there are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

In accordance with Title 8, Chapter 27, Part 209, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, the state insurance committees established by Title 8, Chapter 27, Parts 201, 301, and 701, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, determine the required payments to the plan by member employers and employees. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs are allocated to plan participants. Employers contribute toward employee costs based on their own developed policies.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

Proportionate share – The primary government is entirely responsible for the Closed Tennessee OPEB Plan liability associated with the Tennessee Housing Development Agency’s employees. The primary government’s proportionate share of the total OPEB liability associated with the Tennessee Housing Development Agency was \$352 thousand. At the June 30, 2021, measurement date, the proportion of the collective total OPEB liability associated with the Tennessee Housing Development Agency was 0.1980%. This represents a change of 0.0134% from the prior proportion of 0.2114%. The proportion of the collective total OPEB liability associated with the Tennessee Housing Development Agency was based on a projection of the long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected share of contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The collective total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation with a valuation date of June 30, 2021, and a measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Inflation | 2.25% |
| Salary increases | Graded salary ranges from 3.44% to 8.72% based on age, including inflation, averaging 4% |
| Healthcare cost trend rates | The premium subsidies provided to retirees in the Closed Tennessee OPEB Plan are assumed to remain unchanged for the entire projection; therefore, trend rates are not applicable. |

Unless noted otherwise, the actuarial demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuations were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2021, pension actuarial valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) for Group I employees. These assumptions were developed by TCRS based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience. Mortality tables are used to measure the probabilities of participants dying before and after retirement. The mortality rates employed in this valuation are taken from the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee mortality table for General Employees for non-disabled pre-retirement mortality, with mortality improvement projected generationally with MP-2020 from 2010. Post-retirement tables are Headcount-Weighted Below Median Healthy Annuitant and adjusted with a 6% load for males and a 14% load for females, projected generationally from 2010 with MP-2020. Mortality rates for impaired lives are the same as those used by TCRS and are taken from a gender distinct table published in the IRS Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10% load, projected generationally from 2018 with MP-2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.16%. This rate reflects the interest rate derived from yields on 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds, prevailing on the measurement date, with an average rating of AA/Aa as shown on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Municipal GO AA index.

Sensitivity of proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the primary government's proportionate share of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's related collective total OPEB liability, as well as what the proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency does not report a proportionate share of the OPEB liability for the employees in the TNP (expressed in thousands).

| | 1% Decrease (1.16%) | Discount Rate (2.16%) | 1% Increase (3.16%) |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Primary government's share of the collective total OPEB liability | \$407 | \$352 | \$307 |

OPEB Expense – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the primary government recognized OPEB expense of \$13 thousand for employees of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency participating in the TNP.

Total OPEB Expense – The total negative OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$213 thousand, which consisted of negative OPEB expense of \$226 thousand for the EGOP and \$13 thousand paid by the primary government for the TNP.

Note 10. On-Behalf Payments

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the State of Tennessee made payments of \$10,325 on behalf of THDA for retirees participating in the Closed Tennessee OPEB Plan and payments of \$205,122 on behalf of THDA for retirees participating in the Closed State Employee Group OPEB Plan. The Closed Tennessee OPEB Plan is a postemployment benefit healthcare plan and is discussed further in Note 9. The plan is reported in the *Tennessee Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*.

Note 11. Payments to Primary Government

From time to time, the State of Tennessee has called upon the agency and its resources, together with resources of other departments, agencies, and organizations in state government, to provide funds to the State General Fund to balance the state budget. The following is a description of these occurrences in relationship to the agency. On June 30, 1995, \$15,000,000 from the agency's Housing Program Reserve Fund was transferred to the State General Fund. On June 30, 1998,

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

\$43,000,000 was transferred from the agency to the State General Fund. The \$43,000,000 transferred from the agency came from the following resources of the agency: (i) \$15,459,157 from tax revenues previously directed to the Housing Program Fund; (ii) \$5,028,761 from the Housing Program Reserve Fund; and (iii) \$22,512,082 from the Assets Fund. On June 30, 2002, a transfer from the agency to the primary government in the amount of \$35,367,449 was made from the Assets Fund for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements of funding the operations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2002.

