

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016



## STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

PHONE (615) 401-7897 FAX (615) 532-2765

SUITE 1500, JAMES K. POLK STATE OFFICE BUILDING 505 DEADERICK STREET NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Bill Haslam, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the Board of Directors Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness

of accounting policies used and reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. Tennessee statutes, in addition to audit responsibilities, entrust certain other responsibilities to the Comptroller of the Treasury. Those responsibilities include serving as a member of the board of directors of Tennessee Housing Development Agency. We do not believe that the Comptroller's service in this capacity affected our ability to conduct an independent audit of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension asset for the State and Higher Education Retirement Plan, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability for the Closed State and Higher Education Pension Plan, the schedule of contributions to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, the schedule of contributions to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan, and the other postemployment benefits schedule of funding progress, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other

records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2016, on our consideration of the agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Deborah V. Loveless, CPA

Debrew Lonless

Director

December 19, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2016

This section of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's (THDA) annual financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of THDA's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2016, with comparative information presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of THDA and to meet the financial reporting and disclosure requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements -- and Management's Discussion and Analysis -- for State and Local Governments*. This section should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### <u>INTRODUCTION – THE TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY</u>

The mission statement of THDA is "Leading Tennessee Home by creating safe, sound, affordable housing opportunities." THDA's goal is to provide housing assistance to those in need by offering a variety of housing-related programs. One of the primary ways THDA assists Tennesseans is by offering mortgages for first-time homebuyers at below conventional market interest rates. At the close of fiscal year 2016, THDA has originated over 115,000 single-family mortgage loans in its 43-year history, and serves as the master servicer for all active mortgages it funds. In addition to helping homebuyers, THDA administers Section 8 rental assistance programs, including the tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program in approximately 74 of Tennessee's 95 counties, as well as the project-based Contract Administration program for approximately 400 contracts throughout all of Tennessee. THDA also administers grant programs, awarded on a competitive annual cycle, for rehabilitation and new construction of owner-occupied units and small rental projects. THDA is also involved in the development and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for low-income families by administering the federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit, which is a competitive process, and by setting aside a portion of bond authority to be allocated to local issuing authorities for specific multifamily developments.

More recently, THDA has administered programs under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), including the Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program (HPRP), the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP), the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), and a Low Income Housing Tax Credit exchange program under Section 1602 of the Act.

As established by statute, "The agency shall have a board of directors which shall be responsible for carrying out the powers given to the agency. . ." (*Tennessee Code Annotated 13-23-105*). This board meets regularly on a bi-monthly basis; however, some committees may meet more often as situations dictate.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include statements of net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statements of cash flows, as well as notes to the financial statements. The statements of net position provide financial information on the overall financial position of THDA at each year end. The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position summarize the results of operations over the course of each fiscal year. The statements of cash flows provide relevant information about THDA's cash receipts and cash payments during each fiscal year.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

The notes to the financial statements provide essential information regarding THDA's significant accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, certain material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events.

THDA's financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. In addition to the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information is included.

THDA is also considered to be a discretely presented "component unit" for the State of Tennessee, and therefore, its financial information is reported in the State of Tennessee's government-wide *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This report may be viewed at <a href="http://www.tn.gov/finance/article/fa-accfin-cafr">http://www.tn.gov/finance/article/fa-accfin-cafr</a>

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

- Total assets decreased by \$90.1 million, or 3.5%.
- Deferred outflows of resources increased \$0.5 million, or 18.4%.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$83.1 million, or 4.1%.
- Net position was \$510.9 million. This is a decrease of \$3.4 million, or 0.7%, from fiscal year 2015.
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$69.3 million, or 23.0%.
- Total investments increased by \$18.4 Million, or 7.2%.
- Bonds payable decreased by \$72.7 million, or 3.67%.
- Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$3.0 million, which was related to pensions.
- THDA originated \$293.4 million in new loans, which is an increase of \$42.7 million, or 17.03%, from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AGENCY

**Net Position.** The following table focuses on the changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current assets	\$ 393,675	\$ 442,792
Capital assets	1,175	512
Other noncurrent assets	2,081,560	2,123,193
Total assets	2,476,410	 2,566,497
Deferred outflows of resources	3,142	 2,653
Current liabilities	149,798	191,375
Noncurrent liabilities	 1,817,534	1,859,097
Total liabilities	1,967,332	 2,050,472
Deferred inflows of resources	1,288	4,271
Invested in capital assets	1,175	512
Restricted net position	430,114	441,196
Unrestricted net position	79,643	 72,699
Total net position	\$ 510,932	\$ 514,407

#### 2016 to 2015

- THDA's total net position decreased by \$3.4 million because operating income was less than the amount by which nonoperating expenses exceeded nonoperating revenues.
- First and Second mortgage loans (net of allowance for forgivable second mortgages) receivable decreased by \$10.8 million. During FY 2016, single-family mortgage loan originations increased by \$42.7 million, whereas mortgage loan payoffs increased by \$27.4 million and mortgage loan repayments decreased \$2.8 million. In addition, THDA recognized an allowance for future forgiveness of forgivable second mortgages of \$4.9 million for FY 2016.
- Total liabilities decreased \$83.1 million. The decrease is primarily due to a \$72.7 million decrease of bonds payable at June 30, 2016 as compared to June 30, 2015.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

**Changes in Net Position.** The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating revenues		
Mortgage interest income	\$ 90,235	\$ 96,999
Investment income	5,872	6,535
Other	17,052	16,512
Total operating revenues	113,159	120,046
Operating expenses		
Interest expense	62,045	66,389
Other	41,916	43,932
Total operating expenses	103,961	110,321
Operating income	9,198	 9,725
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Grant revenues	269,226	307,012
Grant expenses	(281,899)	(322,465)
Total nonoperating revenues	 	
(expenses)	 (12,673)	 (15,453)
Change in net position	\$ (3,475)	\$ (5,728)

#### 2016 to 2015

Total operating revenues decreased \$6.9 million, primarily due to a decrease in mortgage interest income of \$6.8 million. This is due to new mortgage loan originations having lower interest rates than those associated with mortgage loan repayments.

Total operating expenses decreased \$6.3 million. This is primarily due to a bond debt strategy to use mortgage loan prepayments to call bonds on a monthly basis, as well as refunding outstanding bonds with new bonds bearing a lower interest rate.

#### **DEBT ACTIVITY**

Bonds outstanding at June 30 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Bonds payable	\$1,906,494	\$	1,979,170

#### Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total bonds and notes payable decreased \$72.7 million, due primarily to an increase in the redemption of bonds as compared to recent fiscal years. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$306.9 million, with activity arising from two bond issues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2016

With interest rates remaining at historically low levels, THDA continued to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments. THDA refunded \$67.1 million of outstanding bonds into new bond originations with lower interest rates.

#### **Bond Ratings**

For bonds issued under the Homeownership Program Bonds, Moody's Investor Service, Inc. (Moody's) has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1, and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P), a division of the The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

For bonds issued under the Housing Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2. These bonds are not rated by S&P.

For bonds issued under the Residential Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1 and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

There were no revisions to THDA's bond ratings during FY 2016 or FY 2015.

#### **Debt Limits**

In accordance with *Tennessee Code Annotated*, 13-23-121, THDA operates under a "debt ceiling" of \$2,930,000,000.

#### **GRANT PROGRAMS**

During FY 2007 through FY 2009, the General Assembly appropriated revenue to THDA for grant programs. Likewise, THDA's board of directors allocated additional THDA funds for grants. These funds established a grant program that was titled by the THDA as the "Tennessee Housing Trust Fund."

The four-level model for funding this grant program includes state appropriations, THDA funds, private sector investment, and matching funds from local grantees. The purpose of this grant program is to serve the needs of low and/or very low income, elderly, and special needs Tennesseans. Funding and uses for the Housing Trust Fund are as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2016

	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014 and Prior	Total
Funding Sources:				
THDA	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 52,300,000	\$ 67,300,000
State Appropriation			4,350,000	4,350,000
Totals	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 56,650,000	\$ 71,650,000
Approved Uses:				
Rural repair program (USDA)	\$ -	\$ 700,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 6,300,000
Ramp Programs & Hsg Modification	-	150,000	1,200,000	1,350,000
Emergency Repairs	2,700,000	1,800,000	14,000,000	18,500,000
Competitive Grants	2,800,000	2,850,000	31,950,000	37,600,000
Rebuild & Recover	500,000	500,000	2,300,000	3,300,000
Other Grants	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,600,000	4,600,000
Totals	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 56,650,000	\$ 71,650,000

#### **CURRENT MORTGAGE PRODUCTS AND ENVIRONMENT**

In October of 2013, THDA made a significant change to its mortgage lending program. On October 1, 2013, the *Great Choice* and the *Great Choice Plus* loan programs were introduced and the *Great Rate*, *Great Advantage* and *Great Start* loan programs were eliminated. The *Great Choice* loan program offers THDA the opportunity to offer a more competitive interest rate on its 30 year fixed rate mortgage product while still offering down payment assistance with the addition of the *Great Choice Plus* loan program which is a second mortgage at a 0% interest rate for a term of 10 years. During fiscal year 2015, the *Great Choice Plus* loan product was modified to a forgivable second mortgage, in which 100% of the loan amount must be repaid if the home is sold or the associated first mortgage is refinanced within the first nine years of closing. Beginning in year 10, the loan is forgiven at the rate of 20% per year. The loan is fully forgiven at the end of year 15.

A special interest rate reduction on *Great Choice* loan program has been designated to ensure that qualified service men and women have access to affordable homeownership opportunities. This special offer, referred to as "*Homeownership for the Brave*", provides a 0.5% rate reduction on the current interest rate for *Great Choice* loans. In addition to the rate reduction, "*Homeownership for the Brave*" applicants are eligible for optional down payment and closing cost assistance through the *Great Choice Plus* second mortgage loan at a 0% interest rate.

All loans made or purchased by THDA are fixed-rate mortgages with a maximum loan term of 360 months (30 years), and must conform to insurer / guarantor underwriting guidelines. THDA does not make or purchase adjustable rate mortgages (ARMs), interest-only mortgages, "buydown" loans, mortgages with a future lump-sum payment due (balloon-type mortgage), or with other similar mortgage terms. THDA does not make or purchase "sub-prime" mortgage loans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2016

Single-family mortgage loans purchased by THDA with loan-to-value (LTV) ratios between 78% and 97% must have an acceptable insurer/guarantor, which includes:

- FHA (United States Department of Housing and Urban Development)
- VA (Veterans Administration Guaranty Program)
- USDA/RD (the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development, formerly Farmers Home Administration)
- Private mortgage insurance

THDA will accept private mortgage insurance provided from private mortgage insurers, who are licensed by the Tennessee Commissioner of Commerce and Insurance to do business in Tennessee and are rated at least AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Group. THDA will allow privately insured loans underwritten using nationally accepted underwriting guidelines established by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. These loans must be approved through an automated underwriting system such as Desktop Underwriter or Loan Prospector with no expanded approvals. Such privately insured mortgage loans may have loan-to-value ratios up to and including 97% of the lesser of the purchase price or the appraised value. Loans with a 78% LTV or lower do not require mortgage insurance. A detailed chart of these mortgage loan products and primary mortgage loan terms may be obtained from THDA's internet site at <a href="https://thda.org/homebuyers/homebuyers">https://thda.org/homebuyers/homebuyers</a>

For the past several years, THDA has closely monitored its loan portfolio for delinquency and foreclosures. This monitoring has included analysis based on loan type (Great Choice, Great Choice Plus, Homeownership for the Brave), insurer/guarantor (FHA, VA, RECD, private mortgage insurer), mortgage loan servicer, down-payment assistance, and other factors as deemed necessary.

As of June 30, 2016, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of Loans		
Loan Status	Loans Serviced	in Status	Principal Amount	Percentage
60-89 Days Past Due	23,492	508	\$ 39,830,107	2.16%
90+ Days Past Due	23,492	1,503	116,348,733	6.40%
In Foreclosure	23,492	148	12,307,322	0.63%

Note: Percentage is calculated by dividing the "Number of Loans in Status" by the "Total Number of Loans Serviced."

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

In accordance with THDA's investment policy, THDA typically invests in short-term and long-term fixed-rate debt securities from federal agencies. As a bench-mark, THDA uses the one-, three-, and five-year Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) rates as established by the United States Treasury.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2016

The continuation of relatively low interest rates from a historic perspective increased the likelihood of negative arbitrage, in which the interest rates on THDA's bond issues exceeds the current investment interest rates. THDA monitors prepayments and bond investment yields, and seeks to reduce negative arbitrage by calling bonds with the funds from prepayments.

#### **CONTACTING THDA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide THDA's stakeholders with a general overview of THDA's finances and to show accountability for the funds that it receives, invests, and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Trent Ridley, Chief Financial Officer at (615) 815-2012 or via e-mail at TRidley@thda.org.

## TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 218,023
Investments (Note 2) Receivables:	74,211
Accounts	4,060
Interest	11,944
First mortgage loans	59,075
Due from federal government Prepaid expenses	26,361 1
Total current assets	393,675
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 2)	13,647 157,864
Investment interest receivable	1,326
Investments (Note 2)	42,653
First mortgage loans receivable Second mortgage loans receivable	1,849,432 21,326
Allowance for forgivable second mortgages	(7,808)
Advance to local government	3,107
Net pension asset (Note 6)	13
Capital assets: Furniture and equipment	2,631
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,456)
Total noncurrent assets	2,082,735
Total assets	2,476,410
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refundings Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 6)	981 2,161
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,142
LIABILITIES	5,142
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	9,235
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	585
Compensated absences  Due to primary government	633 72
Interest payable	32,300
Escrow deposits	89
Prepayments on mortgage loans  Due to federal government	1,161 1,679
Bonds payable (Note 4)	100,360
Arbitrage rebate payable	3,684
Total current liabilities	149,798
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable (Note 4)	1,806,134 611
Compensated absences  Net pension liability (Note 6)	5,429
Net OPEB obligation (Note 10)	1,602
Escrow deposits	3,348
Arbitrage rebate payable  Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>410</u> 1,817,534
Total liabilities	1,967,332
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,,
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 6)	1,288
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,288
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for single family bond programs (Note 5 and Note 8)	1,175 417 331
Restricted for grant programs (Note 5)  Restricted for grant programs (Note 5)	417,331 9,617
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program (Note 5)	3,153
Restricted for net pension asset (Note 6)	13
Unrestricted (Note 8)	79,643
Total net position	\$ 510,932

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

OPERATING REVENUES		
Mortgage interest income	\$	90,235
Investment income: Interest		0.714
Net (decrease) in the fair value		9,714
of investments		(3,842)
Federal grant administration fees		13,346
Fees and other income	_	3,706
Total operating revenues	_	113,159
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits		15,845
Contractual services		4,989
Materials and supplies		1,233
Rentals and insurance		18 571
Other administrative expenses Other program expenses		9,683
Interest expense		62,045
Mortgage service fees		6,755
Issuance costs		2,311
Depreciation	_	511
Total operating expenses		103,961
Operating income		9,198
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants revenue		269,217
Other grants revenue		9
Federal grants expenses		(269,057)
Local grants expenses		(12,842)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(12,673)
Change in net position		(3,475)
Total net position, July 1	_	514,407
Total net position, June 30	\$	510,932

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$	417,586
Receipts from federal government	Ψ	12,862
Other miscellaneous receipts		3,706
Acquisition of mortgage loans		(293,475)
Payments to service mortgages		(6,755)
Payments to service mongages  Payments to suppliers		(8,204)
Payments to or for employees		(17,046)
rayments to or for employees		(17,040)
Net cash provided by operating activities	•	108,674
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Operating grants received		258,411
Proceeds from sale of bonds		306,902
Operating grants paid		(285,892)
Cost of issuance paid		(2,311)
Principal payments		(373,350)
Interest paid		(68,299)
morest paid	•	(00,200)
Net cash used by non-capital financing activities		(164,539)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchases of capital assets		(1,174)
	•	<u> </u>
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(1,174)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		332,627
Purchases of investments		(355,001)
Investment interest received		10,008
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value		
reporting and classified as cash equivalents		87
Net cash used by investing activities		(12,279)
iver cash used by investing activities		(12,213)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(69,318)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		300,988
•	•	
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	231,670
		(continued)

#### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

Reconciliation of operating income to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	9,198
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		511
Pension expense		566
Changes in assets and liabilities:		300
Decrease in accounts receivable		25,537
Decrease in mortgage interest receivable		1,567
(Increase) in deferred pension outflows		(1,586)
Decrease in mortgage loans receivable		10,795
(Increase) in due from federal government		(484)
Increase in accounts payable		2,673
Increase in accrued payroll /		2,010
compensated absences		121
Increase in due to primary government		1 1
Increase in arbitrage rebate liability		1,291
Investment income (loss) included as operating revenue		(5,872)
Interest expense included as operating expense		62,045
Issuance cost included as operating expense		2,311
issuance cost included as operating expense		2,511
Total adjustments		99,476
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	108,674
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>*</b> =	
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:		
Increase in fair value of investments	\$	68
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	68
	· · ·	

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Reporting Entity

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency was created by an act of the legislature (Chapter 241, Public Acts, 1973). The act was approved by the Governor on May 14, 1973. The enabling legislation can be found in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 13-23-101 et seq. The purpose of the agency is to improve housing and living conditions for lower- and moderate-income persons and families in Tennessee by making loans and mortgages to qualified sponsors, builders, developers, and purchasers of low- and moderate-income family dwellings.

The agency is governed by a board of directors. The Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance and Administration, and a Staff Assistant to the Governor serve as *ex officio* board members of the Agency. The remaining members are appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the State Senate, and the Speaker of the State House of Representatives. Board members are to be representatives of the housing, real estate, or home building industries; the mortgage profession; local governments; or one of the three grand divisions of the state, and must be knowledgeable about the problems of inadequate housing conditions in Tennessee. One member of the board is a resident board member as required by Section 505 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and 24 CFR Part 964, Subpart E. *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 13-23-101 et seq. was amended to revise the composition of the board of directors, effective July 1, 2013.

In order to accomplish its objectives, the agency is authorized to raise funds through the issuance of bonds and notes. Bonds and notes issued by the agency are not general obligations of the State of Tennessee or any of its political subdivisions, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any political subdivision is pledged for payment of the principal or interest on such bonds or notes.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency is a component unit of the State of Tennessee. Although the agency is a separate legal entity, the state appoints a majority of its governing body and approves its operating budget. The agency is discretely presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

#### b. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Certain accounting policies and procedures are stipulated in the agency's Mortgage Finance Program, Single Family Program, Homeownership Program, Housing Finance Program, and General Residential Finance Program bond resolutions and the Single Family Mortgage Notes trust indenture. The agency follows these procedures in establishing and maintaining the various funds and accounts for its programs. Revenues and expenses applicable to each fund and account are recorded therein.

#### c. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cashflows. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the agency's policy to use the restricted resources first. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

#### d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture and office equipment, are defined by the agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

DescriptionEstimated LifeFurniture10 yearsComputer equipment3 years

#### e. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the Debt Service Reserve Funds, Bond Reserve Funds, and Net Pension Assets (see note 6).

The bond resolutions require the agency to establish a Debt Service Reserve Fund or a Bond Reserve Fund for each bond issue. The bond resolutions require that if the Debt Service and Expense Funds or the Revenue Funds of a bond issue are not sufficient to provide for interest or principal and sinking fund requirements of that issue that funds be transferred from the Debt Service Reserve Fund or the Bond Reserve Fund to cover any deficiency.

#### f. Deferred Amount on Refundings and Bond Premiums and Discounts

- 1. Deferred Amounts on Refundings: The agency amortizes the deferred amount on refundings using the straight-line method.
- 2. Bond Premiums and Discounts: Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount.

#### g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

In addition to demand deposits and deposits in the pooled investment fund administered by the State Treasurer, this classification includes short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### h. Investments

The agency has established guidelines for its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolutions and to comply with the statutes of the State of Tennessee. Permitted investments include the following: direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations guaranteed by the U.S., public housing bonds secured by contracts with the U.S., direct and general obligations of the State of Tennessee or obligations guaranteed by the State of Tennessee, obligations of other states or instrumentalities thereof which are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation, interest bearing time or demand deposits, collateralized certificates of deposit in authorized state depositories, and repurchase agreements collateralized by authorized securities.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost.

#### i. Accrual of Interest Income

Interest on first mortgage loans receivable and investment securities is credited to income as earned and classified as interest receivable.

#### j. Mortgages

Mortgages are carried at their original amount less collected principal.

#### k. Operating Revenues and Expenses

The agency was created with the authority to issue bonds to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the agency into mortgage loans to certain qualified individuals and qualified housing sponsors. The agency's primary operation is to borrow funds in the bond market and issue those funds to make single-family and multi-family loans. The primary operating revenue is the interest income on outstanding mortgages and the investment income from proceeds of bonds. The primary operating expense of the agency is the interest expense on bonds outstanding. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### 1. Allowance for Forgivable Second Mortgages

THDA has offered Down Payment Assistance (DPA) product for several years. Beginning in October 2014, this product changed to a 0% forgivable second mortgage, loan, of which 100% of the original principal amount is repayable to THDA if the loan is repaid within ten years of the origination date. Beginning on the eleventh anniversary of the origination date, 20% of the original principal amount will be forgiven. The amount of forgiveness increases an additional 20% on the loan anniversary thereafter. On the 15<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the origination date, 100% of the original principal amount becomes forgiven. Because of the likelihood that some amount of the original principal amount will be forgiven in the course of time, an allowance account has been established for those loans that may enter the forgivable period.

#### m. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### a. Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the agency's deposits may not be returned.

The laws of the State of Tennessee require that collateral be pledged to secure all uninsured deposits. The agency's bond resolutions require deposits to be fully secured.

The agency's deposits are in financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer, except as noted below. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

At June 30, 2016, the bank balance was \$3,921,135.08. All bank balances at June 30, 2016, were insured, except the Bank of New York Mellon (BNYM) accounts. U.S. Department of the Treasury requires the funds for the Hardest Hit Fund program to be deposited in the BNYM accounts. THDA has no obligation to ensure that the funds in the accounts are collateralized should the amount of money in the account be in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage of \$250,000. THDA will not be responsible for a loss of the funds due to the bank's failure and the lack of adequate collateral. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2016, \$3,307,357.87 was in the BNYM. Of this amount, \$3,057,357.87 exceeded the FDIC insurance coverage. The agency has deposits in the State Pooled Investment Fund administered by the State Treasurer. The fund's investments are measured at amortized cost. The fund is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The fund's investment policy and required risk disclosures are presented in the *State of Tennessee Treasurer's Report*. That report is available on the state's website at <a href="https://www.treasury.tn.gov">www.treasury.tn.gov</a>.

#### b. Investments

As stated in the agency's investment policy, the "prudent man rule" shall be the standard of prudence used by all officials responsible for the investment of assets. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act in the management of his or her own affairs, with consideration of the safety of capital and the probability of income, and avoidance of speculative investments.

The agency's investment policy states that the agency's portfolios will be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The agency may invest 100% of its portfolio in U.S. government securities. A minimum of 5% of the par value of total investments must mature within five years. No more than 50% of the par value of the combined portfolios can be invested in maturities greater than 15 years without approval of the Bond Finance Committee.

Portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentrations of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. It is the intent of this policy that sufficient investments be scheduled to mature to provide for the required liquidity for debt service and other expenditures per resolution requirements.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changing interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price.

	June 30, 2016			
Investment Type	ype Fair Value			
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$131,326,153	0.804		
U.S. Treasury Coupon	68,451,345	0.143		
U.S. Agency Discount	152,930,920	1.626		
Total	\$352,708,418	0.731		

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> THDA implemented GASB Statement 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB 72 was issued to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. THDA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. THDA has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

		Quoted Prices in	Significant	Significant
		Active Markets	Other	Unobservable
		for Identical	Observable	Inputs
		Assets	Inputs	(Level 3)
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	
	June 30, 2016			
<b>Assets by Fair Value Level</b>		(Thous	sands)	
Debt securities				
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$131,326	\$-0-	\$131,326	\$-0-
U.S. Treasury Coupon	68,451	68,451	-0-	-0-
U.S. Agency Discount	152,931	-0-	152,931	-0-
Total debt securities	\$352,708	\$68,451	\$284,257	\$-0-

Assets classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical assets as those securities. Assets classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for similar assets as those securities. Level 3 valuations are derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

<u>Credit Risk</u> Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Refer to Note 1.h for further explanation of the agency's permitted investments. Credit quality ratings for the agency's investments as of June 30, 2016, are included in the schedules below. Securities are rated using Standard and Poor's and/or Moody's and are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

June 30, 2016						
Investment Type	Fair Value	U.S. Treasury <sup>1</sup>	AAA	AA+	Not Rated <sup>2</sup>	
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$131,326,153		\$2,615,164	128,710,989		
U.S. Treasury Coupon	68,451,345	\$68,451,345				
U.S. Agency Discount	152,930,920				152,930,920	
Total	\$352,708,418	\$68,451,345	\$2,615,164	\$128,710,989	\$152,930,920	

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the agency's investment in a single issuer.

More than 5% of the agency's investments are invested in the following single issuers:

	June 30, 2016			
<u>Issuer</u>	Fair Value % of			
	(Thousands)	<b>Portfolio</b>		
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$180,760	51.25		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	\$41,153	11.67		
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	\$59,729	16.93		

New GASB 79 Disclosures During fiscal year 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency implemented *GASB Statement 79*, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The State of Tennessee, by law, requires that the Tennessee Housing Development Agency to participate in the State Pool Investment Fund (SPIF). SPIF values financial instruments at amortized cost. There are no minimum or maximum limitations on withdrawals with the exception of a 24-hour notification period for withdrawals of \$5 million or more.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This column includes obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This column includes securities that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, but are not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

#### **NOTE 3. ACCOUNTING CHANGE**

During fiscal year 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency modified the presentation of certain mortgage loans. Prior to fiscal year 2016, mortgage loans in which a foreclosure sale had occurred was reported as a component of Accounts Receivable. Beginning in fiscal year 2016, mortgage loans in which a foreclosure sale has occurred will be reported as Current Portion, First Mortgage Loans receivable.