Note 12. Subsequent Events

Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2022-3, were sold on October 27, 2022. The bond maturities are as follows:

| Series | Maturity Range | Issued Amount | Interest Rate (<i>Percent</i>) |
|--------|---------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 2022-3 | 7/1/2023 – 1/1/2053 | \$160,000,000 | 3.00 – 5.50 |

Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2023-1, were authorized by the board of directors on November 15, 2022, not to exceed \$200,000,000. The sale of the bonds will occur no later than June 30, 2023.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of THDA's Proportionate Share
of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan Within TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | THDA's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | THDA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) | THDA's Covered Payroll | Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability |
|------|---|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| 2022 | 0.419379% | \$(2,566) | \$8,852 | (28.99%) | 103.30% |
| 2021 | 0.434725% | 7,122 | 9,623 | 74.01% | 90.58% |
| 2020 | 0.445278% | 6,288 | 10,040 | 62.63% | 91.67% |
| 2019 | 0.433148% | 6,997 | 10,024 | 69.80% | 90.26% |
| 2018 | 0.427994% | 7,659 | 10,268 | 74.60% | 88.88% |
| 2017 | 0.419391% | 7,652 | 10,240 | 74.73% | 87.96% |
| 2016 | 0.421046% | 5,429 | 10,994 | 49.38% | 91.26% |
| 2015 | 0.429581% | 2,964 | 11,601 | 25.55% | 95.11% |

To correspond with the measurement date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of THDA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset
State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan Within TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | THDA's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset | THDA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset | THDA's Covered Payroll | Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability |
|------|--|---|------------------------------|---|--|
| 2022 | 0.671032% | \$569 | \$8,496 | 6.69% | 121.71% |
| 2021 | 0.653018% | 230 | 7,475 | 3.08% | 112.90% |
| 2020 | 0.628303% | 261 | 5,893 | 4.42% | 122.36% |
| 2019 | 0.198493% | 77 | 4,410 | 1.74% | 132.39% |
| 2018 | 0.170803% | 35 | 3,068 | 1.15% | 131.51% |
| 2017 | 0.391715% | 33 | 1,661 | 1.99% | 130.56% |
| 2016 | 0.457171% | 13 | 498 | 2.60% | 142.55% |

To correspond with the measurement date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of THDA's Contributions
Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan Within TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | THDA's Contractually Determined Contributions | THDA's Contributions in Relation to Contractually Determined Contribution | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | THDA's Covered Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of THDA's Covered Payroll |
|------|--|--|--|------------------------------|---|
| 2022 | \$1,809 | \$2,867 | \$(1,058) | \$ 8,826 | 32.49% |
| 2021 | 1,791 | 1,791 | - | 8,852 | 20.23% |
| 2020 | 1,892 | 1,892 | - | 9,623 | 19.66% |
| 2019 | 1,931 | 1,931 | - | 10,040 | 19.23% |
| 2018 | 1,891 | 1,891 | - | 10,024 | 18.87% |
| 2017 | 1,542 | 1,542 | - | 10,268 | 15.02% |
| 2016 | 1,539 | 1,539 | - | 10,240 | 15.03% |
| 2015 | 1,652 | 1,652 | - | 10,994 | 15.03% |
| 2014 | 1,744 | 1,744 | - | 11,601 | 15.03% |
| 2013 | 1,693 | 1,693 | - | 11,264 | 15.03% |

Notes to Schedule:

To correspond with the reporting date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the stated fiscal year.

Additional contributions were made to the plan by the State of Tennessee on behalf of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2022.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of THDA's Contributions
State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan Within TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | THDA's Contractually Determined Contributions | THDA's Contributions in Relation to Contractually Determined Contribution | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | THDA's Covered Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of THDA's Covered Payroll |
|------|--|--|--|------------------------------|---|
| 2022 | \$182 | \$182 | - | \$9,790 | 1.86% |
| 2021 | 153 | 153 | - | 8,496 | 1.80% |
| 2020 | 129 | 129 | - | 7,475 | 1.73% |
| 2019 | 98 | 98 | - | 5,893 | 1.66% |
| 2018 | 57 | 57 | - | 4,410 | 1.29% |
| 2017 | 35 | 35 | - | 3,068 | 1.14% |
| 2016 | 47 | 47 | - | 1,661 | 2.81% |
| 2015 | 19 | 19 | - | 498 | 3.82% |

Notes to Schedule:

To correspond with the reporting date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the stated fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule; however, contributions to this plan began in 2015. Years will be added to this schedule in future years until 10 years of information is available.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of THDA's Proportionate Share
of the Collective Total/Net OPEB Liability
Closed State Employee Group OPEB Plan

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | Employer Proportion of the Collective Total/Net OPEB Liability | Employer Proportionate Share of the Collective Total/Net OPEB Liability | Covered- Employee Payroll | Employer Proportionate Share of the Collective Total/Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll | OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability |
|------|--|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| 2022 | 0.166138% | \$1,185 | \$9,229 | 12.84% | 39.00% |
| 2021 | 0.165964% | 1,389 | 9,903 | 14.03% | 25.20% |
| 2020 | 0.173646% | 1,653 | 8,999 | 18.37% | 18.00% |
| 2019 | 0.241928% | 3,351 | 9,720 | 34.47% | - |
| 2018 | 0.266480% | 3,578 | 10,046 | 35.62% | - |

Notes to the Schedule

During fiscal year 2019, the EGOP transitioned from a pay-as-you-go OPEB plan to a prefunding arrangement where assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust and benefits are paid from that trust. The transition resulted in a significant increase to the discount rate from 3.6% to 6%. This change was reflected in the June 30, 2020, reporting period due to the one-year lookback on OPEB measurement.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

This schedule is intended to display 10 years of information; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of THDA's Proportionate Share
of Collective Total OPEB Liability
Closed Tennessee OPEB Plan

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | Employer Proportion of the Collective Total OPEB Liability | Primary Government Proportionate Share of the Collective Total OPEB Liability | Primary Government Total OPEB Liability Associated With THDA | Covered- Employee payroll |
|------|--|---|---|------------------------------|
| 2022 | 0.00% | \$352 | \$352 | \$ 9,625 |
| 2021 | 0.00% | 436 | 436 | 10,020 |
| 2020 | 0.00% | 345 | 345 | 10,457 |
| 2019 | 0.00% | 311 | 311 | 9,529 |
| 2018 | 0.00% | 339 | 339 | 10,005 |

Notes to the Schedule

There are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 related to this OPEB plan.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

This schedule is intended to display 10 years of information. Additional years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of THDA's Contributions to the
Closed State Employee Group OPEB Plan

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | Actuarially Determined Contribution | Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | Covered- Employee Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll |
|------|---|--|--|---------------------------------|--|
| 2022 | \$290 | \$130 | \$160 | \$8,872 | 1.48% |
| 2021 | 362 | 139 | 223 | 9,229 | 1.51% |
| 2020 | 415 | 142 | 273 | 9,903 | 1.43% |
| 2019 | 373 | 209 | 164 | 8,999 | 2.32% |

Notes to the Schedule

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are determined based on valuations as of June 30 two years prior to the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

This schedule is intended to display 10 years of information. Additional years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Supplementary Schedule of Net Position
June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | Operating Group | Mortgage Finance Program | Home- ownership Program Bonds | Housing Finance Program Bonds | Residential Finance Program Bonds | Totals |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|------------|
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 214,851 | \$35,835 | - | \$ 3,907 | \$ 327,990 | \$ 582,583 |
| Investments | - | 4,574 | - | - | 74,631 | 79,205 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | |
| Accounts | 12,483 | 12 | - | 50 | 5,854 | 18,399 |
| Interest | 4 | 1 | - | 328 | 16,669 | 17,002 |
| Loans held for resale | 1,440 | - | - | - | - | 1,440 |
| First mortgage loans | - | 2,426 | - | 1,891 | 75,545 | 79,862 |
| Due from federal government | 52,543 | - | - | - | - | 52,543 |
| Due from other state funds | 1,578 | - | - | - | - | 1,578 |
| Due from other funds | - | - | - | - | 34,679 | 34,679 |
| Total current assets | \$ 282,899 | \$42,848 | - | 6,176 | 535,368 | 867,291 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | | |
| Restricted assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 27,810 | - | - | 3 | 5,783 | 33,596 |
| Investments | - | - | - | 6,249 | 108,847 | 115,096 |
| Investment interest receivable | - | - | - | 14 | 380 | 394 |
| Investments | - | 2,218 | - | - | 31,784 | 34,002 |
| First mortgage loans receivable | 8 | 45,543 | - | 49,101 | 2,495,702 | 2,590,354 |
| Second mortgage loans receivable | - | - | - | - | 83,830 | 83,830 |
| Allowance for uncollectable second mortgages | - | - | - | - | (37,497) | (37,497) |
| Other receivables | 7,809 | - | - | - | 15,395 | 23,204 |
| Unearned service release premium | 428 | - | - | - | - | 428 |
| Advance to local government | 3,146 | - | - | - | - | 3,146 |
| Net pension asset | 3,135 | - | - | - | - | 3,135 |
| Capital assets: | | | | | | |
| Furniture and equipment | 12,701 | - | - | - | - | 12,701 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (7,330) | - | - | - | - | (7,330) |
| Total noncurrent assets | 47,707 | 47,761 | - | 55,367 | 2,704,224 | 2,855,059 |
| Total assets | 330,606 | 90,609 | - | 61,543 | 3,239,592 | 3,722,350 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | |
| Deferred amount on refundings | - | - | - | - | 28 | 28 |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions | 6,044 | - | - | - | - | 6,044 |
| Deferred outflows related to OPEB | 208 | - | - | - | - | 208 |
| Deferred outflows related to defeased bonds | - | - | - | - | 990 | 990 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | \$ 6,252 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,018 | \$ 7,270 |

(Continued)

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Supplementary Schedule of Net Position (Continued)
June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | Operating Group | Mortgage Finance Program | Home- ownership Program Bonds | Housing Finance Program Bonds | Residential Finance Program Bonds | Totals |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|------------|
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 52,234 | \$ 11 | \$ - | \$ 1 | \$ 112 | \$ 52,358 |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | 855 | - | - | - | - | 855 |
| Compensated absences | 906 | - | - | - | - | 906 |
| Due to primary government | 105 | - | - | - | - | 105 |
| Interest payable | 1 | - | - | 790 | 37,853 | 38,644 |
| Escrow deposits | 19,170 | - | - | - | - | 19,170 |
| Prepayments on mortgage loans | 2 | - | - | 26 | 1,137 | 1,165 |
| Line of credit payable | 1,395 | - | - | - | - | 1,395 |
| Due to federal government | 17 | - | - | - | - | 17 |
| Due to other funds | 34,679 | - | - | - | - | 34,679 |
| Bonds payable | - | - | - | 2,195 | 79,490 | 81,685 |
| Total current liabilities | 109,364 | 11 | - | 3,012 | 118,592 | 230,979 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Bonds payable | - | - | - | 45,109 | 2,705,235 | 2,750,344 |
| Compensated absences | 1,010 | - | - | - | - | 1,010 |
| Net OPEB liability | 1,185 | - | - | - | - | 1,185 |
| Escrow deposits | 13,626 | 48 | - | - | 4 | 13,678 |
| Unearned revenue | 154,958 | 3,063 | - | - | 3,593 | 161,614 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 170,779 | 3,111 | - | 45,109 | 2,708,832 | 2,927,831 |
| Total liabilities | 280,143 | 3,122 | - | 48,121 | 2,827,424 | 3,158,810 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions | 10,256 | - | - | - | - | 10,256 |
| Deferred inflows related to OPEB | 1,611 | - | - | - | - | 1,611 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 11,867 | - | - | - | - | 11,867 |
| Net position | | | | | | |
| Investment in capital assets | 5,371 | - | - | - | - | 5,371 |
| Restricted for single family bond programs | - | 9,212 | - | 13,422 | 413,186 | 435,820 |
| Restricted for grant programs | - | 18,773 | - | - | - | 18,773 |
| Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program | 3,153 | - | - | - | - | 3,153 |
| Restricted for net pension asset | 3,135 | - | - | - | - | 3,135 |
| Unrestricted | 33,189 | 59,502 | - | - | - | 92,691 |
| Total net position | \$ 44,848 | \$87,487 | - | \$13,422 | \$ 413,186 | \$ 558,943 |