#### **NOTE 4. LIABILITIES**

#### a. Bonds Issued and Outstanding

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)							
<u>Series</u> HOMEOWNERSHI	<u>Maturity Range</u> IP PROGRAM BONDS	Issued <u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate (Percent)	Ending Balance <u>6/30/2016</u>			
2006-3	1/1/2008-7/1/2037	\$100,000	3.65 to 5.75	\$24,060			
2007-1	7/1/2008-1/1/2038	100,000	3.65 to 5.50	28,240			
2007-2	7/1/2008-7/1/2038	120,000	3.75 to 5.25	34,320			
2007-3	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.85 to 5.50	39,295			
2007-4	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.75 to 5.50	43,930			
2008-1	7/1/2009-1/1/2039	60,000	2.45 to 5.70	17,090			
2008-3	7/1/2009-7/1/2038	90,000	2.00 to 5.45	1,270			
2009-1	1/1/2010-7/1/2029	50,000	0.75 to 5.00	21,330			
2009-2	7/1/2010-7/1/2030	75,000	0.90 to 5.00	29,770			
2010-1	1/1/2011-7/1/2025	120,700	0.35 to 4.50	53,775			
2011-1	7/1/2012-7/1/2042	141,255	0.60 to 4.65	85,930			
2012-1	1/1/2013-7/1/2042	133,110	0.80 to 4.50	85,660			
2012-2	7/1/2013-7/1/2043	97,625	0.50 to 4.00	68,845			
Total Homeownershi	p Program Bonds	\$1,387,690		\$533,515			
Plus: Unamortized B	ond Premiums			4,444			
Less: Unamortized B	Sond Discount			(42)			
Net Homeownership Program Bonds							

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)							
			Interest	Ending			
		Issued	Rate	Balance			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2016			
HOUSING FINANC	E PROGRAM BONDS	3					
2009-A	1/1/2011-1/1/2040	\$100,000	0.90 to 4.625	\$14,725			
2010-A	1/1/2011-7/1/2041	160,000	0.60 to 5.00	23,170			
2010-В	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	60,835			
2011-A	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	17,835			
2011-B	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.25 to 4.50	64,995			
2011-C	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.40 to 4.30	64,395			
2015-A	1/1/2016-7/1/2045	150,000	0.30 to 3.85	143,050			
Total Housing Finance	e Program Bonds	\$810,000		\$389,005			
Plus: Unamortized Bo	ond Premiums			4,409			
Net Housing Finance l	Program Bonds			\$393,414			

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING						
	(1110	ousands)				
			Interest	Ending		
		Issued	Rate	Balance		
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2016		
RESIDENTIAL FIN	ANCE PROGRAM BO	ONDS				
2013-1	1/1/2014-7/1/2043	\$215,905	0.40 to 4.00	\$148,735		
2013-2	7/1/2014-7/1/2043	121,300	0.45 to 4.65	94,435		
2014-1	1/1/2015-7/1/2039	150,000	0.32 to 4.00	129,860		
2014-2	7/1/2015-7-1-2045	150,000	0.25 to 4.00	135,780		
2015-1	1/1/2016-7/1/2045	150,000	0.50 to 4.05	144,290		
2015-2	7/1/2016-1/1/2046	175,000	0.40 to 4.00	175,000		
2016-1	1/1/2017-1/1/2047	125,000	0.625 to 3.50	125,000		
Total Residential Fina	nce Program Bonds	\$1,087,205		\$953,100		
Plus: Unamortized B	ond Premiums			22,063		
Net Residential Finan	ce Program Bonds			\$975,163		
Net Total All Issues				\$1,906,494		

<u>Housing Finance Program Bonds</u> The Housing Finance Program Bonds were established on December 23, 2009, to allow the agency to participate in the U.S. Department of Treasury New Issue Bond Program (NIBP), which was created to assist state and local housing finance agencies in acquiring cost-effective mortgage loan capital. THDA could release funds from issue 2009-B up to six times before December 31, 2011.

The first release and conversion from 2009-B was on June 17, 2010, in the amount of \$85,290,000. The \$85,290,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-A bonds in the amount of \$74,710,000 for a total of \$160,000,000.

The second release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 10, 2010, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The third release and conversion from 2009-B was on April 14, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-A bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fourth release and conversion from 2009-B was on August 25, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fifth and final release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 3, 2011, in the amount of \$34,710,000. The \$34,710,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-C bonds in the amount of \$65,290,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

#### b. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2016, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the			
Year(s) Ending			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2017	\$36,555	\$65,913	\$102,468
2018	62,810	65,922	128,732
2019	65,295	64,018	129,313
2020	66,785	61,979	128,764
2021	71,065	59,768	130,833
2022 - 2026	369,900	260,532	630,432
2027 - 2031	343,540	194,038	537,578
2032 - 2036	367,480	125,252	492,732
2037 - 2041	325,135	60,915	386,050
2042 - 2046	167,055	13,778	180,833
	_	_	
Total	\$1,875,620	\$972,115	\$2,847,735

#### c. Redemption of Bonds and Notes

During the year ended June 30, 2016, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$70,935,000, in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$84,975,000, and in the Residential Finance Program in the amount of \$26,440,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$71,940,410,

\$85,625,000 and \$27,205,277. This resulted in revenue to the Homeownership Program of \$1,005,410 to the Housing Finance Program of \$650,069, and to the Residential Finance Program of \$765,277.

On June 11, 2016, the agency issued \$150,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2015-1. On January 1, 2016, the agency used \$27,395,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$27,395,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$27,395,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$12,273,421 over the next 20.0 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$4,089,664.

On October 15, 2015, the agency issued \$175,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2015-2. On January 1, 2016, the agency used \$43,070,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$43,070,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$43,184,624. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$17,407,979 over the next 20.0 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$5,246,191.

#### d. Long-term Liability Activity

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Long-term Liabilities (Thousands)									
Beginning Ending Amounts Balance Balance Due Within July 1, 2015 Additions Reductions June 30, 2016 One Year <sup>3</sup>									
Bonds Payable	\$1,948,970	\$300,000	(\$373,350)	\$1,875,620	\$100,360				
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	30,333	6,897	(6,314)	30,916	-0-				
Less: Unamortized Bond Discounts	(133)	-0-	91	(42)	-0-				
Compensated Absences	1,207	129	(92)	1,244	633				
Net Pension Liability	2,964	4,176	(1,711)	5,429	-0-				
Escrow Deposits	2,553	2,322	(1,438)	3,437	89				
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	2,803	1,291	(-0-)	4,094	3,684				
Total	\$1,988,697	\$314,815	(\$382,814)	\$1,920,698	\$104,766				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Amounts due within one year include management authorized bond refundings at June 30.

#### NOTE 5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The amount shown on the statement of net position as Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is contractually pledged, under the bond resolutions of the agency, to the owners of the bonds issued under such bond resolutions. As pledged assets, the contractual provisions of the bond resolutions restrict the use of such assets. However, the assets may be removed from the lien of the bond resolutions if certain parity tests, as established by the respective bond resolutions, are satisfied. Assets removed from the lien of the respective bond resolutions may be used for other purposes.

The amount shown as Restricted for Grant Programs represents unexpended grant money that has been awarded to grantees through various grant programs administered by the agency.

The amount shown as Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program represents the amount of net position restricted for a pilot program that funds zero interest loans for down payment and closing costs. The use of this net position is restricted under legislation enacted in fiscal year 1986.

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS

#### a. Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

<u>Plan description</u> State employees and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan. This plan is a component of the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan stopped accepting new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, a new agent defined benefit retirement plan, the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, became effective for state employees and higher education employees hired on or after July 1, 2014.

The TCRS was created by state statute under Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the

plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

<u>Benefits provided</u> Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated* establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined using the following formula:

Average of Member's Highest				Years		
Compensation for 5 Consecutive	<b>3</b> 7	1.50%	<b>4</b> 7	of Service	<b>3</b> 7	105%
Years (up to Social Security	X	1.50%	X	Service	X	10370
Integration Level)				Credit		
Plus:						
Average of Member's Highest				Years		
Compensation for 5 Consecutive		1.75%		of		1050/
Years (over Social Security	X	1.73%	X	of Service	X	105%
Integration Level)				Credit		

A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 and vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2<sup>nd</sup> of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

<u>Contributions</u> Contributions for state employees and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Tennessee Housing Development Agency employees are non-contributory, as are most members in the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan. State and higher education agencies make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Closed State and Higher Education

Employee Pension Plan are required to be paid. Employer contributions by Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2016 to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan were \$1,539,003 which is 15.03 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

## Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension liability At June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported a liability of \$5,428,475 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of Tennessee Housing Development Agency's contributions during the year ended June 30, 2015 to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating state and higher education agencies. At the June 30, 2015 measurement date, Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion was 0.421046 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2014 was 0.429581

<u>Pension expense</u> For the year ended June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency recognized a pension expense of \$554,977. Allocated pension expense was \$583,722 before being reduced by \$28,745 due to a change in proportionate share.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources</u> For the year ended June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 574,421	\$	470,017
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan			
investments	_		697,846
Changes in proportion	_		114,978
Tennessee Housing Development			
Agency contributions subsequent			
to the measurment date of June			
30, 2015	 1,539,003		_
Total	\$ 2,113,424	\$	1,282,841
investments Changes in proportion Tennessee Housing Development Agency contributions subsequent to the measurment date of June 30, 2015	\$ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	114,978

Deferred outflows of resources, resulting from Tennessee Housing Development Agency's employer contributions of \$1,539,003 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30:

2017	\$ (438,708.49)
2018	(438,708.49)
2019	(438,708.49)
2020	607,705.99
2021	-
Thereafter	-

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on

age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

Cost-of Living Adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates were customized based on the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

<u>Discount rate</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the all state and higher education agencies will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1	% Decrease (6.5%)	Dis	scount Rate (7.5%)	19	% Increase (8.5%)
Tennessee Housing		(5.57.7)		(11271)		(0.07.7)
Development Agency's						
proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$	12,719,744	\$	5,428,475	\$	(716,661)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

#### **Payable to the Pension Plan**

At June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported a payable of \$128,363 for the outstanding amount of legally required contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### b. State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan description State and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. TCRS is a multiple-employer pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan was closed effective June 30, 2014 and covers employees hired before July 1, 2014. Employees hired after June 30, 2014 are provided with pensions through a legally separate plan referred to as the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37.

Benefits provided Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are eligible to retire at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Members are entitled to receive unreduced service retirement benefits, which are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation by 1.0 percent multiplied by member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 80 in which the member's age and service credit total 80. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2<sup>nd</sup> of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLA, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

Contributions Contributions for state and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. Per the statutory provisions governing the TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot be less than 4 percent for all aggregate employee groups, except for in years when the maximum funded level, approved by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. By law, employer contributions for the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are required to be paid. Employer contributions by Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2016 to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan were \$46,706 which is 2.81 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate is 3.87% of covered payroll except for any salaries derived from Federal funds where the employer rate is 2.00%. The

employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

## Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

<u>Pension asset</u> At June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported an asset of \$12,713 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of Tennessee Housing Development Agency's contributions during the year ended June 30, 2015 to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating state and higher education agencies. At the June 30, 2015 measurement date, Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion was 0.457171 percent, representing the first time presentation of this proportion.

<u>Pension expense</u> For the year ended June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA) recognized a pension expense of \$10,546.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources</u> For the year ended June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$ _	\$	4,730
737		_
 46,706		
\$ 47,443	\$	4,730
0	of Resources \$ - 737 46,706	of Resources \$ - \$ 737 46,706

Deferred outflows of resources, resulting from Tennessee Housing Development Agency's employer contributions of \$46,706 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other

amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30:

2017	\$ (407)
2018	(407)
2019	(407)
2020	(407)
2021	(591)
Thereafter	(1,774)

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> The total pension asset as of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on

age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

Cost-of Living Adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates were customized based on the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment

expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term	
	<b>Expected Real</b>	Target
Asset Class	Rate of Return	<b>Allocation</b>
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

<u>Discount rate</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the all state and higher education agencies will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate 
The following presents Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)		1% Increase (8.5%)
Tennessee Housing		_		· -	
Development Agency's					
proportionate share of the net					
pension liability (asset)	\$	(4,995)	\$ (12,713)	\$	(18,490)

#### **Payable to the Pension Plan**

At June 30, 2016, THDA reported a payable of \$13,189 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### c. Total Defined Benefit Pension Expense

The total pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 for both defined benefit pension plans was \$565,523.

#### NOTE 7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency, through the State of Tennessee, offers employees two deferred compensation plans, one established pursuant to IRC, Section 457 and the other pursuant to IRC, Section 401(k). The plans are outsourced to third party vendors and the administrative costs assessed by the vendors of these plans are the responsibility of plan Section 401(k) and Section 457 plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees; therefore, they are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Sections 401(k), and 457 establish participation, contribution, and withdrawal provisions for the plans. Participation in the 457 plan is voluntary for employees. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency provides up to a \$50 monthly employer match for employees who participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Employees hired before July 1, 2014 voluntarily participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Pursuant to Public Chapter No. 259 of Public Acts of 2013, employees hired after June 30, 2014, are automatically enrolled in the state's 401(k) plan and contribute 2% of their salary with the employer contributing an additional nonmatching 5%. Employees may opt out of the 2% auto enrollment. Such contribution rates may only be amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. There are certain automatic cost controls and unfunded liability controls in the defined benefit plan where the employees participate that may impact the non-matching 5% employer contribution to the 401(k) plan.

Employees are immediately vested in both the employee and employer contributions in both plans. The IRC establishes maximum limits that an employee can contribute to these plans. The employee may increase, decrease, or stop contributions at any time for either plan.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency recognized a pension expense of \$186,417 for employer contributions.

#### NOTE 8. PROVISIONS FOR MORTGAGE LOAN LOSSES

Most mortgage loans are insured by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or an approved private mortgage insurance company, or are guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The agency's board of directors has established a loan loss reserve of \$750,000 as a provision for potential loan losses arising from participation in the Rural Economic and Community Development (RECD) Loan Guarantee Program. An additional \$232,000 was established as a loan loss reserve against potential losses on loans not specifically covered by one of the above programs, and \$500,000 was established as a loan loss reserve for self-insurance of second mortgages.

Since the amount of net position restricted for single-family bond programs exceeds the amounts necessary for these loan loss reserves, it is not necessary to designate unrestricted net position for this purpose.

#### NOTE 9. INSURANCE-RELATED ACTIVITIES

#### a. Commercial Insurance

The agency carries commercial insurance for risks of loss related to employee dishonesty; general liability protection; and theft of, damage to, or destruction of real and personal property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### b. Risk Management Fund

It is the policy of the state not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks associated with casualty losses for general liability, automobile liability, professional medical malpractice, and workers' compensation. The state's management believes it is more economical to manage these risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Risk Management Fund. The state purchases commercial insurance for real property and crime and fidelity coverage on the state's officials and employees, and cyber liability coverage. For property coverage, the deductible for an individual state agency is the first \$25,000 of losses. The Risk Management Fund is responsible for property losses for the annual aggregate deductible of \$7.5 million for perils other than earthquakes and flood. Purchased insurance coverage is responsible for losses exceeding the \$7.5 million annual aggregate deductible. For earthquake and flood, there

is a deductible of \$10 million per occurrence. The maximum insurance coverage is \$750 million per year for perils other than earthquake and flood. The maximum flood insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence, except there is only \$25 million of coverage in flood zones A and V. The maximum earthquake insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the three past fiscal years.

The agency participates in the Risk Management Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on a percentage of the agency's expected loss costs, which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of fiscal year-end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation. Information regarding the determination of the claims liabilities and the changes in the balances of the claims liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016, is presented in the Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The CAFR is available on the state's website at <a href="www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml">www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml</a>. Since the agency participates in the Risk Management Fund, it is subject to the liability limitations under the provisions of the Tennessee Claims Commission Act, Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 9-8-101 et seq. Liability for negligence of the agency for bodily injury and property damage is limited to \$300,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The limits of liability under workers' compensation are set forth in Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 50-6-101 et seq. Claims are paid through the state's Risk Management Fund. At June 30, 2016, the Risk Management Fund held \$142.9 million in cash designated for payment of claims

#### c. Employee Group Insurance Fund

The state has also set aside assets in the Employee Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the state with the risk retained by the state. The agency participates in the Employee Group Insurance Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including the cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims.

#### NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Healthcare is the only other postemployment benefit (OPEB) provided to employees. The State of Tennessee administers a group health insurance program which provides postemployment health insurance benefits to eligible THDA retirees. This program includes two plans - the State

Employee Group Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan. For accounting purposes, the plans are agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Benefits are established and amended by an insurance committee created by *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 8-27-201. Prior to reaching the age of 65, members have the option of choosing between the standard or partnership preferred provider organization (PPO) plan for healthcare benefits. Subsequent to age 65, members who are also in the state's retirement system may participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan. That plan does not include pharmacy. Any employee hired on or after July 1, 2015 is not eligible to continue insurance coverage at retirement in either the Employee Group Plan or the Medicare Supplement Plan. The plans are reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at <a href="https://www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml">www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml</a>.

<u>Special Funding Situation</u> - The State of Tennessee is legally responsible for contributions to the Medicare Supplement Plan that covers the retirees of other governmental entities, including the Tennessee Housing Development Agency (see Note 11). The state is the sole contributor for the THDA retirees that participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan and, therefore, is acting as the employer.

Funding Policy - The premium requirements of plan members of the State Employment Group Plan are established and may be amended by the insurance committee. The plans are self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs of the plan are allocated to plan participants. In accordance with Section 8-27-205(b), *Tennessee Code Annotated*, retirees in the State Employee Group Plan who have not reached the age of 65 pay the same base premium as active employees in the plan, adjusted for years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service pay 20% of the total premium. Retirees with 25 but less than 30 years of service pay 30% of the total premium. Retirees with less than 20 years of service pay 40% of the total premium. Retirees 65 years of age or older are provided flat-rate premium subsidies, based on years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service service \$50 per month; retirees with 25 but less than 30 years of service, \$37.50; and retirees with 15 but less than 20 years of service, \$25.

#### THDA Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation State Employee Group Plan (Thousands)

June 30, 2016

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$341
Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation	57
Adjustment to the ARC	(57)
Annual OPEB cost	341
Amount of contribution	(255)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	86
Net OPEB Obligation-beginning of year	1,516
Net OPEB Obligation-end of year	\$1,602

Year End	<u>Plan</u>	OPE	nual B Cost <u>isands)</u>	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Obli At Y	Net OPEB Obligation At Year End (Thousands)	
6/30/2016	State Employee Group Plan	\$	341	74%	\$	1,602	
6/30/2015	State Employee Group Plan	\$	357	71%	\$	1,516	
6/30/2014	State Employee Group Plan	\$	346	68%	\$	1,413	

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> The funded status of THDA's portion of the State Employee Group Plan as of July 1, 2015, was as follows (thousands):

Actuarial valuation date	7/01/2015
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,923
Actuarial value of plan assets	-0-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,923
Actuarial value of assets as a % of the AAL	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 10,046
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	29%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and probability assumptions far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the

actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation for the Employee Group Plan, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 3.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.5% initially. The rate decreases to 6% in fiscal year 2016, and then reduces by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.7% in fiscal year 2050. All rates include a 2.5% inflation assumption. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis over a 30-year period beginning with July 1, 2007. Payroll is assumed to grow at a rate of 3 percent.

#### NOTE 11. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the State of Tennessee made payments of \$6,488 on behalf of THDA for retirees participating in the Medicare Supplement Plan, The Medicare Supplement Plan is a postemployment benefit healthcare plan and is discussed further in Note 10. The plan is reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at <a href="https://www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml">www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml</a>.

#### NOTE 12. PAYMENTS TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

From time to time, the State of Tennessee has called upon the agency and its resources, together with resources of other departments, agencies, and organizations in state government, to provide funds to the State General Fund to balance the state budget. The following is a description of these occurrences in relationship to the agency. On June 30, 1995, \$15,000,000 from the agency's Housing Program Reserve Fund was transferred to the State General Fund. On June 30, 1998, \$43,000,000 was transferred from the agency to the State General Fund. The \$43,000,000 transferred from the agency came from the following resources of the agency: (i) \$15,459,157 from tax revenues previously directed to the Housing Program Fund; (ii) \$5,028,761 from the Housing Program Reserve Fund; and (iii) \$22,512,082 from the Assets Fund. On June 30, 2002, a transfer from the agency to the primary government in the

amount of \$35,367,449 was made from the Assets Fund for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements of funding the operations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2002.

#### NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- **a.** Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2016-3, were authorized by the Board of directors on September 20, 2016, not to exceed \$66,165,000. The sale of the Bonds will occur no later than December 31, 2016.
- **b.** Residential Finance Bonds, Issue 2016-2, were sold on October 18, 2016. The bond maturities are as follow:

BONDS ISSUED (Thousands)						
			Interest			
		Issued	Rate			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<b>Amount</b>	(Percent)			
2016-2	7/1/2017-1/1/2047	\$125,000	0.720 to 3.500			

**c.** Residential Finance Bonds, Issue 2016-3, were sold on November 17, 2016. The bond maturities are as follow:

BONDS ISSUED (Thousands)						
Interest						
		Issued	Rate			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)			
2016-3	7/1/2017-7/1/2031	\$62,000	1.000 to 3.500			

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN WITHIN TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

	THDA's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset	THDA;s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset	THDA's Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset
2016	0.457171%	\$ 13	498	2.60%	142.55%

<sup>\*</sup>To correspond with the measurement date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CLOSED STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN WITHIN TCRS (Expressed in Thousands)

_	THDA's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	THDA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	THDA's Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2016	0.421046%	\$ 5,429	\$ 10,994	49.38%	91.26%
2015	0.429581%	2,964	11,601	25.55%	95.11%

<sup>\*</sup>To correspond with the measurement date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of informjamation is available

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY'S CONTRIBUTIONS STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Contr Dete	DA's actually rmined ibutions	Control Re Cor De	'HDA's ributions in elation to attractually termined attribution	Contribu Deficie (Exces	ncy	(	ГНDА;s Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of THDA's Covered Payroll	
2016	\$	47	\$	47	\$	-	\$	1,661	2.81%	
2015		19		19		_		498	3.82%	

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY'S CONTRIBUTIONS CLOSED STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN WITHIN TCRS (Expressed in Thousands)

	Con De	HDA's stractually termined stributions	Cor in F Cor De	THDA's atributions Relation to atractually etermined attribution	Contrib Defici (Exce	ency	THDA's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of THDA's Covered Payroll
2016	\$	1,539	\$	1,539	\$	-	\$ 10,240	15.03%
2015		1,652		1,652		-	10,994,	15.03%
2014		1,744		1,744		-	11,601	15.03%
2013		1,693		1,693		-	11,264	15.03%
2012		1,632		1,632		-	10,946	14.91%
2011		1,586		1,586		-	10,637	14.91%
2010		1,295		1,295		-	9,946	13.02%
2009		1,201		1,201		-	9,224	13.02%
2008		1,297		1,297		-	9,522	13.62%
2007		1,175		1,175		-	8,627	13.62%

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST EMPLOYEE BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (Expressed in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation		Val	uarial ue of sets	A Li	ctuarial ccrued ability AAL)	nfunded AAL JAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
Date	Plan	(	(a)		(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
7/1/2011	State Employee Group Plan State Employee	\$	-0-	\$	2,919	\$ 2,919	0%	\$ 9,818	30%
7/1/2013	Group Plan State Employee	\$	-0-	\$	2,964	\$ 2,964	0%	\$ 9,841	30%
7/1/2015	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	2,923	\$ 2,923	0%	\$10,046	29%

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds	-	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	-	Totals
ASSETS Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents \$ Investments	2,897	\$ 11,071 6,594	\$ 78,576 10,594	\$	31,284 9,395	\$ 94,195 47,628	\$	218,023 74,211
Receivables: Accounts	232	359	2,235		537	697		4,060
Interest First mortgage loans	-	29 1,949	4,522 23,393		3,021 9,990	4,372 23,743		11,944 59,075
Due from federal government	26,361	1,343	25,595		3,330	23,743		26,361
Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	2,189 1	-	-		-	-		2,189 1
Total current assets	31,680	20,002	119,320	_	54,227	170,635	_	395,864
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	3,299	-	4,278		3,443	2,627		13,647
Investments	-	-	105,430		17,991	34,443		157,864
Investment Interest receivable Investments	-	- 7,474	1,186 501		33 1,799	107 32,879		1,326 42,653
First mortgage loans receivable	717	46,066	562,052		372,924	867,673		1,849,432
Second mortgage loans receivable	-	-	21,326					21,326
Allowance for forgivable second mortgage Advance to local government	3,107	-	(7,808)		-	-		(7,808) 3,107
Net pension asset	13	-	-		-	-		13
Capital assets:	0.004							0.004
Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	2,631 (1,456)			-			-	2,631 (1,456)
Total noncurrent assets	8,311	53,540	686,965	-	396,190	937,729	-	2,082,735
Total assets	39,991	73,542	806,285	_	450,417	1,108,364	_	2,478,599
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amount on refundings	2 161	-	222		-	759 -		981
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,161			-			-	2,161
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,161		222	-	-	759	-	3,142
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	9,217	2	12		_	4		9,235
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	585	-	-		-	-		585
Investments purchased	-	-	-		-	-		-
Compensated absences  Due to primary government	633 72	-	-		-	-		633 72
Interest payable	-	_	11,236		6,596	14,468		32,300
Escrow deposits	-	89	· -		-	-		89
Prepayments on mortgage loans  Due to federal government	- 1.679	-	399		196	566		1,161
Due to rederal government  Due to other funds	1,079	-	2,065		_	124		1,679 2,189
Bonds payable	-	-	52,870		17,295	30,195		100,360
Arbitrage rebate payable			3,684	_			_	3,684
Total current liabilities	12,186	91	70,266	-	24,087	45,357	-	151,987
Noncurrent liabilities:			405.047		270 440	044.000		1 000 101
Bonds payable Compensated absences	- 611	-	485,047 -		376,119 -	944,968		1,806,134 611
Net pension liability	5,429	-	-		-	-		5,429
Net OPEB obligation	1,602	-	-		-	-		1,602
Escrow deposits Arbitrage rebate payable	336	509 -	- 410		-	2,503		3,348 410
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,978	509	485,457	-	376,119	947,471	-	1,817,534
Total liabilities	20,164	600	555,723		400,206	992,828		1,969,521
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,288	-	-		_	_		1,288
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,288	-		_			_	1,288
NET POSITION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net investment in capital assets	1,175	-	-		-	-		1,175
Restricted for single family bond programs	-	41	250,784		50,211	116,295		417,331
Restricted for grant programs	2 152	9,617	-		-	-		9,617
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Restricted for net pension asset	3,153 13	-	-		-	-		3,153 13
Unrestricted	16,359	63,284						79,643
Total net position \$	20,700	\$ 72,942	\$ 250,784	\$	50,211	\$ 116,295	\$	510,932
•				· -				

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds		General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES							
Mortgage interest income	\$ 11	\$ 51	\$ 34,588	\$ 19,159	\$	36,426	\$ 90,235
Investment income:							
Interest	38	200	6,847	618		2,011	9,714
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments		(129)	(3,519)	126		(320)	(3,842)
Federal grant administration fees	13,346	(129)	(3,319)	120		(320)	13,346
Fees and other income	2,753	_	_	_		953	3,706
Total operating revenues	16,148	122	37,916	19,903		39,070	113,159
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and benefits	15,845	-	-	-		_	15,845
Contractual services	4,976	-	-	-		13	4,989
Materials and supplies	1,233	-	-	-		-	1,233
Rentals and insurance	18	-	-	-		-	18
Other administrative expenses	571	-	-	-		-	571
Other program expenses	323	65	7,993	158		1,144	9,683
Interest expense	-	-	23,713	13,456		24,876	62,045
Mortgage service fees	-	92	2,260	1,436		2,967	6,755
Issuance costs Depreciation	511	-	-	-		2,311	2,311 511
Depreciation						-	311
Total operating expenses	23,477	157	33,966	15,050		31,311	103,961
Operating income (loss)	(7,329)	(35)	3,950	4,853		7,759	9,198
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Federal grants revenue	269,217	-	-	-		-	269,217
Other grant revenue	-	9	-	-		-	9
Federal grants expenses	(269,057)	-	-	-		-	(269,057)
Local grants expenses	(12,842)			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(12,842)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(12,682)	9		<u> </u>		-	(12,673)
Income (loss) before transfers	(20,011)	(26)	3,950	4,853		7,759	(3,475)
Transfers (to) other funds	-	-	(42,180)			-	(42,180)
Transfers from other funds	19,351	6,517		8,831		7,481	42,180
Change in net position	(660)	6,491	(38,230)	13,684	,	15,240	(3,475)
Total net position, July 1	21,360	66,451	289,014	36,527		101,055	514,407
Total net position, June 30	\$ 20,700	\$ 72,942	\$ 250,784	\$ 50,211	\$	116,295	\$ 510,932

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

Cook flows from an artistic and title of		erating Group	-	Mortgage Finance Program		Home- ownership Program Bonds		Housing Finance Program Bonds		General Residential Finance Program Bonds	-	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:	œ.		•	0.040	Φ.	044.450	Φ	00.000	Φ	440.045	Φ.	447.500
Receipts from customers	\$	-	\$	3,210	\$	211,158	\$	92,903	\$	110,315	\$	417,586
Receipts from federal government		12,862		-		-		-		-		12,862
Receipts from other funds		1,299		-		-		-		-		1,299
Other miscellaneous receipts		2,753		(0.007)		(40.004)		-		953		3,706
Acquisition of mortgage loans		-		(2,627)		(16,894)		- (4.400)		(273,954)		(293,475)
Payments to service mortgages		-		(92)		(2,260)		(1,436)		(2,967)		(6,755)
Payments to suppliers		(4,980)		(65)		(1,800)		(179)		(1,180)		(8,204)
Payments to other funds		-		-		-		-		(1,299)		(1,299)
Payments to or for employees	(	17,046)	-	-				<u> </u>		-	-	(17,046)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(5,112)	-	426		190,204		91,288		(168,132)	-	108,674
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:												
Operating grants received	2	58.403		8		-		_		-		258.411
Transfers in (out)		19,351		6,517		4,178		8,831		(38,877)		´ -
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-		-		, -		-,		306,902		306,902
Operating grants paid	(2	85,892)		-		-		_		-		(285,892)
Cost of issuance paid	`	-		-		-		_		(2,311)		(2,311)
Principal payments		_		_		(210,520)		(85,445)		(77,385)		(373,350)
Interest paid		-	-			(30,732)		(13,674)	_	(23,893)	_	(68,299)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		(8,138)	-	6,525	-	(237,074)	-	(90,288)	-	164,436	-	(164,539)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:												
Purchases of capital assets		(1,174)	-						-		-	(1,174)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(1,174)	-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> ,			-	<u>-</u>	-	(1,174)
Cash flows from investing activities:												
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		-		18,199		153,221		33,007		200,972		405,399
Purchases of investments		-		(27,712)		(137,209)		(40,381)		(222,471)		(427,773)
Investment interest received		38		205		7,057		685		2,023		10,008
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value												
reporting and classified as cash equivalents			-	-		39		18	-	30	_	87
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		38	_	(9,308)		23,108		(6,671)	-	(19,446)	_	(12,279)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(	14,386)		(2,357)		(23,762)		(5,671)		(23,142)		(69,318)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	•	20,582	_	13,428		106,616		40,398		119,964	_	300,988
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	6,196	\$	11,071	\$	82,854 (cor	\$ ntinu	34,727 ed)	\$	96,822	\$_	231,670

#### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

Reconciliation of operating income to	(	Operating Group	-	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds	<del>-</del>	Housing Finance Program Bonds	-	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	<del>-</del>	Totals
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:											
Operating income (loss)	\$	(7,329)	\$_	(35)	\$ 3,950	\$_	4,853	\$	7,759	\$_	9,198
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to											
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:											
Depreciation		511		_	-		-		-		511
Pension expense		566		-	-		-		-		566
Changes in assets and liabilities:											
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(229)		85	13,102		9,722		2,857		25,537
(Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable		21		25	1,723		578		(780)		1,567
(Increase) in deferred pension outflows		(1,586)		_	· -		-		` -		(1,586)
(Increase) decrease in mortgage loans receivable		133		395	149,884		63,483		(203,100)		10,795
(Increase) in due from federal government		(484)		-	· -		-		-		(484)
Decrease in interfund receivables		1,299		-	-		-		-		1,299
(Decrease) in interfund payables		-		-	-		-		(1,299)		(1,299)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		1,902		27	(131)		(60)		935		2,673
Increase in accrued payroll /											
compensated absences		121		-	-		-		-		121
Increase in due to primary government		1		-	-		-		-		1
Increase in arbitrage rebate liability		-		-	1,291		-		-		1,291
Investment income included as operating revenue		(38)		(71)	(3,328)		(744)		(1,691)		(5,872)
Interest expense included as operating expense		-		-	23,713		13,456		24,876		62,045
Issuance cost included as operating expense		-		-	-		-		2,311		2,311
Total adjustments	_	2,217	_	461	186,254	_	86,435	-	(175,891)	_	99,476
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(5,112)	\$_	426	\$ 190,204	\$_	91,288	\$	(168,132)	\$_	108,674
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:											
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$		\$_	6	\$ 559	\$_	(220)	\$	(277)	\$_	68
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$		\$	6	\$ 559	\$	(220)	\$	(277)	\$	68



### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015



## STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

PHONE (615) 401-7897 FAX (615) 532-2765

SUITE 1500, JAMES K. POLK STATE OFFICE BUILDING 505 DEADERICK STREET NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Bill Haslam, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the Board of Directors Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness

of accounting policies used and reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. Tennessee statutes, in addition to audit responsibilities, entrust certain other responsibilities to the Comptroller of the Treasury. Those responsibilities include serving as a member of the board of directors of Tennessee Housing Development Agency. We do not believe that the Comptroller's service in this capacity affected our ability to conduct an independent audit of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in the Notes, the agency implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASBS) 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASBS 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, during the year ended June 30, 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the other postemployment benefits schedule of funding progress, schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability for the Closed State and Higher Education Pension Plan, schedule of contributions to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan, and schedule of contributions to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2015, on our consideration of the agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Deborah V. Loveless, CPA

Deborah V. Loreline

Director

December 23, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2015

This section of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's (THDA) annual financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of THDA's financial performance for the years ended June 30, 2015, with comparative information presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of THDA and to meet the financial reporting and disclosure requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements -- and Management's Discussion and Analysis -- for State and Local Governments*. This section should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### <u>INTRODUCTION – THE TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY</u>

The mission statement of THDA is "Leading Tennessee Home by creating safe, sound, affordable housing opportunities." THDA's goal is to provide housing assistance to those in need by offering a variety of housing-related programs. One of the primary ways THDA assists Tennesseans is by offering mortgages for first-time homebuyers at below conventional market interest rates. At the close of fiscal year 2015, THDA has originated over 115,000 single-family mortgage loans in its 42-year history, and serves as the master servicer for all active mortgages it funds. In addition to helping homebuyers, THDA administers Section 8 rental assistance programs, including the tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program in approximately 74 of Tennessee's 95 counties, as well as the project-based Contract Administration program for approximately 400 contracts throughout all of Tennessee. THDA also administers grant programs, awarded on a competitive annual cycle, for rehabilitation and new construction of owner-occupied units and small rental projects. THDA is also involved in the development and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for low-income families by administering the federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit, which is a competitive process, and by setting aside a portion of bond authority to be allocated to local issuing authorities for specific multifamily developments.

More recently, THDA has administered programs under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), including the Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program (HPRP), the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP), the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), and a Low Income Housing Tax Credit exchange program under Section 1602 of the Act.

As established by statute, "The agency shall have a board of directors which shall be responsible for carrying out the powers given to the agency. . ." (*Tennessee Code Annotated 13-23-105*). This board meets regularly on a bi-monthly basis; however, some committees may meet more often as situations dictate.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include statements of net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statements of cash flows, as well as notes to the financial statements. The statements of net position provide financial information on the overall financial position of THDA at each year end. The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position summarize the results of operations over the course of each fiscal year. The statements of cash flows provide relevant information about THDA's cash receipts and cash payments during each fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

The notes to the financial statements provide essential information regarding THDA's significant accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, certain material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events.

THDA's financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. In addition to the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information is included.

THDA is also considered to be a discreetly presented "component unit" for the State of Tennessee, and therefore, its financial information is reported in the State of Tennessee's government-wide *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This report may be viewed at <a href="http://www.tn.gov/finance/article/fa-accfin-cafr">http://www.tn.gov/finance/article/fa-accfin-cafr</a>.

During fiscal year 2015, THDA implemented accounting standard GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The Statement requires the reporting of an organization's net pension liability on the face of the financial statements. Implementation of this Statement resulted in a revision of THDA's Net Position as of July 1, 2014, which has been reported as a Prior Period Adjustment.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### Year Ended June 30, 2015

- Total assets increased by \$1.9 million, or 0.1%.
- Deferred outflows of resources increased \$1.4 million, or 112.2%.
- Total liabilities increased by \$11.6 million, or 0.6%.
- Net position was \$514.4 million. This is a decrease of \$12.5 million, or 2.4%, from fiscal year 2014.
- Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$27.6 million, or 10.1%.
- Total investments increased by \$3.3 million, or 1.3%.
- Bonds payable decreased by \$5.1 million, or 0.3%.
- Deferred inflows of resources increased \$4.3 million. The amount of deferred inflows of resources as reported on the FY 2014 financial statements was \$0.
- THDA originated \$250.8 million in new loans, which is an increase of \$23.5 million, or 10.3%, from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AGENCY

**Net Position.** The following table focuses on the changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Current assets	\$ 442,792		\$ 400,662
Capital assets	512		626
Other noncurrent assets	 2,123,193	_	2,163,308
		•	_
Total assets	 2,566,497		2,564,596
Deferred outflows of resources	 2,653		1,250
Current liabilities	191,375		171,907
Noncurrent liabilities	 1,859,097		1,867,011
Total liabilities	2,050,472		2,038,918
Deferred inflows of resources	4,271		-
Invested in capital assets	512		626
Restricted net position	441,196		449,905
Unrestricted net position	72,699		76,397
Total net position	\$ 514,407	:	\$ 526,928

#### 2015 to 2014

- THDA's total net position decreased by \$12.5 million, or 2.4%, from \$526.9 million at June 30, 2014 to \$514.4 million at June 30, 2015. This change resulted from a decrease in net position of \$6.8 million for the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle caused by the implementation of GASB 68, operating income of \$9.7 million, and non-operating expenses of \$15.4 million.
- First and Second mortgage loans receivable decreased by \$33.5 million or 1.7% from \$1,966.3 million on June 30, 2014 to \$1,932.8 million on June 30, 2015. During FY 2015, single-family mortgage loan originations increased by \$23.5 million or 10.3% from \$227.3 million at June 30, 2014 to \$250.8 million at June 30, 2015. Mortgage loan payoffs increased by \$38.4 million or 26.0% from \$147.6 million at June 30, 2014 to \$186.0 million at June 30, 2015. Mortgage loan repayments increased \$2.3 million, or 4.5%, from \$51.2 million at June 30, 2014 to \$53.5 million at June 30, 2015. In addition, THDA recognized an allowance for forgivable second mortgages of \$2.9 million, whereas no such allowance was recorded at June 30, 2014.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2015

• Total liabilities increased \$11.6 million or 0.6% from \$2,038.9 million on June 30, 2014 to \$2,050.5 million on June 30, 2015. The increase is primarily due to an increase in accounts payable at June 30, 2015 as compared to June 30, 2014, as well as reporting a pension liability as a result of implementing GASB 68.

**Changes in Net Position.** The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Operating revenues			
Mortgage interest income	\$	96,999	\$ 102,108
Investment income		6,535	6,346
Other		16,512	 19,027
Total operating revenues		120,046	 127,481
Operating expenses			
Interest expense		66,389	70,390
Other		43,932	 42,941
Total operating expenses		110,321	 113,331
Operating income		9,725	 14,150
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Grant revenues		307,012	295,814
Grant expenses		(322,465)	 (309,503)
Total nonoperating revenues	'	_	 _
(expenses)		(15,453)	 (13,689)
Change in net position	\$	(5,728)	\$ 461

#### 2015 to 2014

Total operating revenues decreased \$7.4 million, or 5.8%, from \$127.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, to \$120.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2015. The primary reasons for this decrease are as follows:

- Mortgage interest income decreased \$5.1 million, or 5.0%, from \$102.1 million in 2014 to \$97.0 million in 2015. This is due to new mortgage loan originations having lower interest rates than those associated with mortgage loan repayments.
- Total operating expenses decreased \$3.0 million, or 2.7%, from \$113.3 million in fiscal year 2014 to \$110.3 million in fiscal year 2015. A leading factor in this decrease is a decrease in interest expense, due to the use of mortgage loan prepayments to redeem

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2015

bonds in advance of their maturities, as well as refunding outstanding bonds with new bonds bearing a lower interest rate.

#### **DEBT ACTIVITY**

Bonds outstanding at June 30 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Bonds payable	\$ 1,979,170	\$ 1,984,298

#### Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total bonds and notes payable decreased \$5.1 million, or 0.3%, due primarily to an increase in the redemption of bonds as compared to recent fiscal years. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$477.8 million, with activity arising from three bond issues.

With interest rates remaining at historically low levels, THDA continued to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments. THDA refunded \$213.4 million of outstanding bonds into new bond originations with lower interest rates.

#### **Bond Ratings**

For bonds issued under the Homeownership Program Bonds, Moody's Investor Service, Inc. (Moody's) has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1, and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P), a division of the The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

For bonds issued under the Housing Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2. These bonds are not rated by S&P.

For bonds issued under the Residential Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1 and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

There were no revisions to THDA's bond ratings during FY 2015 or FY 2014.

#### **Debt Limits**

In accordance with *Tennessee Code Annotated*, 13-23-121, THDA operates under a "debt ceiling" of \$2,930,000,000.

#### **GRANT PROGRAMS**

During FY 2007 through FY 2009, the General Assembly has appropriated revenue to THDA for grant programs. Likewise, THDA's board of directors has allocated additional THDA funds for grants. These funds established a grant program that has been titled by the THDA as the "Tennessee Housing Trust Fund."

The four-level model for funding this grant program includes state appropriations, THDA funds, private sector investment, and matching funds from local grantees. The purpose of this grant program is to serve the needs of low and/or very low income, elderly, and special needs Tennesseans. Funding and uses for the Housing Trust Fund are as follows:

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2015

	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013	F	Y 2012 and Prior	Total
Funding Sources:						
THDA	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 9,300,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$	36,500,000	\$ 59,800,000
State Appropriation	_	-			4,350,000	4,350,000
Totals	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 9,300,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$	40,850,000	\$ 64,150,000
Approved Uses:						
Rural repair program (USDA)	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$	4,200,000	\$ 6,300,000
Ramp Programs & Hsg Modification	150,000	150,000	150,000		900,000	1,350,000
Emergency Repairs	1,800,000	2,000,000	-		12,000,000	15,800,000
Competitive Grants	2,850,000	3,850,000	5,150,000		22,950,000	34,800,000
Rebuild & Recover	500,000	2,300,000	-		-	2,800,000
Other Grants	1,500,000	300,000	500,000		800,000	3,100,000
Totals	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 9,300,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$	40,850,000	\$ 64,150,000

In addition to the above funding, local grants could produce an additional \$4 million or more in funding each year. Also, the Emergency Repairs for the Elderly program and the Competitive Grants have a 50% grantee match requirement.

#### CURRENT MORTGAGE PRODUCTS AND ENVIRONMENT

In October of 2013, THDA made a significant change to its mortgage lending program. On October 1, 2013, the *Great Choice* and the *Great Choice Plus* loan programs were introduced and the *Great Rate*, *Great Advantage* and *Great Start* loan programs were eliminated. The *Great Choice* loan program offers THDA the opportunity to offer a more competitive interest rate on its 30 year fixed rate mortgage product while still offering down payment assistance with the addition of the *Great Choice Plus* loan program which is a second mortgage at a 0% interest rate for a term of 10 years. During fiscal year 2015, the *Great Choice Plus* loan product was modified to a forgivable second mortgage, in which 100% of the loan amount must be repaid if the home is sold or the associated first mortgage is refinanced within the first nine years of closing. Beginning in year 10, the loan is forgiven at the rate of 20% per year. The loan is fully forgiven at the end of year 15.

A special interest rate reduction on *Great Choice* loan program has been designated to ensure that qualified service men and women have access to affordable homeownership opportunities. This special offer, referred to as "*Homeownership for the Brave*", provides a 0.5% rate reduction on the current interest rate for *Great Choice* loans. In addition to the rate reduction, "*Homeownership for the Brave*" applicants are eligible for optional down payment and closing cost assistance through the *Great Choice Plus* second mortgage loan at a 0% interest rate.

All loans made or purchased by THDA are fixed-rate mortgages with a maximum loan term of 360 months (30 years), and must conform to insurer / guarantor underwriting guidelines. THDA does not make or purchase adjustable rate mortgages (ARMs), interest-only mortgages, "buydown" loans, mortgages with a future lump-sum payment due (balloon-type mortgage), or with other similar mortgage terms. THDA does not make or purchase "sub-prime" mortgage loans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

Single-family mortgage loans purchased by THDA with loan-to-value (LTV) ratios between 78% and 97% must have an acceptable insurer/guarantor, which includes:

- FHA (United States Department of Housing and Urban Development)
- VA (Veterans Administration Guaranty Program)
- USDA/RD (the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development, formerly Farmers Home Administration)
- Private mortgage insurance

THDA will accept private mortgage insurance provided from private mortgage insurers, who are licensed by the Tennessee Commissioner of Commerce and Insurance to do business in Tennessee and are rated at least AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Group. THDA will allow privately insured loans underwritten using nationally accepted underwriting guidelines established by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. These loans must be approved through an automated underwriting system such as Desktop Underwriter or Loan Prospector with no expanded approvals. Such privately insured mortgage loans may have loan-to-value ratios up to and including 97% of the lesser of the purchase price or the appraised value. Loans with a 78% LTV or lower do not require mortgage insurance. A detailed chart of these mortgage loan products and primary mortgage loan terms may be obtained from THDA's internet site at <a href="http://www.thda.org/index.aspx?NID=8">http://www.thda.org/index.aspx?NID=8</a>.

For the past several years, THDA has closely monitored its loan portfolio for delinquency and foreclosures. This monitoring has included analysis based on loan type (Great Choice, Great Choice Plus, Homeownership for the Brave), insurer/guarantor (FHA, VA, RECD, private mortgage insurer), mortgage loan servicer, down-payment assistance, and other factors as deemed necessary.

As of June 30, 2015, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of Loans		
Loan Status	Loans Serviced	in Status	Principal Amount	Percentage
60-89 Days Past Due	24,101	538	\$ 42,001,519	2.23%
90+ Days Past Due	24,101	1,296	105,118,036	5.38%
In Foreclosure	24,101	338	24,993,487	1.40%

Note: Percentage is calculated by dividing the "Number of Loans in Status" by the "Total Number of Loans Serviced."

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

In accordance with THDA's investment policy, THDA typically invests in short-term and long-term fixed-rate debt securities from federal agencies. As a bench-mark, THDA uses the one-, three-, and five-year Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) rates as established by the United States Treasury.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

The continuation of relatively low interest rates from a historic perspective increased the likelihood of negative arbitrage, in which the interest rates on THDA's bond issues exceeds the current investment interest rates. THDA monitors prepayments and bond investment yields, and seeks to reduce negative arbitrage by calling bonds with the funds from prepayments.

#### **CONTACTING THDA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide THDA's stakeholders with a general overview of THDA's finances and to show accountability for the funds that it receives, invests, and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Trent Ridley, Chief Financial Officer at (615) 815-2012 or via e-mail at TRidley@thda.org.

## TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	2015
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 275,510
Investments (Note 2)	42,603
Receivables: Accounts	20 507
Interest	29,597 13,556
First mortgage loans	53,465
Due from federal government	28,051
Prepaid expenses	10
Total current assets	442,792
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	25,478
Investments (Note 2)	178,624
Investment interest receivable Investments (Note 2)	1,573 35,056
First mortgage loans receivable	1,869,777
Second mortgage loans receivable	12,505
Allowance for forgivable second mortgages	(2,904)
Advance to local government	3,084
Capital assets:	
Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	1,561 (1,049)
Total noncurrent assets	2,123,705
Total assets	2,566,497
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refundings	981
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 6)	1,672
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,653
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	11,444
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	587
Compensated absences	585
Due to primary government Interest payable	71 32,325
Escrow deposits	76
Prepayments on mortgage loans	1,165
Due to federal government	14,667
Bonds payable (Note 4)	130,455
Total current liabilities	191,375
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable (Note 4)	1,848,715
Compensated absences	622
Net pension liability (Note 6)	2,964
Net OPEB obligation (Note 10)	1,516
Escrow deposits Arbitrage rebate payable	2,477 2,803
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,859,097
Total liabilities	2,050,472
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 6)	4,271
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,271
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	512
Restricted for single family bond programs (Note 5 and Note 8)	426,741
Restricted for grant programs (Note 5)	11,302
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program (Note 5)	3,153
Unrestricted (Note 8)	72,699
Total net position	\$ 514,407

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	_	2015
OPERATING REVENUES	_	
Mortgage interest income Investment income:	\$	96,999
Interest		10,413
Net (decrease) in the fair value		
of investments		(3,878)
Federal grant administration fees		14,920
Fees and other income	-	1,592
Total operating revenues	-	120,046
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits		15,147
Contractual services		6,478
Materials and supplies		657
Rentals and insurance		30
Other administrative expenses		476
Other program expenses		10,185
Interest expense		66,389
Mortgage service fees		7,076
Issuance costs		3,538
Depreciation	-	345
Total operating expenses	-	110,321
Operating income	-	9,725
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants revenue		307,010
Other grants revenue		2
Federal grants expenses		(307,165)
Local grants expenses	_	(15,300)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(15,453)
Change in net position	-	(5,728)
Total net position, July 1		526,928
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle (Note 3)		(6,793)
Total net position, July 1, as restated		520,135
Total net position, June 30	\$	514,407
	Ψ.	J, .07

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

		2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$	380,448
Receipts from federal government		14,708
Other miscellaneous receipts		1,592
Acquisition of mortgage loans		(250,764)
Payments to service mortgages		(5,914)
Payments to suppliers		(14,245)
Payments to or for employees		(16,603)
Net cash provided by operating activities		109,222
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Operating grants received		309,194
Proceeds from sale of bonds		477,824
Operating grants paid		(315,029)
Cost of issuance paid		(3,538)
Principal payments		(477,870)
Interest paid		(75,380)
Net cash used by non-capital financing activities		(84,799)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchases of capital assets		(231)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(231)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		124,834
Purchases of investments		(132,012)
Investment interest received		10,548
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value		
reporting and classified as cash equivalents		23
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,393
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		27,585
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		273,403
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	300,988
	*	(continued)
		• •

#### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

		2015
Reconciliation of operating income to		2010
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	9,725
21	·	-, -
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		345
Pension expense		442
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		3,344
Decrease in mortgage interest receivable		321
(Increase) in deferred pension outflows		(1,672)
Decrease in mortgage loans receivable		33,435
(Increase) in due from federal government		(212)
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(1,546)
Increase in accrued payroll /		
compensated absences		75
(Decrease) in due to primary government		(1)
Increase in arbitrage rebate liability		1,574
Investment income (loss) included as operating revenue		(6,535)
Interest expense included as operating expense		66,389
Issuance cost included as operating expense		3,538
Total adjustments		99,497
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	109,222
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:		
(Decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	(4,933)
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$ 	(4,933)
Total Horizon involving, capital, and infarioring activities	Ψ	(-1,000)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Reporting Entity

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency was created by an act of the legislature (Chapter 241, Public Acts, 1973). The act was approved by the Governor on May 14, 1973. The enabling legislation can be found in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 13-23-101 et seq. The purpose of the agency is to improve housing and living conditions for lower- and moderate-income persons and families in Tennessee by making loans and mortgages to qualified sponsors, builders, developers, and purchasers of low- and moderate-income family dwellings.

The agency is governed by a board of directors. The Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance and Administration, and a Staff Assistant to the Governor serve as *ex officio* board members of the Agency. The remaining members are appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the State Senate, and the Speaker of the State House of Representatives. Board members are to be representatives of the housing, real estate, or home building industries; the mortgage profession; local governments; or one of the three grand divisions of the state, and must be knowledgeable about the problems of inadequate housing conditions in Tennessee. One member of the board is a resident board member as required by Section 505 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and 24 CFR Part 964, Subpart E. *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 13-23-101 et seq. was amended to revise the composition of the board of directors, effective July 1, 2013.

In order to accomplish its objectives, the agency is authorized to raise funds through the issuance of bonds and notes. Bonds and notes issued by the agency are not general obligations of the State of Tennessee or any of its political subdivisions, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any political subdivision is pledged for payment of the principal or interest on such bonds or notes.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency is a component unit of the State of Tennessee. Although the agency is a separate legal entity, the state appoints a majority of its governing body and approves its operating budget. The agency is discretely presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

#### b. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Certain accounting policies and procedures are stipulated in the agency's Mortgage Finance Program, Single Family Program, Homeownership Program, Housing Finance Program, and General Residential Finance Program bond resolutions and the Single Family Mortgage Notes trust indenture. The agency follows these procedures in establishing and maintaining the various funds and accounts for its programs. Revenues and expenses applicable to each fund and account are recorded therein.

#### c. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cashflows. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the agency's policy to use the restricted resources first. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

#### d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture and office equipment, are defined by the agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

DescriptionEstimated LifeFurniture10 yearsComputer equipment3 years

#### e. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the Debt Service Reserve Funds and the Bond Reserve Funds.

The bond resolutions require the agency to establish a Debt Service Reserve Fund or a Bond Reserve Fund for each bond issue. The bond resolutions require that if the Debt Service and Expense Funds or the Revenue Funds of a bond issue are not sufficient to provide for interest or principal and sinking fund requirements of that issue that funds be transferred from the Debt Service Reserve Fund or the Bond Reserve Fund to cover any deficiency.

#### f. Deferred Amount on Refundings and Bond Premiums and Discounts

- 1. Deferred Amounts on Refundings: The agency amortizes the deferred amount on refundings using the straight-line method.
- 2. Bond Premiums and Discounts: Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount.

#### g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

In addition to demand deposits and deposits in the pooled investment fund administered by the State Treasurer, this classification includes short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### h. Investments

The agency has established guidelines for its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolutions and to comply with the statutes of the State of Tennessee. Permitted investments include the following: direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations guaranteed by the U.S., public housing bonds secured by contracts with the U.S., direct and general obligations of the State of Tennessee or obligations guaranteed by the State of Tennessee, obligations of other states or instrumentalities thereof which are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation, interest bearing time or demand deposits, collateralized certificates of deposit in authorized state depositories, and repurchase agreements collateralized by authorized securities.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost.

#### i. Accrual of Interest Income

Interest on first mortgage loans receivable and investment securities is credited to income as earned and classified as interest receivable.

#### j. Mortgages

Mortgages are carried at their original amount less collected principal.

#### k. Operating Revenues and Expenses

The agency was created with the authority to issue bonds to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the agency into mortgage loans to certain qualified individuals and qualified housing sponsors. The agency's primary operation is to borrow funds in the bond market and issue those funds to make single-family and multi-family loans. The primary operating revenue is the interest income on outstanding mortgages and the investment income from proceeds of bonds. The primary operating expense of the agency is the interest expense on bonds outstanding.

#### l. Allowance for Forgivable Second Mortgages

THDA has offered Down Payment Assistance (DPA) product for several years. Beginning in October 2014, this product changed to a 0% forgivable second mortgage loan, of which 100% of the original principal amount is repayable to THDA if the loan is repaid within ten years of the origination date. Beginning on the eleventh anniversary of the origination date, 20% of the original principal amount will be forgiven. The amount of forgiveness increases an additional 20% on the loan anniversary thereafter. On the 15<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the origination date, 100% of the original principal amount becomes forgiven. Because of the likelihood that some amount of the original principal amount will be forgiven in the course of time, an allowance account has been established for those loans that may enter the forgivable period.

#### m. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### a. Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the agency's deposits may not be returned.

The laws of the State of Tennessee require that collateral be pledged to secure all uninsured deposits. The agency's bond resolutions require deposits to be fully secured.