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Supplementary Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | Operating Group | Mortgage Finance Program | Home- ownership Program Bonds | Housing Finance Program Bonds | Residential Finance Program Bonds | Totals |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|------------------|
| Operating revenues | | | | | | |
| Mortgage interest income | \$ 49 | \$ 33 | \$ 1,513 | \$ 2,715 | \$104,196 | \$108,506 |
| Investment income: | | | | | | |
| Interest | 467 | 28 | 142 | 40 | 1,403 | 2,080 |
| Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments | - | (99) | (716) | (351) | (8,710) | (9,876) |
| Federal grant administration fees | 48,625 | - | - | - | - | 48,625 |
| Fees and other income | 19,021 | 4 | 2,785 | - | - | 21,810 |
| Total operating revenues | \$ 68,162 | (34) | \$ 3,724 | \$ 2,404 | \$96,889 | 171,145 |
| Operating expenses | | | | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 22,096 | - | - | - | - | 22,096 |
| Contractual services | 35,681 | - | - | - | 13 | 35,694 |
| Materials and supplies | 1,581 | - | - | - | - | 1,581 |
| Rentals and insurance | 38 | - | - | - | - | 38 |
| Other administrative expenses | 404 | - | - | - | - | 404 |
| Other program expenses | 10,837 | - | 5,389 | 61 | 1,124 | 17,411 |
| Interest expense | 14 | - | 803 | 1,480 | 68,018 | 70,315 |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - | 4,203 | 4,203 |
| Amortization: service release premium | 27 | - | - | - | - | 27 |
| Depreciation | 1,795 | - | - | - | - | 1,795 |
| Total operating expenses | 72,473 | - | 6,192 | 1,541 | 73,358 | 153,564 |
| Operating income (loss) | (4,311) | (34) | (2,468) | \$ 863 | \$23,531 | 17,581 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | | | | | |
| Federal grants revenue | 488,001 | - | - | - | - | 488,001 |
| Payment from primary government | 215 | - | - | - | - | 215 |
| Federal grants expenses | (488,037) | - | - | - | - | (488,037) |
| Local grants expenses | (7,488) | - | - | - | - | (7,488) |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | (7,309) | - | - | - | - | (7,309) |
| Income (loss) before transfers | (11,620) | (34) | (2,468) | 863 | 23,531 | \$ 10,272 |
| Transfers (to) other funds | - | - | (89,158) | - | - | (89,158) |
| Transfers from other funds | 47,914 | 8,806 | - | 616 | 31,822 | 89,158 |
| Change in net position | 36,294 | 8,772 | (91,626) | 1,479 | 55,353 | 10,272 |
| Total net position, July 1 | 8,554 | 78,715 | 91,626 | 11,943 | 357,833 | 548,671 |
| Total net position, June 30 | \$ 44,848 | \$87,487 | - | \$13,422 | \$413,186 | \$558,943 |

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Supplementary Schedule of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(Expressed in Thousands)

| | Operating Group | Mortgage Finance Program | Home- ownership Program Bonds | Housing Finance Program Bonds | Residential Finance Program Bonds | Totals |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | | | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ 130,431 | \$ 6,986 | - | \$ 17,150 | \$656,259 | \$810,826 |
| Receipts from federal government | 48,647 | - | - | - | - | 48,647 |
| Receipts from other funds | - | - | 68 | - | 18,121 | 18,189 |
| Other miscellaneous receipts | 19,021 | 4 | 2,785 | - | - | 21,810 |
| Acquisition of mortgage loans | - | (2,395) | (18,039) | - | (389,900) | (410,334) |
| Payments to suppliers | (34,234) | - | (7,107) | (63) | (1,784) | (43,188) |
| Payments to other funds | (12,615) | (5,574) | - | - | - | (18,189) |
| Payments to or for employees | (25,980) | - | - | - | - | (25,980) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 125,270 | (979) | (22,293) | \$ 17,087 | \$282,696 | 401,781 |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities | | | | | | |
| Operating grants received | 460,843 | - | - | - | - | 460,843 |
| Payment from primary government | 215 | - | - | - | - | 215 |
| Transfers in (out) | 50,714 | 8,806 | 63,281 | 616 | (123,417) | - |
| Proceeds from sale of bonds | - | - | - | - | 612,059 | 612,059 |
| Operating grants paid | (488,305) | - | - | - | - | (488,305) |
| Cost of issuance paid | - | - | - | - | (4,203) | (4,203) |
| Principal payments | - | - | (59,800) | (15,500) | (600,995) | (676,295) |
| Interest paid | (14) | - | (2,047) | (2,079) | (84,429) | (88,569) |
| Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities | 23,453 | 8,806 | 1,434 | (16,963) | (200,985) | (184,255) |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities | | | | | | |
| Purchases of capital assets | (1,995) | - | - | - | - | (1,995) |
| Net cash used by capital and related financing activities | (1,995) | - | - | - | - | (1,995) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments | - | 9,765 | 13,346 | 2,845 | 184,298 | 210,254 |
| Purchases of investments | - | (6,547) | - | (4,345) | (220,350) | (231,242) |
| Investment interest received | 467 | 28 | 272 | 33 | 1,197 | 1,997 |
| Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value reporting and classified as cash equivalents | - | 19 | 1 | 3 | 216 | 239 |
| Net cash provided (used) by investing activities | 467 | 3,265 | 13,619 | (1,464) | (34,639) | (18,752) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 147,195 | 11,092 | (7,240) | (1,340) | 47,072 | 196,779 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, July 1 | 95,466 | 24,743 | 7,240 | 5,250 | 286,701 | 419,400 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, June 30 | \$ 242,661 | \$35,835 | - | \$ 3,910 | \$333,773 | \$616,179 |