The agency's deposits are in financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer, except as noted below. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

At June 30, 2015, the bank balance was \$17,206,841. All bank balances at June 30, 2015, were insured, except the Bank of New York Mellon (BNYM) accounts. U.S. Department of the Treasury requires the funds for the Hardest Hit Fund program to be deposited in the BNYM accounts. THDA has no obligation to ensure that the funds in the accounts are collateralized should the amount of money in the account be in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage of \$250,000. THDA will not be responsible for a loss of the funds due to the bank's failure and the lack of adequate collateral. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2015, \$16,820,732 was in the BNYM. Of this amount, \$16,570,732 exceeded the FDIC insurance coverage. The agency has deposits in the State Pooled Investment Fund administered by the State Treasurer. The fund is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The fund's investment policy and required risk disclosures are presented in the *State of Tennessee Treasurer's Report*. That report is available on the state's website at <a href="https://www.treasury.tn.gov">www.treasury.tn.gov</a>.

#### **b.** Investments

As stated in the agency's investment policy, the "prudent man rule" shall be the standard of prudence used by all officials responsible for the investment of assets. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act in the management of his or her own affairs, with consideration of the safety of capital and the probability of income, and avoidance of speculative investments.

The agency's investment policy states that the agency's portfolios will be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The agency may invest 100% of its portfolio in U.S. government securities. A minimum of 5% of the par value of total investments must mature within five years. No more than 50% of the par value of the combined portfolios can be invested in maturities greater than 15 years without approval of the Bond Finance Committee.

Portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentrations of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. It is the intent of this policy that sufficient investments be scheduled to mature to provide for the required liquidity for debt service and other expenditures per resolution requirements.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changing interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price.

	June 30, 2015		
<b>Investment Type</b>	Fair Value	Effective Duration (Years)	
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$144,042,517	2.994	
U.S. Treasury Coupon	77,246,460	2.305	
U.S. Agency Discount	154,992,130	0.076	
Total	\$376,281,107	1.6512	

The portfolios include the following investments, stated at par or face value, which have fair values highly sensitive to interest rate changes. These investments are recorded at fair value in the statement of net position.

#### Variable Rate Bonds

The agency purchased \$2,350,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.75 of par on June 11, 2012, and mature on June 11, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015, is \$2,319,095, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0%

with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 11, 2016, to 3.0% on June 11, 2020; to 4.0% on June 11, 2022; to 6.0% on June 11, 2023; to 7.0% on June 11, 2024; to 8.0% on December 11, 2024; to 10.0% on June 11, 2025; to 12.0% on December 11, 2025; to 14.0% on June 11, 2026; and to 16.0% on December 11, 2026.

The agency purchased \$3,210,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.70 of par on June 28, 2012, and mature on June 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$3,166,835, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 28, 2015; to 3.0% on June 28, 2018; to 4.0% on June 28, 2021; to 5.0% on June 28, 2023; and to 6.5% on June 28, 2025.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 100.12 of par on November 15, 2012 and mature on June 11, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$2,960,547, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 11, 2016; to 3.0% on June 11, 2020; to 4.0% on June 11, 2022; to 6.0% on June 11, 2023; to 7.0% on June 11, 2024; to 8.0% on December 11, 2024; to 10.0% on June 11, 2025; to 12.0% on December 11, 2026; and to 16.0% on December 11, 2026.

The agency purchased \$4,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.80 of par on November 8, 2012. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on November 8, 2027, these bonds were called on May 8, 2015.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.45 of par on November 23, 2012, and mature on November 23, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$2,676,093, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.125% on November 23, 2017; to 2.25% on November 23, 2020; to 2.5% on November 23, 2023; to 3.0% on November 23, 2024; to 4.0% on May 23, 2025; to 6.0% on November 23, 2025; to 8.0% on May 23, 2026; to 11.0% on November 23, 2026; and to 14% on May 23, 2027. This investment is callable quarterly beginning May 23, 2013, and ending November 23, 2015.

The agency purchased \$2,400,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.65 of par on December 21, 2012 and mature on December 21, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$2,243,767, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated

coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.25% on December 21, 2017; to 2.5% on December 21, 2020; to 3.0% on December 21, 2022; to 4.0% on December 21, 2023; to 5.0% on December 21, 2024; to 6.0% on December 21, 2025; to 8.0% on June 21, 2026; to 10.0% on December 21, 2026; and to 12.0% on June 21, 2027. This investment is callable quarterly beginning June 21, 2013, and ending December 21, 2018.

The agency purchased \$2,750,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.90 of par on January 30, 2013 and mature on January 30, 2025. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$2,696,378, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.25% on January 30, 2018; to 2.5% on January 30, 2021; to 3.0% on January 30, 2022; to 5.0% on January 30, 2023; to 7.0% on July 30, 2023; and to 9.0% on January 30, 2024. This investment is callable quarterly beginning July 30, 2013, and ending October 30, 2016.

The agency purchased \$1,500,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 100.18 of par on November 7, 2012, and mature on June 28, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$1,487,250, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 4.0% on June 28, 2017; to 5.0% on June 28, 2024; and to 6.5% on June 28, 2026. This investment is callable quarterly beginning December 28, 2012, and ending December 28, 2015.

The agency purchased \$2,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.70 of par on August 27, 2012, and mature on August 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$1,987,664, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.5% with a step-up option to 2.5% on August 27, 2015; to 3.5% on August 27, 2018; to 4.5% on August 27, 2021; and to 5.5% on August 27, 2024. This investment is callable quarterly beginning August 27, 2012, and ending November 27, 2015.

The agency purchased \$5,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on December 27, 2012, and mature on December 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$4,869,600, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.0% with a step-up option to 2.0% on June 27, 2013, and to 3.15% on December 27, 2013. This investment is callable quarterly beginning June 27, 2013, and ending December 27, 2016.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on December 27, 2012, and mature on December 27, 2017. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on December 27, 2017, they were sold internally on November 20, 2014. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$2,998,458, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 0.6% with a step-up option to 0.7% on December 27, 2014; to 1.0% on December 27, 2015; to 1.5% on December 27, 2016; and to 3.0% on June 27, 2017. This investment is callable quarterly beginning December 27, 2013, and ending December 27, 2016.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on December 28, 2012, and mature on December 28, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2015 is \$2,944,083, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 3.0% on December 28, 2017; to 4.0% on December 28, 2020; to 5.0% on December 28, 2024; and to 6.0% on December 28, 2025. This investment is callable quarterly beginning June 28, 2013, and ending December 28, 2017.

<u>Credit Risk</u> Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Refer to Note 1.h for further explanation of the agency's permitted investments. Credit quality ratings for the agency's investments as of June 30, 2015, are included in the schedule below. Securities are rated using Standard and Poor's and/or Moody's and are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

June 30, 2015						
			Cr	edit Quality Rati	ng	
Investment Type	Fair Value	U.S. Treasury <sup>1</sup>	AA+	AA-2	Not Rated <sup>2</sup>	
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$144,042,517		\$126,719,822	\$4,555,652	\$12,767,043	
U.S. Treasury Coupon	77,246,460	\$77,246,460				
U.S. Agency Discount	154,992,130				154,992,130	
Total	\$376,281,107	\$77,246,460	\$126,719,822	\$4,555,652	\$167,759,173	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This column includes obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This column includes securities that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, but are not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the agency's investment in a single issuer.

More than 5% of the agency's investments are invested in the following single issuers:

	June 30, 2015		
<u>Issuer</u>	Fair Value % of Portfo		
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$215,105,442	57.17	
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	\$53,208,579	14.14	

#### NOTE 3. CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF A CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During fiscal year 2015, Tennessee Housing Development Agency implemented *GASB Statement* 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. GASB Statement 68 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of the net pension liability and related expenses, deferred inflows, note disclosures and required supplementary information. The implementation of GASB Statement 68 resulted in a cumulative adjustment to the beginning net position of \$(6,792,803). This cumulative adjustment does not include related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources.

#### **NOTE 4. LIABILITIES**

#### a. Bonds Issued and Outstanding

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)					
			Interest	Ending	
		Issued	Rate	Balance	
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2015	
HOMEOWNERSHIP	PROGRAM BONDS				
2005-2	1/1/2007-7/1/2036	100,000	3.00 to 5.00	27,395	
2006-1	7/1/2007-1/1/2037	100,000	3.55 to 5.75	24,185	
2006-2	7/1/2007-1/1/2037	100,000	3.90 to 5.75	22,945	
2006-3	1/1/2008-7/1/2037	100,000	3.65 to 5.75	30,935	
2007-1	7/1/2008-1/1/2038	100,000	3.65 to 5.50	34,055	
2007-2	7/1/2008-7/1/2038	120,000	3.75 to 5.25	45,200	
2007-3	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.85 to 5.50	51,365	
2007-4	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.75 to 5.50	56,675	
2008-1	7/1/2009-1/1/2039	60,000	2.45 to 5.70	21,760	
2008-3	7/1/2009-7/1/2038	90,000	2.00 to 5.45	18,430	
2009-1	1/1/2010-7/1/2029	50,000	0.75 to 5.00	26,500	
2009-2	7/1/2010-7/1/2030	75,000	0.90 to 5.00	40,090	
2010-1	1/1/2011-7/1/2025	120,700	0.35 to 4.50	62,585	
2011-1	7/1/2012-7/1/2042	141,255	0.60 to 4.65	96,835	
2012-1	1/1/2013-7/1/2042	133,110	0.80 to 4.50	103,190	
2012-2	7/1/2013-7/1/2043	97,625	0.50 to 4.00	81,890	
Total Homeownership	\$744,035				
Plus: Unamortized Bor	6,883				
Less: Unamortized Box	nd Discount			(133)	
Net Homeownership Pr	rogram Bonds			\$750,785	
1	C				

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)							
			Interest	Ending			
		Issued	Rate	Balance			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2015			
HOUSING FINANCI	E PROGRAM BONDS	3					
2009-A	1/1/2011-1/1/2040	\$100,000	0.90 to 4.625	\$20,325			
2010-A	1/1/2011-7/1/2041	160,000	0.60 to 5.00	34,305			
2010-В	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	72,770			
2011-A	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	24,175			
2011-B	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.25 to 4.50	79,500			
2011-C	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.40 to 4.30	79,525			
2015-A	1/1/2016-7/1/2045	150,000	0.30 to 3.85	163,850			
Total Housing Finance	Program Bonds	\$810,000		\$474,450			
Plus: Unamortized Bo	nd Premiums			5,415			
Net Housing Finance I	Program Bonds			\$479,865			

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)						
			Interest	Ending		
		Issued	Rate	Balance		
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2015		
RESIDENTIAL FIN	NANCE PROGRAM BO	ONDS				
2013-1	1/1/2014-7/1/2043	\$215,905	0.40 to 4.00	\$177,520		
2013-2	7/1/2014-7/1/2043	121,300	0.45 to 4.65	109,615		
2014-1	1/1/2015-7/1/2039	150,000	0.32 to 4.00	143,350		
2014-2	7/1/2015-7-1-2045	150,000	0.25 to 4.00	150,000		
2015-1	1/1/2016-7/1/2045	150,000	0.50 to 4.05	150,000		
Total Residential Fina	ance Program Bonds	\$787,205		\$730,485		
Plus: Unamortized B	18,035					
Net Residential Finan	\$748,520					
Net Total All Issues				\$1,979,170		

Housing Finance Program Bonds The Housing Finance Program Bonds were established on December 23, 2009, to allow the agency to participate in the U.S. Department of Treasury New Issue Bond Program (NIBP), which was created to assist state and local housing finance agencies in acquiring cost-effective mortgage loan capital. THDA could release funds from issue 2009-B up to six times before December 31, 2011.

The first release and conversion from 2009-B was on June 17, 2010, in the amount of \$85,290,000. The \$85,290,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-A bonds in the amount of \$74,710,000 for a total of \$160,000,000.

The second release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 10, 2010, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The third release and conversion from 2009-B was on April 14, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-A bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fourth release and conversion from 2009-B was on August 25, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fifth and final release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 3, 2011, in the amount of \$34,710,000. The \$34,710,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-C bonds in the amount of \$65,290,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

#### b. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2015, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the			
Year(s) Ending			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2016	\$130,210	\$66,327	\$196,537
2017	60,840	67,253	128,093
2018	62,240	65,731	127,971
2019	65,205	63,938	129,143
2020	67,515	61,921	129,436
2021 - 2025	371,950	272,510	644,460
2026 - 2030	344,895	202,692	547,587
2031 - 2035	357,140	132,603	489,743
2036 - 2040	327,036	63,012	390,048
2041 - 2045	161,939	13,973	175,912
		_	_
Total	\$1,948,970	\$1,009,960	\$2,958,930

#### c. Redemption of Bonds and Notes

During the year ended June 30, 2015, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$80,555,000, in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$61,800,000, and in the Residential Finance Program in the amount of \$9,740,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$82,200,775, \$62,080,414 and \$10,014,860. This resulted in revenue to the Homeownership Program of \$1,645,775, to the Housing Finance Program of \$280,414, and to the Residential Finance Program of \$274,860.

On May 29, 2014, the agency issued \$150,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2014-1. On July 1, 2014, the agency used \$30,375,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$30,375,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$30,375,000. The refunding increased the agency's debt service by \$2,086,324 over the next 20 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$603,145.

On November 20, 2014, the agency issued \$150,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2014-2. On January 1, 2015, the agency used \$32,955,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists

of \$32,955,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$32,970,071. The refunding increased the agency's debt service by \$2,804,783 over the next 20.5 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$628,626.

On May 28, 2015, the agency issued \$163,850,000 in Housing Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2015-A. On June 1, 2015, the agency used \$153,040,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Housing Finance Program (this amount consists of \$153,040,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$153,040,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$12,922,997 over the next 24.5 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$2,296,133.

#### d. Long-term Liability Activity

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015.

<b>Long-term Liabilities</b> (Thousands)						
	Beginning Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable	\$1,962,990	\$463,850	(\$477,870)	\$1,948,970	\$130,455	
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	21,477	13,975	(5,119)	30,333	-0-	
Less: Unamortized Bond Discounts	(169)	-0-	36	(133)	-0-	
Compensated Absences	1,210	80	(83)	1,207	585	
Net Pension Liability	8,557	-0-	(5,593)	2,964	-0-	
Escrow Deposits	2,220	1,336	(1,003)	2,553	76	
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	1,229	1,574	(-0-)	2,803	-0-	
Total	\$1,997,514	\$480,815	(\$489,632)	\$1,988,697	\$131,116	

#### NOTE 5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The amount shown on the statement of net position as Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is contractually pledged, under the bond resolutions of the agency, to the owners of the bonds issued under such bond resolutions. As pledged assets, the contractual provisions of the bond resolutions restrict the use of such assets. However, the assets may be removed from the lien of the bond resolutions if certain parity tests, as established by the respective bond resolutions, are satisfied. Assets removed from the lien of the respective bond resolutions may be used for other purposes.

The amount shown as Restricted for Grant Programs represents unexpended grant money that has been awarded to grantees through various grant programs administered by the agency.

The amount shown as Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program represents the amount of net position restricted for a pilot program that funds zero interest loans for down payment and closing costs. The use of this net position is restricted under legislation enacted in fiscal year 1986.

#### NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS

#### a. Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

<u>Plan description</u> State employees and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan. This plan is a component of the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan stopped accepting new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, a new agent defined benefit retirement plan, the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, became effective for state employees and higher education employees hired on or after July 1, 2014.

The TCRS was created by state statute under Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

<u>Benefits provided</u> Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated* establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined using the following formula:

Average of Member's Highest				Years		
Compensation for 5 Consecutive	X	1.50%	v	of Service	X	105%
Years (up to Social Security	А	1.5070	X	Service	А	10570
Integration Level)				Credit		
Plus:						
Average of Member's Highest				Years		
Compensation for 5 Consecutive		1.75%		of		105%
Years (over Social Security	X	1./3%	Х	of Service	X	103%
Integration Level)				Credit		

A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 and vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2<sup>nd</sup> of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

<u>Contributions</u> Contributions for state employees and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Tennessee Housing Development Agency employees are non-contributory, as are most members in the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan. State and higher education agencies make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan are required to be paid. Employer contributions by Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2015 to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan were \$1,652,466 which is 15.03 percent of

covered payroll. The employer rate is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

### Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

<u>Pension liability</u> At June 30, 2015, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported a liability of \$2,963,885 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of Tennessee Housing Development Agency's contributions during the year ended June 30, 2014 to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating state and higher education agencies. At the June 30, 2014 measurement date, Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion of the central state liability was .424758 percent, representing the first time presentation of this proportion.

<u>Pension expense</u> For the year ended June 30, 2015, Tennessee Housing Development Agency recognized a pension expense of \$441,581.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources</u> For the year ended June 30, 2015, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	639,392
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension			
plan investments Tennessee Housing Development	-		3,631,106
Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement			
date of June 30, 2014	1,652,466	_	-
Total	\$ 1,652,466	\$	4,270,498

Deferred outflows of resources, resulting from Tennessee Housing Development Agency's employer contributions of \$1,652,466 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30:

2016	\$ (1,067,625)
2017	(1,067,625)
2018	(1,067,625)
2019	(1,067,623)
2020	-
Thereafter	-

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on

age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

Cost-of Living Adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates were customized based on the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926

to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Real	Target	
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Allocation	
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%	
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%	
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%	
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%	
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%	
Real estate	4.73%	7%	
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%	
		100%	

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

<u>Discount rate</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the all state and higher education agencies will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate</u> The following presents Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate

share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	_1	% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	_	1% Increase (8.5%)
Tennessee Housing					
Development Agency's					
proportionate share of the net					
pension liability (asset)	\$	10,165,784	\$ 2,963,885	\$	(3,098,235)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

#### **Payable to the Pension Plan**

At June 30, 2015, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported a payable of \$61,392 for the outstanding amount of legally required contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### b. State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

<u>Plan description</u> State and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. TCRS is a multiple-employer pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan was closed effective June 30, 2014 and covers employees hired before July 1, 2014. Employees hired after June 30, 2014 are provided with pensions through a legally separate plan referred to as the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37.

<u>Benefits provided</u> Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are eligible to retire at age

65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Members are entitled to receive unreduced service retirement benefits, which are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2<sup>nd</sup> of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLA, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

Contributions Contributions for state and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. The Tennessee Housing Assembly. Development Agency makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. Per the statutory provisions governing the TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot be less than 4 percent for all aggregate employee groups, except for in years when the maximum funded level, approved by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. By law, employer contributions for the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are required to be paid. **Employer** contributions by Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2015 to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan were \$19,267 which is 3.82 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

### Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

<u>Pension liabilities</u> Since the measurement date is June 30, 2014, which is prior to the July 1, 2014 inception of the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, there is not a net pension liability to report at June 30, 2015.

<u>Pension expense</u> Since the measurement date is June 30, 2014, Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA) did not recognize a pension expense at June 30, 2015.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources</u> For the year ended June 30, 2015, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Tennessee Housing Development	_	_	_	
Agency's contributions				
subsequent to the measurement				
date of June 30, 2014	\$	19,267	\$	(not applicable)

Tennessee Housing Development Agency's employer contributions of \$19,267 reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Payable to the Pension Plan**

At June 30, 2015, THDA reported a payable of \$6,568 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### NOTE 7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency, through the State of Tennessee, offers employees two deferred compensation plans, one established pursuant to IRC, Section 457 and the other pursuant to IRC, Section 401(k). The plans are outsourced to third party vendors and the administrative costs assessed by the vendors of these plans are the responsibility of plan participants. Section 401(k) and Section 457 plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees; therefore, they are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Sections 401(k), and 457 establish participation, contribution, and withdrawal provisions for the plans. Participation in the 457 plan is voluntary for employees. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency provides up to a \$50 monthly employer match for

employees who participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Employees hired before July 1, 2014 voluntarily participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Pursuant to Public Chapter No. 259 of *Public Acts of 2013*, employees hired after June 30, 2014, are automatically enrolled in the state's 401(k) plan and contribute 2% of their salary with the employer contributing an additional non-matching 5%. Employees may opt out of the 2% auto enrollment. Such contribution rates may only be amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. There are certain automatic cost controls and unfunded liability controls in the defined benefit plan where the employees participate that may impact the non-matching 5% employer contribution to the 401(k) plan.

Employees are immediately vested in both the employee and employer contributions in both plans. The IRC establishes maximum limits that an employee can contribute to these plans. The employee may increase, decrease, or stop contributions at any time for either plan.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency recognized a pension expense of \$118,794 for employer contributions.

#### NOTE 8. PROVISIONS FOR MORTGAGE LOAN LOSSES

Most mortgage loans are insured by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or an approved private mortgage insurance company, or are guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The agency's board of directors has established a loan loss reserve of \$750,000 as a provision for potential loan losses arising from participation in the Rural Economic and Community Development (RECD) Loan Guarantee Program. An additional \$232,000 was established as a loan loss reserve against potential losses on loans not specifically covered by one of the above programs, and \$500,000 was established as a loan loss reserve for self-insurance of second mortgages.

Since the amount of net position restricted for single-family bond programs exceeds the amounts necessary for these loan loss reserves, it is not necessary to designate unrestricted net position for this purpose.

#### NOTE 9. INSURANCE-RELATED ACTIVITIES

#### a. Commercial Insurance

The agency carries commercial insurance for risks of loss related to employee dishonesty; general liability protection; and theft of, damage to, or destruction of real and personal property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### b. Risk Management Fund

It is the policy of the state not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks associated with casualty losses for general liability, automobile liability, professional medical malpractice, and workers' compensation. The state's management believes it is more economical to manage these risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Risk Management Fund (RMF). The state purchases commercial insurance for real property, builder's risk (for construction projects starting prior to July 1, 2012), and crime and fidelity coverage on the state's officials and employees. The contractor is responsible for acquiring builder's risk insurance for all construction projects after June 30, 2012; thus, builder's risk is no longer covered by the RMF. For property coverage, the deductible for an individual state agency is the first \$25,000 of losses. The RMF is responsible for property losses for the annual aggregate deductible of \$10 million for perils other than earthquakes and flood. Purchased insurance coverage is responsible for losses exceeding the \$10 million annual aggregate deductible. For earthquake and flood, there is a deductible of \$10 million per occurrence. The maximum insurance coverage is \$750 million per year for perils other than earthquake and flood. The maximum flood insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence, except there is only \$25 million of coverage in flood zones A and V. The maximum earthquake insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the three past fiscal years.

The agency participates in the Risk Management Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on a percentage of the agency's expected loss costs, which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of fiscal year-end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation. Information regarding the determination of the claims liabilities and the changes in the balances of the claims liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013, is presented in the Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The CAFR is available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml. Since the agency participates in the Risk Management Fund, it is subject to the liability limitations under the provisions of the Tennessee Claims Commission Act, Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 9-8-101 et seq. Liability for negligence of the agency for bodily injury and property damage is limited to \$300,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The limits of liability under workers' compensation are set forth in Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 50-6-101 et seq. Claims are paid through the state's Risk Management Fund. At June 30, 2015, the Risk Management Fund held \$127.9 million in cash designated for payment of claims. At June 30, 2015, the scheduled coverage for the agency was \$1.561 million for furniture and equipment.

#### c. Employee Group Insurance Fund

The state has also set aside assets in the Employee Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the state with the risk retained by the state. The agency participates in the Employee Group Insurance Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including the cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims.

#### NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Healthcare is the only other postemployment benefit (OPEB) provided to employees. The State of Tennessee administers a group health insurance program which provides postemployment health insurance benefits to eligible THDA retirees. This program includes two plans - the State Employee Group Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan. For accounting purposes, the plans are agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Benefits are established and amended by an insurance committee created by *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 8-27-101. Prior to reaching the age of 65, members have the option of choosing between the standard or partnership preferred provider organization (PPO) plan for healthcare benefits. Subsequent to age 65, members who are also in the state's retirement system may participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan. That plan does not include pharmacy. The plans are reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at <a href="https://www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml">www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml</a>.

<u>Special Funding Situation</u> - The State of Tennessee is legally responsible for contributions to the Medicare Supplement Plan that covers the retirees of other governmental entities, including the Tennessee Housing Development Agency (see Note 11). The state is the sole contributor for the THDA retirees that participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan and, therefore, is acting as the employer.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The premium requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the insurance committee. The plan is self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates.

Administrative costs of the plan are allocated to plan participants. Retired employees with 30 years of service are subsidized 80 percent; 20 but less than 30 years, 70 percent; and less than 20 years, 60 percent. Retired employees who are 65 years of age or older have flat rate premium subsidies based on years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service receive \$50 per month; 20 but less than 30 years, \$37.50; and 15 but less than 20 years, \$25.

THDA Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation	
State Employee Group Plan	
(Thousands)	

June 30, 2015

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$356
Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation	56
Adjustment to the ARC	(55)
Annual OPEB cost	357
Amount of contribution	(254)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	103
Net OPEB Obligation-beginning of year	1,413
Net OPEB Obligation-end of year	\$1,516

			nnual EB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost	Net O	
Year End	<u>Plan</u>	_	ousands)	<u>Contributed</u>		sands)
6/30/2015	State Employee Group Plan	\$	357	71%	\$	1,516
6/30/2014	State Employee Group Plan	\$	346	68%	\$	1,413
6/30/2013	State Employee Group Plan	\$	359	60%	\$	1,303

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> The funded status of THDA's portion of the state Employee Group Plan as of July 1, 2013, was as follows (thousands):

Actuarial valuation date	7/01/2013
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,964
Actuarial value of plan assets	-0-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,964
Actuarial value of assets as a % of the AAL	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 9,841
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	30%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and probability assumptions far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The

schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the July 1, 2013, actuarial valuation for the Employee Group Plan, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% initially. The rate decreases to 7% in fiscal year 2015, and then reduces by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.7% in fiscal year 2044. All rates include a 2.5% inflation assumption. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis over a 30-year period beginning with July 1, 2007. Payroll is assumed to grow at a rate of 3 percent.

#### NOTE 11. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the State of Tennessee made payments of \$5,525 on behalf of THDA for retirees participating in the Medicare Supplement Plan, The Medicare Supplement Plan is a postemployment benefit healthcare plan and is discussed further in Note 10. The plan is reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at <a href="https://www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml">www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml</a>.

#### NOTE 12. PAYMENTS TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

From time to time, the State of Tennessee has called upon the agency and its resources, together with resources of other departments, agencies, and organizations in state government, to provide funds to the State General Fund to balance the state budget. The following is a description of these occurrences in relationship to the agency. On June 30, 1995, \$15,000,000 from the agency's Housing Program Reserve Fund was transferred to the State General Fund. On June 30, 1998, \$43,000,000 was transferred from the agency to the State General Fund. The \$43,000,000 transferred from the agency came from the following resources of the agency: (i) \$15,459,157 from tax revenues previously directed to the Housing Program Fund;

(ii) \$5,028,761 from the Housing Program Reserve Fund; and (iii) \$22,512,082 from the Assets Fund. On June 30, 2002, a transfer from the agency to the primary government in the amount of \$35,367,449 was made from the Assets Fund for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements of funding the operations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2002.

#### NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

**a.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

July 1, 2015	Homeownership Program		\$40,865,000
	Housing Finance Program		10,490,000
	Residential Finance Program		10,825,000
		Total	\$62,180,000

**b.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

August 1, 2015	Homeownership Program		\$12,535,000
	Housing Finance Program		4,855,000
	Residential Finance Program		7,010,000
		Total	\$24,400,000

**c.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

September 1, 2015	Homeownership Program		\$13,760,000
_	Housing Finance Program		4,880,000
	Residential Finance Program		5,845,000
		Total	\$24.485.000

**d.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

October 1, 2015	Homeownership Program		\$13,155,000
	Housing Finance Program		4,595,000
	Residential Finance Program		5,480,000
	_	Total	\$23,230,000

**e.** Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2015-2, were sold on October 15, 2015. The bond maturities are as follow:

BONDS ISSUED (Thousands)						
			Interest			
	Issued Rate					
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)			
2015-2	7/1/2016-1/1/2046	\$175,000	0.400 to 4.000			

**f.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

November 1, 2015	Homeownership Program		\$11,975,000
	Housing Finance Program		6,410,000
	Residential Finance Program		4,835,000
		Total	\$23,220,000

**g.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

December 1, 2015	Homeownership Program		\$15,680,000
	Housing Finance Program		6,365,000
	Residential Finance Program		5,045,000
		Total	<u>\$27,090,000</u>

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST EMPLOYEE BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (Expressed in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Plan	Val As	uarial ue of ssets	A Li	ctuarial ccrued ability AAL)	J)	nfunded AAL JAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
Date			(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
7/1/2010	State Employee Group Plan State Employee	\$	-0-	\$	3,316	\$	3,316	0%	\$ 8,640	38%
7/1/2011	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	2,919	\$	2,919	0%	\$ 9,818	30%
7/1/2013	State Employee Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	2,964	\$	2,964	0%	\$ 9,841	30%

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY CLOSED STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN WITHIN TCRS (Expressed in Thousands)

	2014
Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion of the net pension liability	.424758%
Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,964
Tennessee Housing Development Agency's covered- employee payroll	\$ 11,601
Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	25.55%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.11%

<sup>\*</sup>To correspond with the measurement date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF TENNESEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY'S CONTRIBUTIONS CLOSED STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN WITHIN TCRS (Expressed in Thousands)

	_	2014		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	1,744	\$	1,652
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	<del>.</del>	1,744		1,652
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	
Tennessee Housing Development Agency's covered- employee payroll \$	-	11,601	\$	10,994
		,	_	
Contribution as a percentage of Tennessee Housing Development Agency's covered-employee payroll		15.03%		15.03%

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in the schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY'S CONTRIBUTIONS STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

(Expressed in Thousands)

	_	2015
Contractually Required Contributions	\$	19
Contributions in relation to the contractually required		
contribution	-	(19)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-
Tennessee Housing Development Agency's covered-employee payroll	\$	498
payton	Ψ	470
Contributions as a percentage of Tennessee Housing		
Development Agency's covered-employee payroll		3.82%

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

## TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

100-70	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	-	Home- ownership Program Bonds	_	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	-	Totals
ASSETS Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents \$ Investments	5,915 -	\$ 13,428	\$	97,295 -	\$	39,330	\$ 119,542 42,603	\$	275,510 42,603
Receivables: Accounts	3	444		15,337		10,259	3,554		29,597
Interest	21	58		6,240		3,594	3,643		13,556
First mortgage loans	6	164		25,100		9,874	18,321		53,465
Due from federal government	28,051	-		-		-	-		28,051
Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	3,488 10	-		-		-	-		3,488 10
·		44.004		440.070	-	00.057	407.000	-	
Total current assets	37,494	14,094		143,972	-	63,057	187,663	-	446,280
Noncurrent assets:									
Restricted assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	14,667			9,321		1,068	422		25,478
Investments	-	-		135,899		19,837	22,888		178,624
Investment Interest receivable	-	-		1,401		104	68		1,573
Investments	- 867	4,684		196		1,866	28,310 623,580		35,056
First mortgage loans receivable Second mortgage loans receivable	- 007	48,246		760,561 12,505		436,523	023,300		1,869,777 12,505
Allowance for forgivable second mortgages	-	-		(2,904)		-	-		(2,904)
Advance to local government	3,084	-		-		-	-		3,084
Capital assets: Furniture and equipment	1,561								1,561
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,049)	-		-		-	-		(1,049)
Total noncurrent assets	19,130	52,930		916,979	_	459,398	675,268	-	2,123,705
Total assets					-	522,455		-	
	56,624	67,024		1,060,951	-	522,455	862,931	-	2,569,985
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				222			759		981
Deferred amount on refundings Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,672	-		-		-	759		1,672
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,672			222	-	_	759	-	2,653
LIABILITIES	.,0.2		-		_			-	2,000
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	11,359	2		35		21	27		11,444
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	587	-		-		-	-		587
Compensated absences  Due to primary government	585 71	-		-		-	-		585 71
Interest payable	-	_		15,964		5,807	10,554		32,325
Escrow deposits	-	76		-		· -	· -		76
Prepayments on mortgage loans  Due to federal government	-	-		507		235	423		1,165
Due to itederal government  Due to other funds	14,667	-		2,065		_	1,423		14,667 3,488
Bonds payable	-	-		77,670		23,890	28,895		130,455
Total current liabilities	27,269	78		96,241		29,953	41,322	-	194,863
Noncurrent liabilities:					_			-	
Bonds payable	-	-		673,115		455,975	719,625		1,848,715
Compensated absences	622	-		-		-	-		622
Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation	2,964	-		-		-	-		2,964
Escrow deposits	1,516 294	495		-		-	1,688		1,516 2,477
Arbitrage rebate payable				2,803	_			_	2,803
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,396	495		675,918	_	455,975	721,313	_	1,859,097
Total liabilities	32,665	573		772,159	_	485,928	762,635	_	2,053,960
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows related to pensions	4,271			-	_	-			4,271
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,271				_			_	4,271
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	512	-		-		-	-		512
Restricted for single family bond programs	-	145		289,014		36,527	101,055		426,741
Restricted for grant programs  Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program	3,153	11,302		-		-	-		11,302 3,153
Unrestricted	17,695	55,004							72,699
Total net position \$	21,360	\$ 66,451	\$	289,014	\$	36,527	\$ 101,055	\$	514,407

## TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group		Mortgage Finance Program		Home- ownership Program Bonds		Housing Finance Program Bonds	-	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	-	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES  Mortgage interest income \$	36	\$	119	\$	47,964	\$	23,487	\$	25,393	\$	96,999
Investment income:	30	φ	119	Φ	47,904	Φ	23,401	Φ	25,595	Φ	90,999
Interest	29		27		7,827		664		1,866		10,413
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value											
of investments	-		(1)		(3,550)		225		(552)		(3,878)
Federal grant administration fees	14,920		-		-		-		400		14,920
Fees and other income	1,431		1		-			-	160	-	1,592
Total operating revenues	16,416		146		52,241		24,376	-	26,867	-	120,046
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Salaries and benefits	15,147		-		-		-		-		15,147
Contractual services	6,475		-		1		2		-		6,478
Materials and supplies	657		-		-		-		-		657
Rentals and insurance	30		-		-		-		-		30
Other administrative expenses	476		-		-		-		-		476
Other program expenses	1,931		108		6,596		549		1,001		10,185
Interest expense	-				32,354		16,977		17,058		66,389
Mortgage service fees	-		87		3,225		1,716		2,048		7,076
Issuance costs	-		-		-		1,195		2,343		3,538
Depreciation	345		-				-	-	-	-	345
Total operating expenses	25,061		195		42,176		20,439		22,450	_	110,321
Operating income (loss)	(8,645)		(49)		10,065		3,937	-	4,417	_	9,725
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
Federal grants revenue	307,010		-		-		-		-		307,010
Other grant revenue	-		-		2		-		-		2
Federal grants expenses	(307, 165)		-		-		-		-		(307, 165)
Local grants expenses	(15,100)		(200)		-		<u> </u>	_		_	(15,300)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(15,255)		(200)	_	2		-	_		_	(15,453)
Income (loss) before transfers	(23,900)		(249)		10,067		3,937		4,417		(5,728)
Transfers (to) other funds	-		-		(3,592)		(13,036)	_	(9,069)	_	(25,697)
Transfers from other funds	16,147		9,550						-	_	25,697
Change in net position	(7,753)		9,301		6,475		(9,099)	_	(4,652)	_	(5,728)
Total net position, July 1	35.906		57,150		282.539		45.626		105.707		526.928
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle	,		-		_5_,555		-10,020		-		(6,793)
Total net position, July 1, as restated	29,113		57,150	•	282,539		45,626	-	105,707	-	520,135
,,, .,			,0		,0		,0		,		,
Total net position, June 30 \$	21,360	\$	66,451	\$	289,014	\$	36,527	\$	101,055	\$	514,407

#### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

Cook flows from apparating potivities:		Operating Group		Mortgage Finance Program		Home- ownership Program Bonds		Housing Finance Program Bonds		General Residential Finance Program Bonds	_	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:	•	000	•	0.000	•	400.000	•	70.000	•	445.000	•	000 440
Receipts from customers	\$	360	\$	3,809	\$	182,632	\$	78,039	\$	115,608	\$	380,448
Receipts from federal government		14,708		-		-		-				14,708
Receipts from other funds		3,634		20		-		-		1,423		5,077
Other miscellaneous receipts		1,431		1		-		-		160		1,592
Acquisition of mortgage loans		-		(8,259)		(9,052)		(1,716)		(231,737)		(250,764)
Payments to service mortgages		-		(87)		(3,225)		(554)		(2,048)		(5,914)
Payments to suppliers		(10,755)		(110)		(2,128)		-		(1,252)		(14,245)
Payments to other funds		-		-		(5,077)		-		-		(5,077)
Payments to or for employees		(16,603)				-		-		-	-	(16,603)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(7,225)		(4,626)		163,150		75,769		(117,846)	-	109,222
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:												
Operating grants received		309,192		-		2		-		-		309,194
Transfers in (out)		16,147		9,475		57,588		(13,036)		(70,174)		· -
Proceeds from sale of bonds		, -		, <u>-</u>		, -		168,316		309,508		477,824
Operating grants paid		(314,829)		(200)		-		´ -		, <u>-</u>		(315,029)
Cost of issuance paid		-		` -		-		(1,195)		(2,343)		(3,538)
Principal payments		_		_		(221,280)		(215,875)		(40,715)		(477,870)
Interest paid						(40,474)		(20,913)		(13,993)	_	(75,380)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		10,510		9,275		(204,164)		(82,703)		182,283	-	(84,799)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:												
Purchases of capital assets		(231)				-		-			_	(231)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(231)		_		_		_		_		(231)
Net bash asea by capital and related infalloning activities	•	(201)					•				-	(201)
Cash flows from investing activities:												
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		-		3,055		86,016		28,137		59,270		176,478
Purchases of investments		-		(5,036)		(54,090)		(17,044)		(107,486)		(183,656)
Investment interest received		29		178		7,932		680		1,729		10,548
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value												
reporting and classified as cash equivalents						7		3		13	_	23
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	-	29		(1,803)		39,865	•	11,776		(46,474)	=	3,393
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,083		2,846		(1,149)		4,842		17,963		27,585
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		17,499		10,582		107,765		35,556		102,001		273,403
·	٠					<u> </u>	•				-	
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	20,582	\$	13,428	\$	106,616	\$	40,398	\$	119,964	\$	300,988
						(cor	ntinu	ed)				

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	_	Operating Group	-	Mortgage Finance Program	•	Home- ownership Program Bonds	-	Housing Finance Program Bonds		General Residential Finance Program Bonds	-	Totals
Operating income (loss)	\$	(8,645)	\$	(49)	\$	10,065	\$	3,937	\$	4,417	\$	9,725
aparamig maama (casa)	· -	(-,)	Ť-	(10)	٠.	,	Ť-	-,,,,,	•		Ť-	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation		345		_		_		_		_		345
Pension expense		442		_		_		_		-		442
Changes in assets and liabilities:												
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-		(53)		5,997		(1,895)		(705)		3,344
(Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable		8		45		1,486		239		(1,457)		321
(Increase) in deferred pension outflows		(1,672)		-		-		-		-		(1,672)
(Increase) decrease in mortgage loans receivable		294		(4,501)		121,214		56,273		(139,845)		33,435
Decrease in due from federal government		(212)		-		-		-		-		(212)
Decrease in interfund receivables		3,634		20		-		-		1,423		5,077
(Decrease) in interfund payables		-		-		(5,077)		-		-		(5,077)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(1,464)		(62)		(186)		(68)		234		(1,546)
Increase in accrued payroll /												
compensated absences		75		-		-		-		-		75
(Decrease) in due to primary government		(1)		-		-		-		-		(1)
Increase in arbitrage rebate liability		-		-		1,574		-		-		1,574
Investment income included as operating revenue		(29)		(26)		(4,277)		(889)		(1,314)		(6,535)
Interest expense included as operating expense		-		-		32,354		16,977		17,058		66,389
Issuance cost included as operating expense	_		_		_	-	_	1,195		2,343	_	3,538
Total adjustments	_	1,420	_	(4,577)	-	153,085	_	71,832		(122,263)	_	99,497
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$_	(7,225)	\$_	(4,626)	\$	163,150	\$_	75,769	\$	(117,846)	\$_	109,222
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:												
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	-	\$	7	\$	(4,298)	\$	(179)	\$	(463)	\$	(4,933)
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	-	\$	7	\$	(4,298)	\$	(179)	\$	(463)	\$	(4,933)

## TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION - MORTGAGE FINANCE PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

Current assets:         Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 13,275         \$ 153         \$ 13,428           Receivables:         439         5         444           Interest         57         1         58           First mortgage loans         164         -         164           Total current assets         13,935         159         14,094           Noncurrent assets:         8         4,226         458         4,684           First mortgage loans receivable         48,246         -         48,246           Total noncurrent assets         52,472         458         52,930           Total assets         66,407         617         67,024           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:         2         -         2           Accounts payable         2         -         76         76           Total current liabilities:         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabi	ASSETS	General Fund		Escrow Fund**		Mortgage Finance Program Total
Receivables:         439         5         444           Interest         57         1         58           First mortgage loans         164         -         164           Total current assets         13,935         159         14,094           Noncurrent assets:         Restricted assets:         Investments         4,226         458         4,684           First mortgage loans receivable         48,246         -         48,246           Total noncurrent assets         52,472         458         52,930           Total assets         66,407         617         67,024           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:         2         -         2           Accounts payable         2         -         76         76           Total current liabilities:         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145 <td></td> <td>12 275</td> <td>¢</td> <td>152</td> <td>¢</td> <td>12 /29</td>		12 275	¢	152	¢	12 /29
Interest   57		13,273	φ		φ	13,420
First mortgage loans         164         -         164           Total current assets         13,935         159         14,094           Noncurrent assets:         Restricted assets:         Investments         4,226         458         4,684           First mortgage loans receivable         48,246         -         48,246           Total noncurrent assets         52,472         458         52,930           Total assets         66,407         617         67,024           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:         2         -         2           Accounts payable         2         -         76         76           Total current liabilities         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         <						
Noncurrent assets:   Restricted assets:				- -		
Restricted assets:         4,226         458         4,684           First mortgage loans receivable         48,246         -         48,246           Total noncurrent assets         52,472         458         52,930           Total assets         66,407         617         67,024           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         2         -         2           Escrow deposits         -         76         76           Total current liabilities:         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004	Total current assets	13,935		159		14,094
First mortgage loans receivable         48,246         -         48,246           Total noncurrent assets         52,472         458         52,930           Total assets         66,407         617         67,024           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:         2         -         2           Accounts payable         2         -         2           Escrow deposits         -         76         76           Total current liabilities:         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         8         11,302         -         11,302           Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004						
Total noncurrent assets         52,472         458         52,930           Total assets         66,407         617         67,024           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:         2         -         2           Accounts payable         2         -         76         76           Total current liabilities         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         8         11,302         -         11,302           Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004		,		458		,
Total assets         66,407         617         67,024           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:         2         -         2           Accounts payable         2         -         76         76           Escrow deposits         -         76         78           Total current liabilities:         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION           Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004	First mortgage loans receivable	48,246				48,246
LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:         2         -         2           Accounts payable         2         -         76         76           Escrow deposits         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         8         8         8         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         8         11,302         -         11,302           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004	Total noncurrent assets	52,472		458	-	52,930
Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         2         -         2           Escrow deposits         -         76         76           Total current liabilities         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         8         8         8         8           Escrow deposits         99         396         495         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION           Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004	Total assets	66,407		617		67,024
Escrow deposits         -         76         76           Total current liabilities         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         8estricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004						
Total current liabilities         2         76         78           Noncurrent liabilities:         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         8estricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004		_		-		_
Noncurrent liabilities:         99         396         495           Escrow deposits         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         8         145         145         145           Restricted for single family bond programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004	•					76
Escrow deposits         99         396         495           Total noncurrent liabilities         99         396         495           Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         8         495         145         145           Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004	Total current liabilities	2		76		78
Total liabilities         101         472         573           NET POSITION         Sestricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004		99		396		495
NET POSITION           Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004	Total noncurrent liabilities	99		396		495
Restricted for single family bond programs         -         145         145           Restricted for grant programs         11,302         -         11,302           Unrestricted         55,004         -         55,004	Total liabilities	101		472	-	573
Total net position \$ 66,306 \$ 145 \$ 66,451	Restricted for single family bond programs Restricted for grant programs	,	•	145 - -	•	11,302
	Total net position \$	66,306	\$	145	\$	66,451

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Escrow Funds can only be used for escrow payments.



## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014



## STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

PHONE (615) 401-7897 FAX (615) 532-2765

SUITE 1500, JAMES K. POLK STATE OFFICE BUILDING 505 DEADERICK STREET NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Bill Haslam, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the Board of Directors Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2014, and June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness

of accounting policies used and reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. Tennessee statutes, in addition to audit responsibilities, entrust certain other responsibilities to the Comptroller of the Treasury. Those responsibilities include serving as a member of the board of directors of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency. We do not believe that the Comptroller's service in this capacity affected our ability to conduct an independent audit of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency as of June 30, 2014, and June 30, 2013, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally

accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2014, on our consideration of the agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Deborah V. Loveless, CPA

Debord V. Lordise

Director

November 3, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014, AND JUNE 30, 2013

This section of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's (THDA) annual financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of THDA's financial performance for the years ended June 30, 2014, and June 30, 2013, with comparative information presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of THDA and to meet the financial reporting and disclosure requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34, Basic Financial Statements -- and Management's Discussion and Analysis -- for State and Local Governments. This section should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### <u>INTRODUCTION – THE TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY</u>

The mission statement of THDA is "Leading Tennessee Home by creating safe, sound, affordable housing opportunities." THDA's goal is to provide housing assistance to those in need by offering a variety of housing-related programs. One of the primary ways THDA assists Tennesseans is by offering mortgages for first-time homebuyers at below conventional market interest rates. At the close of fiscal year 2014, THDA has originated over 115,000 single-family mortgage loans in its 41-year history, and serves as the master servicer for all active mortgages it funds. In addition to helping homebuyers, THDA administers Section 8 rental assistance programs, including the tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program in approximately 75 of Tennessee's 95 counties, as well as the project-based Contract Administration program for approximately 400 contracts throughout all of Tennessee. THDA also administers grant programs, awarded on a competitive annual cycle, for rehabilitation and new construction of owner-occupied units and small rental projects. THDA is also involved in the development and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for low-income families by administering the federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit, which is a competitive process, and by setting aside a portion of bond authority to be allocated to local issuing authorities for specific multifamily developments.

More recently, THDA has administered programs under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), including the Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program (HPRP), the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP), the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), and a Low Income Housing Tax Credit exchange program under Section 1602 of the Act.

As established by statute, "The agency shall have a board of directors which shall be responsible for carrying out the powers given to the agency. . ." (*Tennessee Code Annotated 13-23-105*). This board meets regularly on a bi-monthly basis; however, some committees may meet more often as situations dictate.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include statements of net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statements of cash flows, as well as notes to the financial statements. The statements of net position provide financial information on the overall financial position of THDA at each year end. The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position summarize the results of operations over the course of each fiscal year. The statements of cash flows provide relevant information about THDA's cash receipts and cash payments during each fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2014 AND JUNE 30, 2013

The notes to the financial statements provide essential information regarding THDA's significant accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, certain material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events.

THDA's financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. In addition to the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information is included.

THDA is also considered to be a discreetly presented "component unit" for the State of Tennessee, and therefore, its financial information is reported in the State of Tennessee's government-wide *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This report may be viewed at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

During fiscal year 2013, THDA implemented several accounting standards, including GASB Statement 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements; GASB Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Among the requirements of these pronouncements, GASB Statement 63 required the reclassification of net assets to net position; as well as the reclassification of certain deferred amounts to new categories called deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. As applicable to THDA, deferred amounts from bond refundings, which were previously reported as a component of bonds payable (noncurrent), are now reported as deferred outflows of resources. In addition, bond issuance costs, which previously was reported as an asset (deferred charges) and amortized over the life of the bonds, is now recognized as expense in the period when incurred. GASB Statement 65 required retroactive implementation and reporting for all financial periods presented; therefore, beginning net position for fiscal year 2012 was restated to reflect the retroactive application of GASB Statement 65.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2014

- Total assets decreased by \$162.7 million, or 6.0%.
- Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$1.0 million, or 45.3%.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$164.2 million, or 7.5%.
- Net position was \$526.9 million. This is an increase of \$0.5 million, or 0.1%, from fiscal year 2013.
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$130.9 million, or 32.4%.
- Total investments decreased by \$31.2 million, or 11.0%.
- Bonds payable decreased by \$152.5 million, or 7.1%.
- THDA originated \$227.3 million in new loans, which is a decrease of \$15.1 million, or 7.1%, from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014 AND JUNE 30, 2013

#### Year Ended June 30, 2013

- Total assets increased by \$102.4 million, or 3.9%.
- Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$0.2 million, or 6.5%.
- Total liabilities increased by \$119.3 million, or 5.7%.
- Net position was \$526.5 million. This is a decrease of \$17.0 million, or 3.1%, from fiscal year 2012.
- Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$150.7 million, or 59.4%.
- Total investments increased by \$56.9 million, or 25.0%.
- Bonds payable increased by \$116.5 million, or 5.8%.
- THDA originated \$212.2 million in new loans, which is a decrease of \$23.6 million, or 10.0%, from the prior year.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AGENCY

**Net Position.** The following table focuses on the changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

,	<u>2014</u>			<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>
Current assets	\$ 400,662	9	5	495,605	\$	314,268
Capital assets	626			194		113
Other noncurrent assets	 2,163,308	_		2,231,487		2,310,506
Total assets	2,564,596	_		2,727,286		2,624,887
Deferred outflows of resources	 1,250			2,287		2,445
Current liabilities	171,907			303,224		207,708
Noncurrent liabilities	1,867,011			1,899,882		1,876,123
Total liabilities	2,038,918	_		2,203,106		2,083,831
Invested in capital assets	626			194		114
Restricted net position	449,905			489,105		503,563
Unrestricted net position	 76,397	_		37,168		39,824
Total net position	\$ 526,928	9	5	526,467	\$	543,501

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014 AND JUNE 30, 2013

#### 2014 to 2013

- THDA's total net position increased by \$0.5 million, or 0.1%, from \$526.5 million at June 30, 2013 to \$526.9 million at June 30, 2014. While various factors accounted for this change, the most significant factors include an increase in investment income, an increase in the net increase/decrease in the fair value of investments, and a decrease in bonds payable.
- Mortgage loans receivable decreased by \$21.0 million or 1.1% from \$1,987.3 million on June 30, 2013 to \$1,966.3 million on June 30, 2014. During FY 2014, single-family mortgage loan originations increased by \$15.1 million or 7.1% from \$212.2 million at June 30, 2013 to \$227.3 million at June 30, 2014. Mortgage loan prepayments and repayments decreased by \$22.1 million or 8.3% from \$267.3 million at June 30, 2013 to \$245.3 million at June 30, 2014.
- Total liabilities decreased \$164.2 million or 7.5% from \$2,203.1 million on June 30, 2013 to \$2,038.9 million on June 30, 2014. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in the amount of bonds issued during fiscal year 2014 as compared to fiscal year 2013, as well as an increase in the redemption of bonds, due to more frequent bond calls, as compared to fiscal year 2013.

#### 2013 to 2012

- THDA's total net position decreased by \$17.0 million, or 3.1%, from \$543.5 million at June 30, 2012, to \$526.5 million at June 30, 2013. While various factors accounted for this change, the most significant factors include a decrease in mortgage interest income, a decrease in the net increase/decrease in the fair value of investments, and an increase in bonds payable.
- Mortgage loans receivable decreased by \$109.3 million, or 5.2%, from \$2,096.6 million on June 30, 2012, to \$1,987.3 million on June 30, 2013. During FY 2013, single-family mortgage loan originations decreased by \$23.6 million, or 10.0%, from \$235.7 million at June 30, 2012, to \$212.2 million at June 30, 2013. Conversely, mortgage loan prepayments and repayments increased by \$58.3 million, or 28.0% from \$209.0 million at June 30, 2012, to \$267.3 million on June 30, 2013.
- Total liabilities increased \$119.3 million, or 5.7%, from \$2,083.8 million at June 30, 2012, to \$2,203.1 million at June 30, 2013. The increase is primarily due to an increase in the amount of bonds issued during fiscal year 2013 as compared to fiscal year 2012, as well as a small decrease in the redemption of bonds as compared to fiscal year 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2014 AND JUNE 30, 2013

**Changes in Net Position.** The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Operating revenues			
Mortgage interest income	\$ 102,108	\$ 109,158	\$ 116,015
Investment income	6,346	(4,346)	11,992
Other	 19,027	 17,865	17,693
Total operating revenues	 127,481	122,677	145,700
Operating expenses			
Interest expense	70,390	78,643	86,020
Other	 42,941	 41,982	 41,298
Total operating expenses	 113,331	120,625	127,318
Operating income	14,150	 2,052	 18,382
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Grant revenues	295,814	237,638	260,371
Payment from primary government	-	-	34,500
Grant expenses	 (309,503)	 (256,724)	 (274,977)
Total nonoperating revenues			
(expenses)	 (13,689)	 (19,086)	19,894
Change in net position	\$ 461	\$ (17,034)	\$ 38,276

#### 2014 to 2013

Total operating revenues increased \$4.8 million, or 3.9%, from \$122.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2013, to \$127.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. The primary reasons for this increase are as follows:

- Investment income increased \$10.7 million or 247.0% from a net loss of \$4.3 million in 2013 to \$6.3 million in 2014, due to the net increase in the fair value of investments by \$10.7 million.
- Mortgage interest income decreased \$7.1 million, or 6.4%, from \$109.2 million in 2013 to \$102.1 million in 2014. This is due to mortgage loan prepayments exceeding the amount of mortgage loan originations. Likewise, new mortgage loan originations typically have lower interest rates than those associated with mortgage loan repayments.
- Total operating expenses decreased \$7.3 million, or 6.0%, from \$120.6 million in fiscal year 2013 to \$113.3 million in fiscal year 2014. A leading factor in this decrease is a decrease in interest expense, due to the use of mortgage loan prepayments to redeem bonds in advance of their maturities, as well as refunding outstanding bonds with new bonds bearing a lower interest rate.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2014 AND JUNE 30, 2013

#### 2013 to 2012

Total operating revenues decreased \$23.0 million, or 15.8%, from \$145.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2012, to \$122.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. The primary reasons for this decrease are as follows:

- Investment income decreased \$16.3 million, or 136.2%, from \$12.0 million in 2012 to a net loss of \$4.3 million in 2013. While interest income from investments decreased marginally, THDA experienced a net decrease in the fair value of investments of \$15.2 million in fiscal year 2013, as compared to a net increase in the fair value of investments of \$0.3 million in fiscal year 2012.
- Mortgage interest income decreased \$6.9 million, or 5.9%, from \$116.0 million in 2012 to \$109.1 million in 2013. This is due to mortgage loan prepayments exceeding the amount of mortgage loan originations. Likewise, new mortgage loan originations typically have lower interest rates than those associated with mortgage loan repayments.
- Total operating expenses decreased \$6.7 million, or 5.3%, from \$127.3 million in fiscal year 2012 to \$120.6 million in fiscal year 2013. A leading factor in this decrease is a decrease in interest expense, due to the use of mortgage loan prepayments to redeem bonds in advance of their maturities, as well as refunding outstanding bonds with new bonds bearing a lower interest rate.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, total operating expenses decreased \$6.7 million, or 5.3%, from \$127.3 million in 2012 to \$120.6 million in 2013. The decrease is not significant.

#### **DEBT ACTIVITY**

Bonds outstanding at June 30 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Bonds payable	\$ 1,984,298	\$ 2,136,806	\$ 2,020,302

#### Year Ended June 30, 2014

Total bonds and notes payable decreased \$152.5 million, or 7.1%, due primarily to a decrease in the amount of bonds issued as well as an increase in the redemption of bonds as compared to recent fiscal years. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$277.8 million, with activity arising from two bond issues.

With interest rates remaining at historically low levels, THDA continued to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments. THDA refunded \$61.8 million of outstanding bonds into new bond originations with lower interest rates.

#### Year Ended June 30, 2013

Total bonds and notes payable increased \$116.5 million, or 5.8%, due primarily to an increase in the amount of bonds issued as well as a decrease in the redemption of bonds as compared to recent fiscal years. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$456.7 million, with activity arising from three bond issues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014 AND JUNE 30, 2013

With interest rates remaining at historically low levels, THDA continued to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments. THDA refunded \$66.5 million of outstanding bonds into new bond originations with lower interest rates.

## **New Issue Bond Program (NIBP)**

The New Issue Bond Program (NIBP) provides temporary financing for Housing Finance Agencies (HFAs) to issue new housing bonds to fund new mortgages. The United States Treasury Department will purchase securities of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac backed by these new housing bonds. This will temporarily allow the HFAs to issue an amount of new housing bonds equal to what they would ordinarily be able to issue with the allocations provided them by Congress but are generally unable to issue given the current challenges in housing and related markets.

On December 23, 2009, THDA issued \$360 million of bonds under the NIBP, which were \$60 million (Bond Issue 2009-A2) and \$300 million (Bond Issue 2009-B1). The \$300 million 2009-B1 bonds are variable-rate taxable debt, and are to be held in escrow. Upon being placed in escrow, the proceeds from these bonds are re-invested into permissible investments as required by the United States Treasury Department (generally, 28-day Treasury Bills purchased at auction). These bonds are scheduled to be released from escrow, re-designated and be converted to fixed-rate, tax-exempt bonds upon the issuance of market bonds within the framework and guidelines of the NIBP. Subsequently, THDA released, re-designated, and converted escrowed bonds (Bond Issue 2009-B) into fixed-rate, tax-exempt bonds as noted:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>	New Bond Issue
June 17, 2010	\$ 56,860,000	Bond Issue 2010-A1
	17,850,000	Bond Issue 2010-A2
	85,290,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-1
October 27, 2010	40,000,000	Bond Issue 2010-B
	60,000,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-2
March 24, 2011	40,000,000	Bond Issue 2011-A
	60,000,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-3
August 25, 2011	40,000,000	Bond Issue 2011-B
_	60,000,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-4
November 03, 2011	65,290,000	Bond Issue 2011-C
	34,710,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-5

As of June 30, 2012, all of the bonds issued under issue 2009-B1 had been released, re-designated, and converted into fixed-rate, tax-exempt bonds.

#### **Bond Ratings**

For bonds issued under the Mortgage Finance Program, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2, and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"), a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2014 AND JUNE 30, 2013

For bonds issued under the Homeownership Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1, and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

For bonds issued under the Housing Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2. These bonds are not rated by S&P.

For bonds issued under the Residential Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1 and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

There were no revisions to THDA's bond ratings during FY 2014 or FY 2013.

#### **Debt Limits**

In accordance with *Tennessee Code Annotated*, 13-23-121, THDA operates under a "debt ceiling" of \$2,930,000,000.

#### **GRANT PROGRAMS**

During FY 2007 through FY 2009, the General Assembly has appropriated revenue to THDA for grant programs. Likewise, THDA's board of directors has allocated additional THDA funds for grants. These funds established a grant program that has been titled by the THDA as the "Tennessee Housing Trust Fund."

The four-level model for funding this grant program includes state appropriations, THDA funds, private sector investment, and matching funds from local grantees. The purpose of this grant program is to serve the needs of low and/or very low income, elderly, and special needs Tennesseans. Funding and uses for the Housing Trust Fund are as follows:

	FY 2014	FY 2013	FY 2012	F	Y 2011 and Prior	Total
Funding Sources:						
THDA	\$ 9,300,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$	30,000,000	\$ 52,300,000
State Appropriation	-	-	-		4,350,000	4,350,000
Totals	\$ 9,300,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$	34,350,000	\$ 56,650,000
Approved Uses:						
Rural repair program (USDA)	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$	3,500,000	\$ 5,600,000
Ramp Program (UCP)	-	-	-		50,000	50,000
Ramp Program	-	-	-		400,000	400,000
Hsg Modification & Ramp Prg	150,000	150,000	150,000		300,000	750,000
Homebuyer Education Initiative	-	-	-		300,000	300,000
Emergency Repairs for Elderly	-	-	2,000,000		10,000,000	12,000,000
Emergency Repairs	2,000,000	-	-		-	2,000,000
Competitive Grants	3,850,000	5,150,000	3,150,000		19,800,000	31,950,000
Pilot Program Manufactured Hsg	-	500,000	500,000		-	1,000,000
Dunlap New Hope	300,000	-	-		-	300,000
Rebuild & Recover	2,300,000	-	-		-	2,300,000
Totals	\$ 9,300,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$	34,350,000	\$ 56,650,000

In addition to the above funding, local grants could produce an additional \$4 million or more in funding each year. Also, the Emergency Repairs for the Elderly program and the Competitive Grants have a 50% grantee match requirement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2014 AND JUNE 30, 2013

THDA is seeking additional private sector funding. In addition to the above approved uses, THDA received requests that merit funding. These requests totaled approximately \$6 million more than the funds available.

## CURRENT MORTGAGE PRODUCTS AND ENVIRONMENT

In October of 2013, THDA made a significant change to its mortgage lending program. On October 1, 2013, the *Great Choice* and the *Great Choice Plus* loan programs were introduced and the *Great Rate*, *Great Advantage* and *Great Start* loan programs were eliminated. The *Great Choice* loan program offers THDA the opportunity to offer a more competitive interest rate on its 30 year fixed rate mortgage product while still offering down payment assistance with the addition of the *Great Choice Plus* loan program which is a second mortgage at a 0% interest rate for a term of 10 years.

A special interest rate reduction on *Great Choice* loan program has been designated to ensure that qualified service men and women have access to affordable homeownership opportunities. This special offer, referred to as "*Homeownership for the Brave*", provides a 0.5% rate reduction on the current interest rate for *Great Choice* loans. In addition to the rate reduction, "*Homeownership for the Brave*" applicants are eligible for optional down payment and closing cost assistance through the *Great Choice Plus* second mortgage loan at a 0% interest rate.

All loans made or purchased by THDA are fixed-rate mortgages with a maximum loan term of 360 months (30 years), and must conform to insurer / guarantor underwriting guidelines. THDA does not make or purchase adjustable rate mortgages (ARMs), interest-only mortgages, "buydown" loans, mortgages with a future lump-sum payment due (balloon-type mortgage), or with other similar mortgage terms. THDA does not make or purchase "sub-prime" mortgage loans. Single-family mortgage loans purchased by THDA with loan-to-value (LTV) ratios between 78% and 97% must have an acceptable insurer/guarantor, which includes:

- FHA (United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
- VA (Veterans Administration Guaranty Program)
- USDA/RD (the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development, formerly Farmers Home Administration)
- Private mortgage insurance

THDA will accept private mortgage insurance provided from private mortgage insurers, who are licensed by the Tennessee Commissioner of Commerce and Insurance to do business in Tennessee and are rated at least AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Group. THDA will allow privately insured loans underwritten using nationally accepted underwriting guidelines established by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. These loans must be approved through an automated underwriting system such as Desktop Underwriter or Loan Prospector with no expanded approvals. Such privately insured mortgage loans may have loan-to-value ratios up to and including 97% of the lesser of the purchase price or the appraised value. Loans with a 78% LTV or lower do not require mortgage insurance. A detailed chart of these mortgage loan products and primary mortgage loan terms may be obtained from THDA's internet site at <a href="http://www.thda.org/indes.aspx?NID=8">http://www.thda.org/indes.aspx?NID=8</a>.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014 AND JUNE 30, 2013

For the past several years, THDA has closely monitored its loan portfolio for delinquency and foreclosures. This monitoring has included analysis based on loan type (Great Choice, Great Choice Plus, Homeownership for the Brave), insurer/guarantor (FHA, VA, RECD, private mortgage insurer), mortgage loan servicer, down-payment assistance, and other factors as deemed necessary.

As of June 30, 2014, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of		
Loan Status	Loans Serviced	Loans in Status	Principal Amount	<u>Percentage</u>
60-89 Days Past Due	24,696	476	36,569,088	1.93%
90+ Days Past Due	24,696	1,284	102,510,630	5.20%
In Foreclosure	24,696	485	37,182,049	1.97%

As of June 30, 2013, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of		
Loan Status	<b>Loans Serviced</b>	Loans in Status	Principal Amount	<u>Percentage</u>
60-89 Days Past Due	25,265	554	40,491,422	2.19%
90+ Days Past Due	25,265	1,181	89,505,286	4.67%
In Foreclosure	25,265	550	45,013,301	2.18%

Note: Percentage is calculated by dividing the "Number of Loans in Status" by the "Total Number of Loans Serviced."

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

In accordance with THDA's investment policy, THDA typically invests in short-term and long-term fixed-rate debt securities from federal agencies. As a bench-mark, THDA uses the one-, three-, and five-year Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) rates as established by the United States Treasury.

The continuation of relatively low interest rates from a historic perspective increased the likelihood of negative arbitrage, in which the interest rates on THDA's bond issues exceeds the current investment interest rates. THDA monitors prepayments and bond investment yields, and seeks to reduce negative arbitrage by calling bonds with the funds from prepayments.

#### **CONTACTING THDA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide THDA's stakeholders with a general overview of THDA's finances and to show accountability for the funds that it receives, invests, and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Trent Ridley, Chief Financial Officer at (615) 815-2012 or via e-mail at TRidley@thda.org.

#### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014, AND JUNE 30, 2013 (Expressed in Thousands)

	2014	2013
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 265,058	\$ 382,434
Investments (Note 2)	17,006	15,310
Receivables:		
Accounts	32,941	18,155
Interest	13,896	13,435
First mortgage loans	52,087	51,350
Due from federal government	19,668	14,921
Prepaid expenses	6	<del>-</del> _
Total current assets	400,662	495,605
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	8,345	21,897
Investments (Note 2)	189,307	200,346
Investment interest receivable	1,689	1,753
Investments (Note 2)	46,692	68,533
First mortgage loans receivable	1,914,213	1,935,924
Advance to local government	3,062	3,034
Capital assets:		
Furniture and equipment	1,437	697
Less accumulated depreciation	(811)	(503)
Total noncurrent assets	2,163,934	2,231,681
Total assets	2,564,596	2,727,286
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refundings	1,250	2,287
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,250	2,287
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	5,755	1,642
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	612	535
Compensated absences	587	600
Due to primary government	72	71
Interest payable	36,502	40,279
Escrow deposits	82	172
Prepayments on mortgage loans	1,293	986
Due to federal government	4,314	17,619
Bonds payable (Note 4)	122,690	241,320
Total current liabilities	171,907	303,224
Noncurrent liabilities:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Bonds payable (Note 4)	1,861,608	1,895,486
Compensated absences	623	630
Net OPEB obligation (Note 9)	1,413	1,303
Escrow deposits	2,138	2,463
Arbitrage rebate payable	1,229	
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,867,011	1,899,882
Total liabilities	2,038,918	2,203,106
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	626	194
Restricted for single family bond programs (Note 5 and Note 7)	434,000	472,570
Restricted for grant programs (Note 5)	12,752	13,382
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program (Note 5)	3,153	3,153
Unrestricted (Note 7)	76,397	37,168
Total net position	\$ 526,928	\$526,467

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014, AND JUNE 30, 2013 (Expressed in Thousands)

	_	2014	_	2013
OPERATING REVENUES				
Mortgage interest income	\$	102,108	\$	109,158
Investment income:				
Interest		10,682		10,881
Net (decrease) in the fair value				
of investments		(4,336)		(15,227)
Federal grant administration fees		16,556		15,586
Fees and other income	_	2,471	_	2,279
Total operating revenues	_	127,481	_	122,677
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits		16,578		16,083
Contractual services		5,973		3,930
Materials and supplies		1,250		493
Rentals and insurance		94		115
Other administrative expenses		527		445
Other program expenses		8,878		9,926
Interest expense		70,390		78,643
Mortgage service fees		7,165		7,291
Issuance costs		2,167		3,639
Depreciation	_	309_	_	60
Total operating expenses	_	113,331	_	120,625
Operating income	_	14,150	_	2,052
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Federal grants revenue		295,814		237,638
Federal grants expenses		(292,523)		(237,352)
Local grants expenses	_	(16,980)	_	(19,372)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(13,689)	_	(19,086)
Change in net position	_	461_	_	(17,034)
Total net position, July 1		526,467		543,501
Total net position, June 30	\$ =	526,928	\$ _	526,467

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014, AND JUNE 30, 2013 (Expressed in Thousands)

		2014		2013
Cash flows from operating activities:	•	004.050	•	400.004
Receipts from customers	\$	334,953	\$	429,234
Receipts from federal government		16,592		15,344
Other miscellaneous receipts		2,471		2,279
Acquisition of mortgage loans		(227,296)		(212,166)
Payments to service mortgages		(7,165)		(7,291)
Payments to suppliers		(11,935)		(14,366)
Payments to employees	-	(16,720)	-	(16,123)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	90,900	-	196,911
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:				
Operating grants received		277,657		241,162
Proceeds from sale of bonds		277,828		456,741
Operating grants paid		(308,612)		(256,797)
Cost of issuance paid		(2,167)		(3,639)
Principal payments		(425,215)		(336,030)
Interest paid	-	(78,251)	-	(86,039)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	-	(258,760)	-	15,398
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Purchases of capital assets	-	(740)		(141)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	-	(740)		(141)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		99,486		287,825
Purchases of investments		(72,649)		(359,985)
Investment interest received		10,825		10,694
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value		·		•
reporting and classified as cash equivalents		10	-	14
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	-	37,672	-	(61,452)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(130,928)		150,716
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	-	404,331	-	253,615
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	273,403 (cc	\$ <sub>=</sub>	404,331

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014, AND JUNE 30, 2013 (Expressed in Thousands)

	_	2014	-	2013
Reconciliation of operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:			_	
Operating income	\$_	14,150	\$_	2,052
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		309		60
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(14,786)		834
(Increase) in mortgage interest receivable		(538)		(709)
Decrease in first mortgage loans receivable		20,946		109,306
(Increase) decrease in due from federal government		33		(242)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		3,107		(1,258)
Increase in accrued payroll /				
compensated absences		167		240
Increase in due to primary government		72		-
Increase in arbitrage rebate liability		1,229		-
Investment income (loss) included as operating revenue		(6,346)		4,346
Interest expense included as operating expense		70,390		78,643
Issuance cost included as operating expense	_	2,167	-	3,639
Total adjustments	_	76,750	-	194,859
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	90,900	\$	196,911
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:				
(Decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	(4,336)	\$	(14,037)
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	(4,336)	\$	(14,037)

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Reporting Entity

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency was created by an act of the legislature (Chapter 241, Public Acts, 1973). The act was approved by the Governor on May 14, 1973. The enabling legislation can be found in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 13-23-101 et seq. The purpose of the agency is to improve housing and living conditions for lower- and moderate-income persons and families in Tennessee by making loans and mortgages to qualified sponsors, builders, developers, and purchasers of low- and moderate-income family dwellings.

The agency is governed by a board of directors. The Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance and Administration, and a Staff Assistant to the Governor serve as *ex officio* board members of the Agency. The remaining members are appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the State Senate, and the Speaker of the State House of Representatives. Board members are to be representatives of the housing, real estate, or home building industries; the mortgage profession; local governments; or one of the three grand divisions of the state, and must be knowledgeable about the problems of inadequate housing conditions in Tennessee. One member of the board is a resident board member as required by Section 505 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and 24 CFR Part 964, Subpart E. *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 13-23-101 et seq. was amended to revise the composition of the board of directors, effective July 1, 2013.

In order to accomplish its objectives, the agency is authorized to raise funds through the issuance of bonds and notes. Bonds and notes issued by the agency are not general obligations of the State of Tennessee or any of its political subdivisions, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any political subdivision is pledged for payment of the principal or interest on such bonds or notes.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency is a component unit of the State of Tennessee. Although the agency is a separate legal entity, the state appoints a majority of its governing body and approves its operating budget. The agency is discretely presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

#### **b.** Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Certain accounting policies and procedures are stipulated in the agency's Mortgage Finance Program, Single Family Program, Homeownership Program, Housing Finance Program, and General Residential Finance Program bond resolutions and the Single Family Mortgage Notes trust indenture. The agency follows these procedures in establishing and maintaining the various funds and accounts for its programs. Revenues and expenses applicable to each fund and account are recorded therein.

#### c. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the agency's policy to use the restricted resources first. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

#### d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture and office equipment, are defined by the agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

DescriptionEstimated LifeFurniture10 yearsComputer equipment3 years

#### e. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the Debt Service Reserve Funds and the Bond Reserve Funds.

The bond resolutions require the agency to establish a Debt Service Reserve Fund or a Bond Reserve Fund for each bond issue. The bond resolutions require that if the Debt Service and Expense Funds or the Revenue Funds of a bond issue are not sufficient to provide for interest or principal and sinking fund requirements of that issue that funds be transferred from the Debt Service Reserve Fund or the Bond Reserve Fund to cover any deficiency.

#### f. Deferred Amount on Refundings and Bond Premiums and Discounts

- 1. Deferred Amounts on Refundings: The agency amortizes the deferred amount on refundings using the straight-line method.
- 2. Bond Premiums and Discounts: Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount.

## g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

In addition to demand deposits and deposits in the pooled investment fund administered by the State Treasurer, this classification includes short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### h. Investments

The agency has established guidelines for its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolutions and to comply with the statutes of the State of Tennessee. Permitted investments include the following: direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations guaranteed by the U.S., public housing bonds secured by contracts with the U.S., direct and general obligations of the State of Tennessee or obligations guaranteed by the State of Tennessee, obligations of other states or instrumentalities thereof which are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation, interest bearing time or demand deposits, collateralized certificates of deposit in authorized state depositories, and repurchase agreements collateralized by authorized securities.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost.

#### i. Accrual of Interest Income

Interest on first mortgage loans receivable and investment securities is credited to income as earned and classified as interest receivable.

## j. Mortgages

Mortgages are carried at their original amount less collected principal.

#### k. Operating Revenues and Expenses

The agency was created with the authority to issue bonds to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the agency into mortgage loans to certain qualified individuals and qualified housing sponsors. The agency's primary operation is to borrow funds in the bond market and issue those funds to make single-family and multi-family loans. The primary operating revenue is the interest income on outstanding mortgages and the investment income from proceeds of bonds. The primary operating expense of the agency is the interest expense on bonds outstanding.

## NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

## a. Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the agency's deposits may not be returned.

The laws of the State of Tennessee require that collateral be pledged to secure all uninsured deposits. The agency's bond resolutions require deposits to be fully secured.

The agency's deposits are in financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer, except as noted below. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

At June 30, 2014, the bank balance was \$4,872,373. At June 30, 2013, the bank balance was \$18,982,252. All bank balances at June 30, 2014, and June 30, 2013, were insured, except the Bank of New York Mellon (BNYM) accounts. U.S. Department of the Treasury requires the funds for the Hardest Hit Fund program to be deposited in the BNYM accounts. THDA has no obligation to ensure that the funds in the accounts are collateralized should the amount of money in the account be in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage of \$250,000. THDA will not be responsible for a loss of the funds due to the bank's failure and the lack of adequate collateral. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2014, \$4,545,816 was in the BNYM. Of this amount, \$4,295,816 exceeded the FDIC insurance coverage. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2013, \$18,490,778 was in the BNYM. Of this amount, \$18,240,778 exceeded the FDIC insurance coverage. The agency has deposits in the State Pooled Investment Fund administered by the State

Treasurer. The fund is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The fund's investment policy and required risk disclosures are presented in the *State of Tennessee Treasurer's Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.treasury.tn.gov.

#### **b.** Investments

As stated in the agency's investment policy, the "prudent man rule" shall be the standard of prudence used by all officials responsible for the investment of assets. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act in the management of his or her own affairs, with consideration of the safety of capital and the probability of income, and avoidance of speculative investments.

The agency's investment policy states that the agency's portfolios will be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The agency may invest 100% of its portfolio in U.S. government securities. A minimum of 5% of the par value of total investments must mature within five years. No more than 50% of the par value of the combined portfolios can be invested in maturities greater than 15 years without approval of the Bond Finance Committee.

Portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentrations of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. It is the intent of this policy that sufficient investments be scheduled to mature to provide for the required liquidity for debt service and other expenditures per resolution requirements.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changing interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price.

	June 30,	2014	June 30, 2013		
<b>Investment Type</b>	Fair Value	Effective	Fair Value	<b>Effective</b>	
		Duration		Duration	
		(Years)		(Years)	
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$156,546,020	2.713	\$183,618,170	2.660	
U.S. Treasury Coupon	81,458,618	3.010	85,574,572	3.899	
U.S. Agency Discount	185,126,090	0.033	151,647,000	0.051	
Total	\$423,130,728	1.598	\$420,839,742	1.972	

The portfolios include the following investments, stated at par or face value, which have fair values highly sensitive to interest rate changes. These investments are recorded at fair value in the statement of net position.

#### Variable Rate Bonds

The agency purchased \$2,350,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.75 of par on June 11, 2012, and mature on June 11, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014, is \$2,221,859, and on June 30, 2013, was \$2,186,370, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 11, 2016, to 3.0% on June 11, 2020; to 4.0% on June 11, 2022; to 6.0% on June 11, 2023; to 7.0% on June 11, 2024; to 8.0% on December 11, 2024; to 10.0% on June 11, 2025; to 12.0% on December 11, 2025; to 14.0% on June 11, 2026; and to 16.0% on December 11, 2026.

The agency purchased \$3,210,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.70 of par on June 28, 2012, and mature on June 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$3,110,387, and on June 30, 2013 was \$2,990,898, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 28, 2015; to 3.0% on June 28, 2018; to 4.0% on June 28, 2021; to 5.0% on June 28, 2023; and to 6.5% on June 28, 2025.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 100.12 of par on November 15, 2012 and mature on June 11, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$2,836,416, and on June 30, 2013, was \$2,791,110, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 11, 2016; to 3.0% on June 11, 2020; to 4.0% on June 11, 2022; to 6.0% on June 11, 2023; to 7.0% on June 11, 2024; to 8.0% on December 11, 2024; to 10.0% on June 11, 2025; to

12.0% on December 11, 2025; to 14.0% on June 11, 2026; and to 16.0% on December 11, 2026.

The agency purchased \$4,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.80 of par on November 8, 2012 and mature on November 8, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$3,712,532, and on June 30, 2013, was \$3,678,796, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 3.0% on November 8, 2017, and to 4.0% on November 8, 2022. This investment is callable quarterly beginning February 8, 2013, and ending November 8, 2016.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.45 of par on November 23, 2012, and mature on November 23, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$2,562,837, and on June 30, 2013, was \$2,746,311, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.125% on November 23, 2017; to 2.25% on November 23, 2020; to 2.5% on November 23, 2023; to 3.0% on November 23, 2024; to 4.0% on May 23, 2025; to 6.0% on November 23, 2025; to 8.0% on May 23, 2026; to 11.0% on November 23, 2026; and to 14% on May 23, 2027. This investment is callable quarterly beginning May 23, 2013, and ending November 23, 2015.

The agency purchased \$2,400,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.65 of par on December 21, 2012 and mature on December 21, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$2,157,096, and on June 30, 2013, was \$2,231,131, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.25% on December 21, 2017; to 2.5% on December 21, 2020; to 3.0% on December 21, 2022; to 4.0% on December 21, 2023; to 5.0% on December 21, 2024; to 6.0% on December 21, 2025; to 8.0% on June 21, 2026; to 10.0% on December 21, 2026; and to 12.0% on June 21, 2027. This investment is callable quarterly beginning June 21, 2013, and ending December 21, 2018.

The agency purchased \$2,750,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.90 of par on January 30, 2013 and mature on January 30, 2025. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$2,646,001, and on June 30, 2013, was \$2,612,555, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.25% on January 30, 2018; to 2.5% on January 30, 2021; to 3.0% on January 30, 2022; to 5.0% on January 30, 2023; to 7.0% on July 30, 2023; and to 9.0% on January 30, 2024. This investment is callable quarterly beginning July 30, 2013, and ending October 30, 2016.

The agency purchased \$650,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. They were purchased at 101.55 of par on September 6, 2012. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on August 26, 2025, these bonds were called on August 26, 2013. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, was \$651,348, which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$1,500,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 100.18 of par on November 7, 2012, and mature on June 28, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$1,482,593, and on June 30, 2013, was \$1,426,929, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 4.0% on June 28, 2017; to 5.0% on June 28, 2024; and to 6.5% on June 28, 2026. This investment is callable quarterly beginning December 28, 2012, and ending December 28, 2015.

The agency purchased \$2,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.70 of par on August 27, 2012, and mature on August 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$1,909,610, and on June 30, 2013, was \$1,919,370, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.5% with a step-up option to 2.5% on August 27, 2015; to 3.5% on August 27, 2018; to 4.5% on August 27, 2021; and to 5.5% on August 27, 2024. This investment is callable quarterly beginning August 27, 2012, and ending November 27, 2015.

The agency purchased \$5,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on December 27, 2012, and mature on December 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$4,759,185, and on June 30, 2013, was \$4,694,220, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.0% with a step-up option to 2.0% on June 27, 2013, and to 3.15% on December 27, 2013. This investment is callable quarterly beginning June 27, 2013, and ending December 27, 2016.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on December 27, 2012, and mature on December 27, 2017. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$2,995,674, and on June 30, 2013, was \$2,945,187, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 0.6% with a step-up option to 0.7% on December 27, 2014; to 1.0% on December 27, 2015; to 1.5% on December 27, 2016; and to 3.0% on June 27, 2017. This investment is callable quarterly beginning December 27, 2013, and ending December 27, 2016.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on December 28, 2012, and mature on December 28, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2014 is \$2,788,104, and on June 30, 2013, was \$2,813,145, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 3.0% on December 28, 2017; to 4.0% on December 28, 2020; to 5.0% on December 28, 2024; and to 6.0% on December 28, 2025. This investment is callable quarterly beginning June 28, 2013, and ending December 28, 2017.