(Continued)

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
Supplementary Schedule of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022
(Expressed in Thousands)

| | Operating Group | Mortgage Finance Program | Home- ownership Program Bonds | Housing Finance Program Bonds | Residential Finance Program Bonds | Totals |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------|
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ (4,311) | \$ (34) | \$ (2,468) | \$ 863 | \$ 23,531 | \$ 17,581 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 1,795 | - | - | - | - | 1,795 |
| Changes in assets, liabilities, and deferrals: | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | (923) | 487 | 616 | 63 | 934 | 1,177 |
| Mortgage interest receivable | (1) | - | 657 | 328 | 1,819 | 2,803 |
| Other receivables | (775) | - | - | - | (636) | (1,411) |
| Unearned service release premium | (165) | - | - | - | - | (165) |
| Pension asset | (2,905) | - | - | - | - | (2,905) |
| Deferred pension outflows | (3,295) | - | - | - | - | (3,295) |
| Deferred OPEB outflows | 29 | - | - | - | - | 29 |
| Loans held for resale | 340 | - | - | - | - | 340 |
| Mortgage loans receivable | 669 | 1,193 | (22,488) | 14,055 | 156,235 | 149,664 |
| Due from federal government | 22 | - | - | - | - | 22 |
| Interfund receivables | - | - | 68 | - | 18,121 | 18,189 |
| Interfund payables | (12,615) | (5,574) | - | - | - | (18,189) |
| Accounts payable | 7,949 | (185) | (55) | (13) | (429) | 7,267 |
| Accrued payroll / compensated absences | 49 | - | - | - | - | 49 |
| Due to primary government | 13 | - | - | - | - | 13 |
| Unearned revenue | 137,796 | 3,063 | - | - | 3,593 | 144,452 |
| Line of credit payable | (383) | - | - | - | - | (383) |
| Pension liability | (7,122) | - | - | - | - | (7,122) |
| OPEB liability | (204) | - | - | - | - | (204) |
| Deferred pension inflows | 9,941 | - | - | - | - | 9,941 |
| Deferred OPEB inflows | (181) | - | - | - | - | (181) |
| Investment income included as operating revenue | (467) | 71 | 574 | 311 | 7,307 | 7,796 |
| Interest expense included as operating expense | 14 | - | 803 | 1,480 | 68,018 | 70,315 |
| Issuance cost included as operating expense | - | - | - | - | 4,203 | 4,203 |
| Total adjustments | 129,581 | (945) | (19,825) | 16,224 | 259,165 | 384,200 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | 125,270 | (979) | (22,293) | \$17,087 | 282,696 | 401,781 |
| Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: | | | | | | |
| Decrease in fair value of investments | \$ - | \$ (96) | - | \$ (353) | \$ (8,898) | \$ (9,347) |
| Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities | \$ - | \$ (96) | - | \$ (353) | \$ (8,898) | \$ (9,347) |



JASON E. MUMPOWER
Comptroller

**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

The Honorable Bill Lee, Governor
Members of the General Assembly
Members of the Board of Directors
Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

We have audited the financial statements of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Katherine J. Stickel, CPA, CGFM, Director
Division of State Audit
December 9, 2022