<u>Credit Risk</u> Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Refer to Note 1. h for further explanation of the agency's permitted investments. Credit quality ratings for the agency's investments as of June 30, 2014, and June 30, 2013, are included in the schedules below. Securities are rated using Standard and Poor's and/or Moody's and are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

June 30, 2014								
				Credit Qua	lity Rating			
Investment Type	Fair Value	U.S. Treasury <sup>1</sup>	AA+	A-1	AA-2	Not Rated <sup>2</sup>		
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$156,546,020		\$140,991,257		\$4,867,772	\$10,686,991		
U.S. Treasury Coupon	81,458,618	\$81,458,618						
U.S. Agency Discount	185,126,090			\$160,126,740		24,999,350		
Total	\$423,130,728	\$81,458,618	\$140,991,257	\$160,126,740	\$4,867,772	\$35,686,341		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This column includes obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This column includes securities that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, but are not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

June 30, 2013								
		Credit Quality Rating						
Investment Type	Fair Value	U.S. Treasury <sup>1</sup>	AA+	A-1	AA-2	Not Rated <sup>2</sup>		
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$183,618,170		\$167,220,366		\$5,114,633	\$11,283,171		
U.S. Treasury Coupon	85,574,572	\$85,574,572						
U.S. Agency Discount	151,647,000			\$131,647,320		19,999,680		
Total	\$420,839,742	\$85,574,572	\$167,220,366	\$131,647,320	\$5,114,633	\$31,282,851		

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the agency's investment in a single issuer.

More than 5% of the agency's investments are invested in the following single issuers:

	June 30,	2014	June 30, 2013	
<u>Issuer</u>	Fair Value	<u>% of</u>	Fair Value	<u>% of</u>
		<b>Portfolio</b>		<b>Portfolio</b>
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$222,526,613	52.59	\$173,049,950	41.12
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	\$0	N/A	\$42,892,295	10.19
Corp				
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	\$81,963,986	19.37	\$95,869,861	22.78

#### NOTE 3. ACCOUNTING CHANGE

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the agency implemented GASB Statement 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements; GASB Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position; and GASB Statement 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.

Implementation of GASB 62 did not have any financial reporting impact to the agency. Implementation of GASB 63 required the reclassification of net assets to net position, and it

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This column includes obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This column includes securities that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, but are not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

also required the deferred amount on refundings to be classified as a deferred outflow of resources. Implementation of GASB 65 recognizes bond cost of issuance as an expense.

#### **NOTE 4. LIABILITIES**

## a. Bonds Issued and Outstanding

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)						
Interest Ending Ending						
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance	
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range Amount (Percent) 6/30/2014 6/30/2013					
MORTGAGE FINANCE PROGRAM BONDS						
2003A	7/1/2004-7/1/2034	\$191,885	1.70 to 5.35	\$ -0-	\$48,965	

RONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING

(Thousands)						
			Interest	Ending	Ending	
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance	
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<b>Amount</b>	(Percent)	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	
HOMEOWNERSHIP	PROGRAM BONDS					
2004-1	1/1/2005-1/1/2035	80,000	1.30 to 5.00	-0-	28,185	
2004-2	7/1/2005-1/1/2035	100,000	1.85 to 5.25	-0-	38,435	
2004-3	1/1/2006-7/1/2035	100,000	2.55 to 5.125	31,010	39,070	
2005-1	7/1/2006-1/1/2036	100,000	2.75 to 5.00	35,955	46,605	
2005-2	1/1/2007-7/1/2036	100,000	3.00 to 5.00	33,675	43,960	
2006-1	7/1/2007-1/1/2037	100,000	3.55 to 5.75	31,585	44,500	
2006-2	7/1/2007-1/1/2037	100,000	3.90 to 5.75	29,610	41,175	
2006-3	1/1/2008-7/1/2037	100,000	3.65 to 5.75	39,555	49,935	
2007-1	7/1/2008-1/1/2038	100,000	3.65 to 5.50	42,840	53,755	
2007-2	7/1/2008-7/1/2038	120,000	3.75 to 5.25	53,980	71,385	
2007-3	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.85 to 5.50	64,930	81,950	
2007-4	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.75 to 5.50	72,120	90,360	
2008-1	7/1/2009-1/1/2039	60,000	2.45 to 5.70	26,695	33,675	
2008-2	7/1/2009-1/1/2027	50,000	3.25 to 5.75	2,660	11,915	
2008-3	7/1/2009-7/1/2038	90,000	2.00 to 5.45	32,490	47,790	
2008-4	1/1/2010-7/1/2028	30,000	3.125 to 6.125	-0-	2,975	
2009-1	1/1/2010-7/1/2029	50,000	0.75 to 5.00	31,935	36,870	
2009-2	7/1/2010-7/1/2030	75,000	0.90 to 5.00	48,935	59,395	
2010-1	1/1/2011-7/1/2025	120,700	0.35 to 4.50	73,055	87,655	
2011-1	7/1/2012-7/1/2042	141,255	0.60 to 4.65	108,415	125,005	
2012-1	1/1/2013-7/1/2042	133,110	0.80 to 4.50	115,380	127,265	
2012-2	7/1/2013-7/1/2043	97,625	0.50 to 4.00	90,490	96,960	
Total Homeownership	Program Bonds	\$2,147,690		\$965,315	\$1,258,820	
Plus: Unamortized Bon	10,214	14,419				
Less: Unamortized Bor	Less: Unamortized Bond Discount					
Net Homeownership Pr	rogram Bonds			\$975,360	\$1,273,021	

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)							
			Interest	Ending	Ending		
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance		
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	Amount	(Percent)	6/30/2014	6/30/2013		
HOUSING FINANCI	E PROGRAM BONDS	3					
2009-A	1/1/2011-1/1/2040	\$100,000	0.90 to 4.625	\$72,555	\$83,295		
2010-A	1/1/2011-7/1/2041	160,000	0.60 to 5.00	114,125	133,945		
2010-B	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	82,385	91,245		
2011-A	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	78,405	90,730		
2011-B	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.25 to 4.50	88,890	96,980		
2011-C	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.40 to 4.30	90,115	97,020		
Total Housing Finance	Program Bonds	\$660,000		\$526,475	\$593,215		
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums				1,357	1,829		
Net Housing Finance F	Program Bonds			\$527,832	\$595,044		

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING								
(Thousands)								
			Interest	Ending	Ending			
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2014	6/30/2013			
RESIDENTIAL FINA	ANCE PROGRAM BO	ONDS						
2013-1	1/1/2014-7/1/2043	\$215,905	0.40 to 4.00	\$199,900	\$215,905			
2013-2	7/1/2014-7/1/2043	121,300	0.45 to 4.65	121,300	-0-			
2014-1	1/1/2015-7/1/2039	150,000	0.32 to 4.00	150,000	-0-			
Total Residential Finan	ice Program Bonds	\$487,205		\$471,200	\$215,905			
Plus: Unamortized Box			9,906	3,871				
Net Residential Finance Program Bonds				\$481,106	\$219,776			
Net Total All Issues				\$1,984,298	\$2,136,806			

Housing Finance Program Bonds The Housing Finance Program Bonds were established on December 23, 2009, to allow the agency to participate in the U.S. Department of Treasury New Issue Bond Program (NIBP), which was created to assist state and local housing finance agencies in acquiring cost-effective mortgage loan capital. THDA could release funds from issue 2009-B up to six times before December 31, 2011.

The first release and conversion from 2009-B was on June 17, 2010, in the amount of \$85,290,000. The \$85,290,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-A bonds in the amount of \$74,710,000 for a total of \$160,000,000.

The second release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 10, 2010, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The third release and conversion from 2009-B was on April 14, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-A bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fourth release and conversion from 2009-B was on August 25, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fifth and final release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 3, 2011, in the amount of \$34,710,000. The \$34,710,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-C bonds in the amount of \$65,290,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

## b. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2014, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the			
Year(s) Ending			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2015	\$139,455	\$72,622	\$212,077
2016	56,210	70,196	126,406
2017	57,190	68,863	126,053
2018	56,315	67,338	123,653
2019	54,550	65,707	120,257
2020 - 2024	249,355	302,779	552,134
2025 - 2029	278,485	249,077	527,562
2030 - 2034	256,105	194,321	450,426
2035 - 2039	343,460	142,690	486,150
2040 - 2044	471,865	45,677	517,542
			<u>.</u>
Total	\$1,962,990	\$1,279,270	\$3,242,260

#### c. Redemption of Bonds and Notes

During the year ended June 30, 2014, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$217,425,000, in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$60,775,000, and in the Residential Finance Program in the amount of \$15,555,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$221,007,463, \$61,136,292 and \$15,821,689. This resulted in revenue to the Homeownership Program of \$3,582,463, to the Housing Finance Program of \$361,292, and to the Residential Finance Program of \$266,689.

On May 30, 2013, the agency issued \$215,905,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2013-1. On July 1, 2013, the agency used \$75,905,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Mortgage Finance Program (this amount consists of \$47,985,000 early redemption) and Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$27,920,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$75,905,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$8,688,786 over the next 18 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$9,063,606.

On November 19, 2013, the agency issued \$121,300,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2013-2. On January 1, 2014, the agency used \$31,300,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$31,300,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$31,300,000. The refunding increased the agency's debt service by \$1,548,956 over the next 20 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$2,485,956.

During the year ended June 30, 2013, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Mortgage Finance Program in the amount of \$10,235,000, in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$199,355,000, and in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$31,315,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$10,235,000, \$202,501,590, and \$31,515,181. This resulted in revenue to the Homeownership Program of \$3,146,590 and to the Housing Finance Program of \$200,181.

On July 19, 2012, the agency issued \$133,110,000 in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2012-1. On September 1, 2012, the agency used \$43,865,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$43,865,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$43,865,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$10,700,210 over the next 20 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$6,206,292.

On November 15, 2012, the agency issued \$97,625,000 in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2012-2. On January 1, 2013, the agency used \$22,625,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$22,625,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$22,625,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$8,510,283 over the next 20 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3,758,068.

#### d. Long-term Liability Activity

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Long-term Liabilities (Thousands)							
	Beginning Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2014	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Bonds Payable	\$2,116,905	\$271,300	(\$425,215)	\$1,962,990	\$122,690		
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	20,119	6,528	(5,170)	21,477	-0-		
Less: Unamortized Bond Discounts	(218)	-0-	49	(169)	-0-		
Compensated Absences	1,230	-0-	(20)	1,210	587		
Escrow Deposits	2,635	558	(973)	2,220	82		
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	-0-	1,229	(-0-)	1,229	-0-		
Total	\$2,140,671	\$279,615	(\$431,329)	\$1,988,957	\$123,359		

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Long-term Liabilities (Thousands)							
	Beginning Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2013	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Bonds Payable	\$2,006,295	\$446,640	(\$336,030)	\$2,116,905	\$241,320		
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	14,280	10,101	(4,262)	20,119	-0-		
Less: Unamortized Bond Discounts	(273)	-0-	55	(218)	-0-		
Compensated Absences	1,156	74	(-0-)	1,230	600		
Escrow Deposits	3,731	1,610	(2,706)	2,635	172		
Total	\$2,025,189	\$458,425	(\$342,943)	\$2,140,671	\$242,092		

#### NOTE 5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The amount shown on the statement of net position as Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is contractually pledged, under the bond resolutions of the agency, to the owners of the bonds issued under such bond resolutions. As pledged assets, the contractual provisions of the bond resolutions restrict the use of such assets. However, the assets may be removed from the lien of the bond resolutions if certain parity tests, as established by the respective bond resolutions, are satisfied. Assets removed from the lien of the respective bond resolutions may be used for other purposes.

The amount shown as Restricted for Grant Programs represents unexpended grant money that has been awarded to grantees through various grant programs administered by the agency.

The amount shown as Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program represents the amount of net position restricted for a pilot program that funds zero interest loans for down payment and closing costs. The use of this net position is restricted under legislation enacted in fiscal year 1986.

#### NOTE 6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The agency contributes to the Tennessee State and Political Subdivision Employees Pension Plan (TSPSEPP), an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). TCRS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits, as well as annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, establishes benefit provisions. State statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly.

The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSPSEPP. That report is available on the state's website at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

Plan members are noncontributory. The agency is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 15.03% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements for the agency are established and may be amended by the TCRS' Board of Trustees. The agency's contributions to TCRS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were \$1,739,493, \$1,692,847, and \$1,632,095. Those contributions met the required contributions for each year.

#### NOTE 7. PROVISIONS FOR MORTGAGE LOAN LOSSES

Most mortgage loans are insured by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or an approved private mortgage insurance company, or are guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The agency's board of directors has established a loan loss reserve of \$750,000 as a provision for potential loan losses arising from participation in the Rural Economic and Community Development (RECD) Loan Guarantee Program. An additional \$232,000 was established as a loan loss reserve against potential losses on loans not specifically covered by one of the above programs, and \$500,000 was established as a loan loss reserve for self-insurance of second mortgages.

Since the amount of net position restricted for single-family bond programs exceeds the amounts necessary for these loan loss reserves, it is not necessary to designate unrestricted net position for this purpose.

#### NOTE 8. INSURANCE-RELATED ACTIVITIES

#### a. Commercial Insurance

The agency carries commercial insurance for risks of loss related to employee dishonesty; general liability protection; and theft of, damage to, or destruction of real and personal property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### b. Risk Management Fund

It is the policy of the state not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks associated with casualty losses for general liability, automobile liability, professional medical malpractice, and workers' compensation. The state's management believes it is more economical to manage these risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Risk Management Fund. The state purchases commercial insurance for real property and crime and fidelity coverage on the state's officials and employees. For property coverage, the deductible for an individual state agency is the first \$25,000 of losses. The Risk Management Fund is responsible for property losses for the annual aggregate deductible of \$10 million for perils other than earthquakes and flood. Purchased insurance coverage is responsible for losses exceeding the \$10 million annual aggregate deductible. For earthquake and flood, there is a deductible of \$10 million per occurrence. The maximum insurance coverage is \$750 million per year for perils other than earthquake and flood. The maximum flood insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence, except there is only \$25 million of coverage in flood zones A and V. The maximum earthquake insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the three past fiscal years.

The agency participates in the Risk Management Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on a percentage of the agency's expected loss costs, which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of fiscal year-end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation. Information regarding the determination of the claims liabilities and the changes in the balances of the claims liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013, is presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The

CAFR is available on the state's website at <a href="www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml">www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml</a>. Since the agency participates in the Risk Management Fund, it is subject to the liability limitations under the provisions of the Tennessee Claims Commission Act, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 9-8-101 et seq. Liability for negligence of the agency for bodily injury and property damage is limited to \$300,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The limits of liability under workers' compensation are set forth in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 50-6-101 et seq. Claims are paid through the state's Risk Management Fund.

## c. Employee Group Insurance Fund

The state has also set aside assets in the Employee Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the state with the risk retained by the state. The agency participates in the Employee Group Insurance Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including the cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims.

#### NOTE 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Healthcare is the only other postemployment benefit (OPEB) provided to employees. The State of Tennessee administers a group health insurance program which provides postemployment health insurance benefits to eligible THDA retirees. This program includes two plans - the State Employee Group Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan. For accounting purposes, the plans are agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Benefits are established and amended by an insurance committee created by *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 8-27-101. Prior to reaching the age of 65, members have the option of choosing between the standard or partnership preferred provider organization (PPO) plan for healthcare benefits. Subsequent to age 65, members who are also in the state's retirement system may participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan. That plan does not include pharmacy. The plans are reported in the Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Report. report available state's website *Financial* That is on the www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

<u>Special Funding Situation</u> - The State of Tennessee is legally responsible for contributions to the Medicare Supplement Plan that covers the retirees of other governmental entities, including the Tennessee Housing Development Agency (see Note 10). The state is the sole contributor for the THDA retirees that participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan and, therefore, is acting as the employer.

Funding Policy - The premium requirements of plan members of the State Employment Group Plan are established and may be amended by the insurance committee. The plans are self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs of the plan are allocated to plan participants. In accordance with Section 8-27-205(b), *Tennessee Code Annotated*, retirees in the State Employee Group Plan who have not reached the age of 65 pay the same base premium as active employees in the plan, adjusted for years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service pay 20% of the total premium. Retirees with 20 but less than 30 years of service pay 30% of the total premium. Retirees with less than 20 years of service pay 40% of the total premium. Retirees 65 years of age or older are provided flat-rate premium subsidies, based on years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service service \$50 per month; retirees with 20 but less than 30 years of service, \$37.50; and retirees with 15 but less than 20 years of service, \$25.

THDA Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obl	gation
State Employee Group Plan	
(Thousands)	

June 30, 2014

June 30, 2013

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$345	\$362
Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation	52	46
Adjustment to the ARC	(51)	(49)
Annual OPEB cost	346	359
Amount of contribution	(236)	(213)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	110	146
Net OPEB Obligation-beginning of year	1,303	1,157
Net OPEB Obligation-end of year	\$1,413	\$1,303

Year End	<u>Plan</u>	OPE	nual 3 Cost <u>isands)</u>	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Obli At Y	OPEB gation ear End ousands)
6/30/2014	State Employee Group Plan	\$	346	68%	\$	1,413
6/30/2013	State Employee Group Plan	\$	359	60%	\$	1,303
6/30/2012	State Employee Group Plan	\$	390	58%	\$	1,157

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> The funded status of THDA's portion of the State Employee Group Plan as of July 1, 2013, was as follows (thousands):

Actuarial valuation date	7/01/2013
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,964
Actuarial value of plan assets	-0-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,964
Actuarial value of assets as a % of the AAL	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 9,841
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	30%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and probability assumptions far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the July 1, 2013, actuarial valuation for the Employee Group Plan, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% initially. The rate decreases to 7% in fiscal year 2015, and then reduces by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.7% in fiscal year 2044. All rates include a 2.5% inflation assumption. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis over a 30-year period beginning with July 1, 2007. Payroll is assumed to grow at a rate of 3 percent.

#### NOTE 10. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the State of Tennessee made payments of \$4,942 on behalf of THDA for retirees participating in the Medicare Supplement Plan, and during the year ended June 30, 2013, made payments of \$4,715. The Medicare Supplement Plan is a postemployment benefit healthcare plan and is discussed further in Note 9. The plan is reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

#### NOTE 11. PAYMENTS TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

From time to time, the State of Tennessee has called upon the agency and its resources, together with resources of other departments, agencies, and organizations in state government, to provide funds to the State General Fund to balance the state budget. The following is a description of these occurrences in relationship to the agency. On June 30, 1995, \$15,000,000 from the agency's Housing Program Reserve Fund was transferred to the State General Fund. On June 30, 1998, \$43,000,000 was transferred from the agency to the State General Fund. The \$43,000,000 transferred from the agency came from the following resources of the agency: (i) \$15,459,157 from tax revenues previously directed to the Housing Program Fund; (ii) \$5,028,761 from the Housing Program Reserve Fund; and (iii) \$22,512,082 from the Assets Fund. On June 30, 2002, a transfer from the agency to the primary government in the amount of \$35,367,449 was made from the Assets Fund for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements of funding the operations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2002.

#### NOTE 12. NATIONAL MORTGAGE SETTLEMENT FUNDS

The State of Tennessee received \$41,207,810 from the United States Attorney General for the National Mortgage Settlement. In June 2012, the agency received \$34,500,000 of the \$41,207,810. The agency plans to use those funds to expand the Keep My Tennessee Home financial assistance program to include long-term medical hardships and to provide foreclosure counseling.

#### NOTE 13. FINAL REDEMPTION / TRANSFER OF ASSETS

#### a. Final Redemption under Mortgage Finance Program Bonds

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the agency redeemed all remaining bonds that were issued under the Mortgage Finance Program.

#### b. Transfer of Assets to General Residential Finance Program Bonds

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the agency transferred certain assets from the Mortgage Finance Program to the General Residential Program for the purpose of improving the Program Assets to Debt Ratios in the General Residential Finance Program.

### NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

**a.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

July 1, 2014	Homeownership Program		\$56,290,000
	Housing Finance Program		9,715,000
	Residential Finance Program		5,415,000
		Total	\$71,420,000

- **b.** Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2014-2, were authorized by the Board of directors on July 29, 2014, not to exceed \$150,000,000.
- **c.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

August 1, 2014	Homeownership Program		\$13,360,000
	Housing Finance Program		4,610,000
	Residential Finance Program		1,645,000
		Total	\$19,615,000

**d.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

September 1, 2014	Homeownership Program		\$11,275,000
	Housing Finance Program		4,950,000
	Residential Finance Program		1,685,000
		Total	\$17.910.000

**e.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

October 1, 2014	Homeownership Program		\$14,965,000
	Housing Finance Program		6,130,000
	Residential Finance Program		3,175,000
	_	Total	\$24,270,000

**f.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

November 1, 2014	Homeownership Program		\$12,455,000
	Housing Finance Program		5,015,000
	Residential Finance Program		2,040,000
		Total	<u>\$19,510,000</u>

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS UNAUDITED

(Expressed in Thousands)

										UAAL			
				A	ctuarial					as a			
		Acti	uarial	A	ccrued	Ur	funded			% of			
Actuarial		Val	Value of		Value of I		of Liability		AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered	
Valuation		As	Assets		Assets		(AAL)		JAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	
Date	Plan	(	a)	(b)		(b-a)		(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)			
	State Employee												
7/1/2010	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	3,316	\$	3,316	0%	\$ 8,640	38%			
	State Employee												
7/1/2011	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	2,919	\$	2,919	0%	\$ 9,818	30%			
	State Employee												
7/1/2013	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	2,964	\$	2,964	0%	\$ 9,841	30%			

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals
ASSETS						
Current assets:  Cash and cash equivalents  Investments  \$ 1	13,030	\$ 10,582 682	\$ 105,031 9,175	\$ 35,259 4,478	\$ 101,156 2,671	\$ 265,058 17,006
Receivables:						
Accounts Interest	3 29	391 254	21,334 7,746	8,364 3,850	2,849 2,017	32,941 13.896
First mortgage loans	5	145	29,002	10,636	12,299	52,087
Due from federal government	19,668	-	· -	· -		19,668
Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	7,122 6	20	-	-	-	7,142 6
Total current assets	39,863	12,074	172,288	62,587	120,992	407,804
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	4,469	-	2,734 154,344	297 20,304	845 14,659	8,345 189,307
Investment Interest receivable	_	-	1,486	104	99	1,689
Investments	-	2,022	8,058	7,792	28,820	46,692
First mortgage loans receivable	1,184	43,689	948,669	492,034	428,637	1,914,213
Advance to local government Capital assets:	3,062	-	-	-	-	3,062
Furniture and equipment	1,437	-	-	_	_	1,437
Less accumulated depreciation	(811)					(811)
Total noncurrent assets	9,341	45,711	1,115,291	520,531	473,060	2,163,934
Total assets	49,204	57,785	1,287,579	583,118	594,052	2,571,738
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on refundings			337		913	1,250
Total deferred outflows of resources			337		913	1,250
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	5,405	4	44	24	278	5,755
Accrued payroll and related liabilities Compensated absences	612 587	-	-	-	-	612 587
Due to primary government	72	-	-	-	-	72
Interest payable	-	-	20,918	9,336	6,248	36,502
Escrow deposits	-	82 5	-	200	304	82
Prepayments on mortgage loans  Due to federal government	4,314	- -	684	300	304	1,293 4,314
Due to other funds	-	-	7,142	-	-	7,142
Bonds payable			87,865	22,860	11,965	122,690
Total current liabilities	10,990	91	116,653	32,520	18,795	179,049
Noncurrent liabilities:			997 405	E04 070	460 444	1 001 000
Bonds payable Compensated absences	623	-	887,495 -	504,972	469,141	1,861,608 623
Net OPEB obligation	1,413	-	-	-	-	1,413
Escrow deposits	272	544	-	-	1,322	2,138
Arbitrage rebate payable			1,229		<del></del>	1,229
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,308	544	888,724	504,972	470,463	1,867,011
Total liabilities	13,298	635	1,005,377	537,492	489,258	2,046,060
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	626	120	202 520	4F 606	105 707	626
Restricted for single family bond programs Restricted for grant programs	-	128 12,752	282,539	45,626 -	105,707	434,000 12,752
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program	3,153		-	-	-	3,153
Unrestricted	32,127	44,270				76,397
Total net position \$	35,906	\$ 57,150	\$ 282,539	\$ 45,626	\$ 105,707	\$ 526,928

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds		General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES							
Mortgage interest income Investment income:	\$ 65	\$ 1,565	\$ 60,536	\$ 26,424	\$	13,518	\$ 102,108
Interest	34	1,283	8,287	743		335	10,682
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value							
of investments	-	(618)	(3,718)	146		(146)	(4,336)
Federal grant administration fees	16,556	-	-	-		-	16,556
Fees and other income	2,322	149			-		2,471
Total operating revenues	18,977	2,379	65,105	27,313		13,707	127,481
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and benefits	16,578	-	-	-		-	16,578
Contractual services	5,973	-	-	-		-	5,973
Materials and supplies	1,250	-	-	-		-	1,250
Rentals and insurance	94	-	-	_		-	94
Other administrative expenses	527	-	-	_		-	527
Other program expenses	3.993	719	3.433	494		239	8,878
Interest expense	-,	814	41,649	18.840		9.087	70.390
Mortgage service fees	_	184	4,109	1,892		980	7,165
Issuance costs	_	-	-1,100	1,002		2,167	2,167
Depreciation	309	_	_	_		2,107	309
•					-		
Total operating expenses	28,724	1,717	49,191	21,226	-	12,473	113,331
Operating income (loss)	(9,747)	662	15,914	6,087	-	1,234	14,150
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Federal grants revenue	295.814	_	-	_		_	295,814
Federal grants expenses	(292,523)	_	_	_		_	(292,523)
Local grants expenses	(12,855)	_	(4,125)	_		_	(16,980)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(9,564)		(4,125)		-		(13,689)
,					-		
Income (loss) before transfers	(19,311)	662	11,789	6,087	-	1,234	461
Transfers (to) other funds	-	(129,308)	(51,950)	(6,196)		-	(187,454)
Transfers from other funds	14,702				-	172,752	187,454
Change in net position	(4,609)	(128,646)	(40,161)	(109)		173,986	461
Total net position, July 1	40,515	185,796	322,700	45,735		(68,279)	526,467
Total net position, June 30	\$ 35,906	\$ 57,150	\$ 282,539	\$ 45,626	\$	105,707	\$ 526,928

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Operating Group	_	Mortgage Finance Program		Home- ownership Program Bonds		Housing Finance Program Bonds	_	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	_	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:	_		_		_		_				_	
Receipts from customers	\$	194	\$	7,413	\$	222,358	\$	75,814	\$	29,174	\$	334,953
Receipts from federal government		16,589		-		3		-		-		16,592
Receipts from other funds		2,213		10		-		-		-		2,223
Other miscellaneous receipts		2,322		149		-		-		-		2,471
Acquisition of mortgage loans		-		(5,866)		(1,614)		(1,139)		(218,677)		(227,296)
Payments to service mortgages		-		(184)		(4,109)		(1,892)		(980)		(7,165)
Payments to suppliers		(8,499)		(719)		(2,220)		(497)		-		(11,935)
Payments to other funds		-		-		(2,223)		-		-		(2,223)
Payments to employees		(16,720)	-		-		-	-	-	-	=	(16,720)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(3,901)	_	803		212,195		72,286	-	(190,483)	_	90,900
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:												
Operating grants received		277,657		_		_		_		_		277,657
Transfers in (out)		14,702		(42,143)		47,097		(6,196)		(13,460)		211,001
Proceeds from sale of bonds		14,702		(42,143)		47,037		(0,190)		277,828		277,828
Operating grants paid		(304,487)		-		(4,125)		-		211,020		(308,612)
Cost of issuance paid		(304,407)		-		(4,123)		-		(2.167)		
·		-		(40.005)		(000 505)		(00.740)		(2,167)		(2,167)
Principal payments		-		(48,965)		(293,505)		(66,740)		(16,005)		(425,215)
Interest paid			-	(1,249)	-	(52,825)	-	(20,405)	-	(3,772)	-	(78,251)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		(12,128)	-	(92,357)	-	(303,358)	-	(93,341)	-	242,424	-	(258,760)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital assets		(740)	_		_		_		_		_	(740)
Net and by and by an item and an interest of the section of the se		(7.40)										(7.40)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(740)	-	<del>-</del>	-		-	<del></del>	-	<del>-</del>	-	(740)
Cash flows from investing activities:												
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		-		40,403		53,402		13,342		28,185		135,332
Purchases of investments		-		(10,686)		(35,711)		(10,260)		(51,838)		(108,495)
Investment interest received		34		1,278		8,495		796		222		10,825
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value												
reporting and classified as cash equivalents			_		_	5	_	-	_	5	_	10
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		34		30,995		26,191		3,878		(23,426)		37,672
The east provided (asea) by investing delivines	•	<del></del>	-	50,555	-	20,101	-	0,070	-	(20,720)	-	01,012
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(16,735)		(60,559)		(64,972)		(17,177)		28,515		(130,928)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		34,234	-	71,141	-	172,737	-	52,733	-	73,486	-	404,331
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	17,499	\$	10,582	\$	107,765	\$	35,556	\$	102,001	\$	273,403
	٠.	,	-	-,	٠.		ntinu		Ť =	- /	Ť =	-/

(continued)

#### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals
Reconciliation of operating income to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (9,747)	\$ 662	\$ <u>15,914</u>	\$ 6,087	\$ 1,234	\$ 14,150
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation	309	-	-	-	-	309
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(2)	498	(7,381)	(5,067)	(2,834)	(14,786)
(Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable	(15)	572	1,252	(428)	(1,919)	(538)
(Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable	156	685	166,314	53,691	(199,900)	20,946
Decrease in due from federal government	33	-	-	-	-	33
Decrease in interfund receivables	2,213	10	-	-	-	2,223
(Decrease) in interfund payables	-	-	(2,223)	-	-	(2,223)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	2,947	(1,773)	10	52	1,871	3,107
Increase in accrued payroll /						
compensated absences	167	-	-	-	-	167
Increase in due to primary government	72	-	-	-	-	72
Increase in arbitrage rebate liability	-	-	1,229	-	-	1,229
Investment income included as operating revenue	(34)	(665)	(4,569)	(889)	(189)	(6,346)
Interest expense included as operating expense	-	814	41,649	18,840	9,087	70,390
Issuance cost included as operating expense	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		2,167	2,167
Total adjustments	5,846	141	196,281	66,199	(191,717)	76,750
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (3,901)	\$ 803	\$ 212,195	\$ 72,286	\$ <u>(190,483)</u>	\$ 90,900
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:						
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$ -	\$ (618)	\$ (3,718)	\$ 146	\$ (146)	\$ (4,336)
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	\$ (618)	\$ (3,718)	\$ 146	\$ (146)	\$ (4,336)

## TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION - MORTGAGE FINANCE PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2014

(Expressed in Thousands)

ASSETS		Mortgage Finance Bond		General Fund		Mortgage Finance Bond Group Total*		Escrow Fund**		Mortgage Finance Program Total
Current assets:	•	(0)	•	40.440	Φ.	40.444	•	400	Φ.	40.500
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	(2)	\$	10,446 627	\$	10,444 627	\$	138 55	\$	10,582 682
Receivables:				021		021		33		002
Accounts		-		386		386		5		391
Interest		33		220		253		1		254
First mortgage loans		-		145		145		-		145
Due from other funds				20		20				20
Total current assets		31		11,844		11,875		199		12,074
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:										
Investments		-		1,567		1,567		455		2,022
First mortgage loans receivable		<del></del>		43,689		43,689				43,689
Total noncurrent assets				45,256		45,256		455		45,711
Total assets		31		57,100		57,131		654		57,785
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Escrow deposits Prepayments on mortgage loans		2 - 3		2 - 2		4 - 5		- 82 -		4 82 5
Total current liabilities		5		4		9		82		91
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Escrow deposits				99		99		445		544
Total noncurrent liabilities				99		99		445		544
Total liabilities		5		103		108		527		635
NET POSITION  Restricted for single family bond programs  Restricted for grant programs  Unrestricted		- - 26		1 12,752 44,244		1 12,752 44,270		127 - -		128 12,752 44,270
Total net position	\$	26	\$	56,997	\$	57,023	\$	127	\$	57,150

<sup>\*</sup> The Mortgage Finance Bond Group Total represents the funds pledged to the Mortgage Finance Program Resolution.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Escrow Funds can only be used for escrow payments.



## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013



## STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

SUITE 1500 JAMES K. POLK STATE OFFICE BUILDING

PHONE (615) 401-7897 FAX (615) 532-2765

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402

The Honorable Bill Haslam, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the Board of Directors Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of net position of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of June 30, 2013, and June 30, 2012, the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. Tennessee statutes, in addition to audit responsibilities, entrust certain other responsibilities to the Comptroller of the Treasury. Those responsibilities include serving as a member of the board of directors of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency. We do not believe that the Comptroller's service in this capacity affected our ability to conduct an independent audit of the agency.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency as of June 30, 2013, and June 30, 2012, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information, following the schedule of funding progress, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 1, 2013, on our consideration of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the agency's internal control over financial reporting.

Deborah V. Loveless, CPA

Debort U. Liveliss

Director

October 1, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

This section of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's (THDA) annual financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of THDA's financial performance for the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of THDA and to meet the reporting and disclosure requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements -- and Management's Discussion and Analysis -- for State and Local Governments*. This section should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### INTRODUCTION – THE TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The mission statement of THDA is "Leading Tennessee Home by creating safe, sound, affordable housing opportunities." THDA's goal is to provide housing assistance to those in need by offering a variety of housing-related programs. One of the primary ways THDA assists Tennesseans is by offering mortgages for first-time homebuyers at below conventional market interest rates. At the close of fiscal year 2013, THDA has originated over 110,000 single-family mortgage loans in its 40-year history, and serves as the master servicer for all active mortgages it funds. In addition to helping homebuyers, THDA administers Section 8 rental assistance programs, including the tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program in approximately 74 of Tennessee's 95 counties, as well as the project-based Contract Administration program for approximately 400 contracts throughout all of Tennessee. THDA also administers grant programs, awarded on a competitive annual cycle, for rehabilitation and new construction of owner-occupied units and small rental projects. THDA is also involved in the development and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for low-income families by administering the federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit, which is a competitive process, and by setting aside a portion of bond authority to be allocated to local issuing authorities for specific multifamily developments.

More recently, THDA has administered programs under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), including the Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program (HPRP), the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP), the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), and a Low Income Housing Tax Credit exchange program under Section 1602 of the Act.

As established by statute, "The agency shall have a board of directors which shall be responsible for carrying out the powers given to the agency. . ." (*Tennessee Code Annotated 13-23-105*). This board meets regularly on a bi-monthly basis; however, some committees may meet more often as situations dictate.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include statements of net position, statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, statements of cash flows, as well as notes to the financial statements. The statements of net position provide financial information on the overall financial position of THDA at each year end. The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position summarize the results of operations over the course of each fiscal

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.)
JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

year. The statements of cash flows provide relevant information about THDA's cash receipts and cash payments during each fiscal year. The notes to the financial statements provide essential information regarding THDA's significant accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, certain material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events. THDA's financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. In addition to the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information is included.

THDA is also considered to be a "component unit" for the State of Tennessee, and therefore, its financial information is reported in the State of Tennessee's government-wide *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This report may be viewed at <a href="https://www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml">www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml</a>.

During fiscal year 2013, THDA implemented several accounting standards including GASB Statement 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, GASB Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Among the requirements of these pronouncements, GASB Statement 63 required the reclassification of Net Assets to Net Position, as well as the reclassification of certain deferred amounts to new categories called Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. As applicable to THDA, deferred amounts from bond refundings, which were previously reported as a component of bonds payable (noncurrent), are now reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources. In addition, bond issuance costs, which previously was reported as an asset (deferred charges) and amortized over the life of the bonds, is now recognized as expense in the period when incurred. GASB statement 65 required retroactive implementation and reporting for all financial periods presented; therefore, beginning net position for fiscal year 2012 was restated to reflect the retroactive application of GASB statement 65.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### Year Ended June 30, 2013

- Total assets increased by \$102.4 million, or 3.9%.
- Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$0.2 million, or 6.5%.
- Total liabilities increased by \$119.3 million, or 5.7%.
- Net position was \$526.5 million. This is a decrease of \$17.0 million, or 3.1% from fiscal year 2012.
- Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$150.7 million, or 59.4%.
- Total investments increased by \$56.9 million, or 25.0%.
- Bonds payable increased by \$116.5 million, or 5.8%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

■ THDA originated \$212.2 million in new loans, which is a decrease of \$23.6 million, or 10.0%, from the prior year.

#### Year Ended June 30, 2012

- Total assets decreased by \$97.7 million, or 3.6%.
- Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$0.9 million, or 26.9%.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$136.8 million, or 6.2%.
- Net position was \$543.5 million. This is an increase of \$38.3 million, or 7.5%, from fiscal year 2011.
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$57.0 million, or 18.3%.
- Total investments decreased \$8.5 million, or 3.6%.
- Bonds and notes payable decreased \$123.4 million, or 5.8%.
- THDA originated \$235.7 million in new loans, which is an increase of \$4.6 million, or 2.0%, from the prior year.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AGENCY

**Net Position.** The following table focuses on the changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Current assets	\$ 495,605	\$ 314,268	\$ 304,429
Capital assets	194	113	157
Other noncurrent assets	 2,231,487	 2,310,506	 2,418,006
Total assets	2,727,286	 2,624,887	 2,722,592
Deferred outflows of resources	 2,287	 2,445	 3,346
Current liabilities	303,224	207,708	150,534
Noncurrent liabilities	 1,899,882	 1,876,123	 2,070,179
Total liabilities	 2,203,106	 2,083,831	 2,220,713
Invested in capital assets	194	114	157
Restricted net position	489,105	503,563	502,856
Unrestricted net position	 37,168	 39,824	 2,212
Total net position	\$ 526,467	\$ 543,501	\$ 505,225

#### 2013 to 2012

- THDA's total net position decreased by \$17.0 million, or 3.1%, from \$543.5 million at June 30, 2012 to \$526.5 million at June 30, 2013. While various factors accounted for this change, the most significant factors include a decrease in mortgage interest income, a decrease in the net increase/decrease in the fair value of investments, and an increase in bonds payable.
- Mortgage loans receivable decreased by \$109.3 million, or 5.2% from \$2,096.6 million on June 30, 2012 to \$1,987.3 million on June 30, 2013. During FY 2013, single-family mortgage loan originations decreased by \$23.6 million, or 10.0% from \$235.7 million at June 30, 2012 to \$212.2 million at June 30, 2013. Conversely, mortgage loan prepayments and repayments increased by \$58.3 million, or 28.0% from \$209.0 million at June 30, 2012 to \$267.3 million on June 30, 2013.
- Total liabilities increased \$119.3 million, or 5.7% from \$2,083.8 million at June 30, 2012 to \$2,203.1 million on June 30, 2013. The increase is primarily due to an increase in the amount of bonds issued during fiscal year 2013 as compared to fiscal year 2012, as well as a small decrease in the redemption of bonds as compared to fiscal year 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.)
JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

#### 2012 to 2011

- THDA's total net position increased \$38.3 million, or 7.6%, from \$505.2 million at June 30, 2011 to \$543.5 million at June 30, 2012. The net position of \$505.2 million at June 30, 2011 was reduced by \$14.7 million from the amount previously reported, due to the effect of implementing GASB 65. The primary factor that contributed to this increase was the receipt of \$34.5 million of funds from the multi-state national mortgage settlement with the nation's leading mortgage servicers. In addition, THDA's total net position as of July 1, 2011 was revised downward by \$14.7 million due to the implementation of GASB Statement 65.
- Mortgage loans receivable decreased \$22.8 million, or 1.1%, from \$2,119.4 million at June 30, 2011 to \$2,096.6 million at June 30, 2012. During FY 2012, single-family mortgage loan originations increased \$4.6 million or 2.0% from \$231.1 million in FY 2011 to \$235.7 million in FY 2012. Conversely, mortgage loan prepayments and repayments increased \$28.8 million, or 16.0%, from \$180.2 million in FY 2011 to \$209.0 million in FY 2012.
- Total liabilities decreased \$136.9 million, or 6.2%, from \$2,220.7 million at June 30, 2011 to \$2,083.8 million at June 30, 2012. As noted above, the implementation of GASB 65 was applied retroactively, therefore requiring a minor revision to the amount of liabilities as previously reported. While there were several factors that led to this decrease, notable year-to-year changes include a decrease of warrants / wires payable from \$10.9 million at June 30, 2011 to \$0 at June 30, 2012, and a decrease in the total amount of bonds and notes outstanding from \$2,143.7 million at June 30, 2011 to \$2,015.1 million at June 30, 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

**Changes in Net Position.** The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses and changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Operating revenues			
Mortgage interest income	\$ 109,158	\$ 116,015	\$ 119,406
Investment income	(4,346)	11,992	6,156
Other	 17,865	17,693	 17,041
Total operating revenues	 122,677	 145,700	 142,603
Operating expenses			
Interest expense	78,643	86,020	84,137
Other	 41,982	 41,298	 40,082
Total operating expenses	 120,625	 127,318	 124,219
Operating income	2,052	 18,382	 18,384
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Grant revenues	237,638	260,371	355,754
Payment from primary government	-	34,500	-
Grant expenses	 (256,724)	 (274,977)	 (369,957)
Total nonoperating revenues			
(expenses)	 (19,086)	 19,894	 (14,203)
Change in net position	\$ (17,034)	\$ 38,276	\$ 4,181

#### 2013 to 2012

Total operating revenues decreased \$23.0 million, or 15.8% from \$145.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2012 to \$122.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. The primary reasons for this decrease are as follows:

- Investment income decreased \$16.3 million, or 136.2% from \$12.0 million in 2012 to a net loss of \$4.3 million in 2013. While interest income from investments decreased marginally, THDA experienced a net decrease in the fair value of investments of \$15.2 million in fiscal year 2013, as compared to a net increase in the fair value of investments of \$0.3 million in fiscal year 2012.
- Mortgage interest income decreased \$6.9 million, or 5.9%, from \$116.0 million in 2012 to \$109.1 million in 2013. This is due to mortgage loan prepayments exceeding the amount of mortgage loan originations. Likewise, new mortgage loan originations typically have lower interest rates than those associated with mortgage loan repayments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

• Total operating expenses decreased \$6.7 million, or 5.3%, from \$127.3 million in fiscal year 2012 to \$120.6 million in fiscal year 2013. A leading factor in this decrease is a decrease in interest expense, due to the use of mortgage loan prepayments to redeem bonds in advance of their maturities, as well as refunding outstanding bonds with new bonds bearing a lower interest rate.

#### 2012 to 2011

Total operating revenues increased \$3.1 million from \$142.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2011 to \$145.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2012. The primary reasons for this increase are as follows:

- Mortgage interest revenue decreased \$3.4 million, or \$2.8%, from \$119.4 million in FY 2011 to \$116.0 million in FY 2012. This decrease is due to prepayments of older mortgage loans with higher interest rates, as compared to new loans being originated at historically low interest rates.
- Investment income increased \$5.8 million, or 94.8%, from \$6.2 million in 2011 to \$12.0 million in 2012. While the increase in investment interest income was insignificant, the net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments improved \$5.2 million, or 106.5%, from a net decrease of \$4.9 million in FY 2011 to a net increase of \$0.3 million in FY 2012.

For the year ended June 30, 2012, total operating expenses increased \$3.1 million, or 2.5%, from \$124.2 million in 2011 to \$127.3 million in 2012. The increase is not significant.

### **DEBT ACTIVITY**

Bonds and notes outstanding at June 30 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Bonds payable	\$ 2,136,806	\$ 2,020,302	\$ 2,140,486
Notes payable	 	 	 3,250
Total bonds and notes payable	\$ 2,136,806	\$ 2,020,302	\$ 2,143,736

#### Year Ended June 30, 2013

Total bonds and notes payable increased \$116.5 million, or 5.8% due primarily to an increase in the amount of bonds issued as well as a decrease in the redemption of bonds as compared to recent fiscal years. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$456.7 million, with activity arising from three bond issues. With interest rates remaining at historically low

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

levels, THDA continued to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments. THDA refunded \$66.5 million of outstanding bonds into new bond originations with lower interest rates.

#### Year Ended June 30, 2012

Total bonds and notes payable decreased \$123.4 million, or 5.8%, due primarily to a decrease in the amount of bonds issued as well as an increase in the redemption of bonds as compared to recent fiscal years. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$153.7 million, with activity arising from three bond issues. With investment interest rates at historically low levels, THDA has sought out opportunities to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments as practical. In addition to nominal advanced bond redemptions from mortgage loan prepayments, THDA refunded \$135.1 million of bonds into bonds with lower interest rates.

#### **New Issue Bond Program (NIBP)**

The New Issue Bond Program (NIBP) provides temporary financing for Housing Finance Agencies (HFAs) to issue new housing bonds to fund new mortgages. The United States Treasury Department will purchase securities of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac backed by these new housing bonds. This will temporarily allow the HFAs to issue an amount of new housing bonds equal to what they would ordinarily be able to issue with the allocations provided them by Congress but are generally unable to issue given the current challenges in housing and related markets.

On December 23, 2009, THDA issued \$360 million of bonds under the NIBP, which were \$60 million (Bond Issue 2009-A2) and \$300 million (Bond Issue 2009-B1). The \$300 million 2009-B1 bonds are variable-rate taxable debt, and are to be held in escrow. Upon being placed in escrow, the proceeds from these bonds are re-invested into permissible investments as required by the United States Treasury Department (generally, 28-day Treasury Bills purchased at auction). These bonds are scheduled to be released from escrow, re-designated and be converted to fixed-rate, tax-exempt bonds upon the issuance of market bonds within the framework and guidelines of the NIBP.

Subsequently, THDA released, re-designated, and converted escrowed bonds (Bond Issue 2009-B) into fixed-rate, tax-exempt bonds as noted below:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>	New Bond Issue
June 17, 2010	\$ 56,860,000	Bond Issue 2010-A1
	17,850,000	Bond Issue 2010-A2
	85,290,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-1
October 27, 2010	40,000,000	Bond Issue 2010-B
	60,000,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-2
March 24, 2011	40,000,000	Bond Issue 2011-A
	60,000,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-3
August 25, 2011	40,000,000	Bond Issue 2011-B
	60,000,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-4
November 03, 2011	65,290,000	Bond Issue 2011-C
	34,710,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-5

As of June 30, 2012, all of the bonds issued under issue 2009-B1 had been released, redesignated, and converted into fixed-rate, tax-exempt bonds.

#### **Bond Ratings**

For bonds issued under the Mortgage Finance Program, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2 and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P") has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA.

For bonds issued under the Homeownership Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1 and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

For bonds issued under the Housing Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2. These bonds are not rated by S&P.

For bonds issued under the Residential Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1 and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

There were no revisions to THDA's bond ratings during FY 2013 or FY 2012.

#### **Debt Limits**

In accordance with *Tennessee Code Annotated*, 13-23-121, THDA operates under a "debt ceiling" of \$2,930,000,000.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

## **GRANT PROGRAMS**

During FY 2007 through FY 2009, the General Assembly has appropriated revenue to THDA for grant programs. Likewise, THDA's Board of Directors has allocated additional THDA funds for grants. These funds established a grant program that has been titled by the THDA as the "Tennessee Housing Trust Fund."

The four-level model for funding this grant program includes state appropriations, THDA funds, private sector investment, and matching funds from local grantees. The purpose of this grant program is to serve the needs of low and/or very low income, elderly, and special needs Tennesseans. Funding and uses for the Housing Trust Fund are as follows:

	FY 2013	FY 2012	FY 2011	F	Y 2010 and Prior	Total
Funding Sources:						
THDA	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$	24,000,000	\$ 43,000,000
State Appropriation	 -		 		4,350,000	 4,350,000
Totals	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$	28,350,000	\$ 47,350,000
Approved Uses:						
Rural repair program (USDA)	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$	2,800,000	\$ 4,900,000
Ramp Program (UCP)	-	-	-		50,000	50,000
Ramp Program	-	-	-		400,000	400,000
Hsg Modification & Ramp Prg	150,000	150,000	150,000		150,000	600,000
Homebuyer Education Initiative	-	-	-		300,000	300,000
Emergency Repairs for Elderly	-	2,000,000	2,000,000		8,000,000	12,000,000
Competitive Grants	4,426,409	3,150,000	3,150,000		16,650,000	27,376,409
Pilot Program Manufactured Hsg	500,000	500,000	-		-	1,000,000
Pending Allocations	 723,591	-	-		-	723,591
Totals	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$	28,350,000	\$ 47,350,000

In addition to the above funding, local grants could produce an additional \$4 million or more funding each year. Also, the Emergency Repairs for the Elderly program and the Competitive Grants have a 50% grantee match requirement.

THDA is seeking additional private sector funding. In addition to the above approved uses, THDA received requests that merit funding. These requests totaled approximately \$6 million more than the funds available.

#### **CURRENT MORTGAGE PRODUCTS AND ENVIRONMENT**

THDA offers three primary choices for single-family mortgages. The *Great Rate* mortgage product offers an attractive interest rate loan secured by a first mortgage. The *Great Start* program offers a loan with an interest rate that is, as of June 30, 2013, 60 basis points higher than the Great Rate product, but provides 4% of the loan amount as down payment and closing cost assistance. In addition, THDA introduced the *Great Advantage* product during fiscal year 2006, which offers a loan with an interest rate that is, as of June 30, 2013, 30 basis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

points higher than the Great Rate product, and 2% of the loan amount as down payment and closing cost assistance.

All loans made or purchased by THDA are fixed-rate mortgages with a maximum loan term of 360 months (30 years), and must conform to insurer / guarantor underwriting guidelines. THDA does not make or purchase adjustable rate mortgages (ARMs), interest-only mortgages, "buy-down" loans, mortgages with a future lump-sum payment due (balloon-type mortgage), or with other similar mortgage terms. THDA does not make or purchase "sub-prime" mortgage loans.

Single-family mortgage loans purchased by THDA with Loan-to-value (LTV) ratios between 78% and 97% must have an acceptable insurer/guarantor, which includes:

- FHA (United States Department of Housing and Urban Development)
- VA (Veterans Administration Guaranty Program)
- USDA/RD (the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development, formerly Farmers Home Administration)
- Private mortgage insurance

THDA will accept private mortgage insurance provided from private mortgage insurers, who are licensed by the Tennessee Commissioner of Commerce and Insurance to do business in Tennessee; and are rated at least AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Group. THDA will allow privately insured loans underwritten using nationally accepted underwriting guidelines established by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. These loans must be approved through an automated underwriting system such as Desktop Underwriter or Loan Prospector with no expanded approvals. Such privately insured mortgage loans may have loan-to-value ratios up to and including 97% of the lesser of the purchase price or the appraised value.

Loans with a 78% LTV or lower do not require mortgage insurance.

A detailed chart of these mortgage loan products and primary mortgage loan terms may be obtained from THDA's internet site at http://www.thda.org/index.aspx?NID=282.

More recently, media attention has focused on mortgage loan delinquencies and foreclosures. For the past several years, THDA has closely monitored its loan portfolio for delinquency and foreclosures. This monitoring has included analysis based on loan type (Great Rate, Great Start, and Great Advantage), insurer/guarantor (FHA, VA, RECD, private mortgage insurer), mortgage loan servicer, down-payment assistance, and other factors as deemed necessary.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

As of June 30, 2013, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of	<u>Principal</u>	
<b>Loan Status</b>	Loans Serviced	Loans in Status	<u>Amount</u>	Percentage
60-89 Days Past Due	25,265	554	40,491,422	2.19%
90+ Days Past Due	25,265	1,181	89,505,286	4.67%
In Foreclosure	25,265	550	45,013,301	2.18%

As of June 30, 2012, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of	<u>Principal</u>	
<b>Loan Status</b>	Loans Serviced	Loans in Status	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
60-89 Days Past Due	26,430	561	42,078,643	2.12%
90+ Days Past Due	26,430	1,247	93,521,824	4.72%
In Foreclosure	26,430	166	12,663,174	0.63%

Note: Percentage is calculated by dividing the "Number of Loans in Status" by the "Total Number of Loans Serviced."

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

In accordance with THDA's investment policy, THDA typically invests in short-term and long-term fixed-rate debt securities from federal agencies. As a bench-mark, THDA uses the one-, three-, and five year Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) rates as established by the United States Treasury.

The continuation of relatively low interest rates from a historic perspective increased the likelihood of negative arbitrage, in which the interest rates on THDA's bond issues exceeds the current investment interest rates. THDA monitors prepayments and bond investment yields, and seeks to reduce negative arbitrage by calling bonds with the funds from prepayments.

#### **CONTACTING THDA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide THDA's stakeholders with a general overview of THDA's finances and to show accountability for the funds that it receives, invests, and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Trent Ridley, Chief Financial Officer at (615) 815-2012 or via e-mail at TRidley@thda.org.

## TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012 (Expressed in Thousands)

	2013	2012
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 2) Receivables:	\$ 382,434 15,310	\$ 219,397 578
Accounts	18,155	18,989
Interest	13,435	12,611
First mortgage loans	51,350	51,702
Due from federal government	14,921	10,991
Total current assets	495,605	314,268
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:	04.007	24.040
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 2)	21,897 200,346	34,218 186,562
Investments (Note 2) Investment interest receivable	1,753	1,683
Investments (Note 2)	68,533	40,130
First mortgage loans receivable	1,935,924	2,044,906
Advance to local government	3,034	3,007
Capital assets:		
Furniture and equipment	697	556
Less accumulated depreciation	(503)	(443)_
Total noncurrent assets	2,231,681	2,310,619
Total assets	2,727,286	2,624,887
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refundings	2,287	2,445
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,287	2,445
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	1,642	1,451
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	535	515 555
Compensated absences Due to primary government	600 71	555 71
Interest payable	40,279	43,626
Escrow deposits	172	433
Prepayments on mortgage loans	986	1,414
Due to federal government	17,619	10,408
Bonds payable (Note 4)	241,320	149,235
Total current liabilities	303,224	207,708
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable (Note 4)	1,895,486	1,871,067
Compensated absences	630	601
Net OPEB obligation (Note 9)	1,303	1,157
Escrow deposits	2,463	3,298
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,899,882	1,876,123
Total liabilities	2,203,106	2,083,831
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	194	114
Restricted for single family bond programs (Note 5 and Note 7)	472,570	494,270
Restricted for grant programs (Note 5)	13,382	6,140
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program (Note 5) Unrestricted (Note 7)	3,153 37,168	3,153 39,824
Total net position	\$ 526,467	\$ 543,501
•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012 (Expressed in Thousands)

	_	2013	_	2012
OPERATING REVENUES				
Mortgage interest income	\$	109,158	\$	116,015
Investment income:				
Interest		10,881		11,672
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value		(4.7.00=)		
of investments		(15,227)		320
Federal grant administration fees Fees and other income		15,586		14,475
rees and other income		2,279	_	3,218
Total operating revenues	_	122,677	_	145,700
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits		16,083		15,671
Contractual services		3,930		3,208
Materials and supplies		493		184
Rentals and insurance		115		100
Other administrative expenses		445		482
Other program expenses		9,926		11,727
Interest expense  Mortgage service fees		78,643		86,020
Issuance costs		7,291 3,639		7,539 2,243
Depreciation		60		144
			_	
Total operating expenses		120,625	_	127,318
Operating income		2,052	_	18,382
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Federal grants revenue		237,638		260,371
Payment from primary government (Note 12)		-		34,500
Federal grants expenses		(237,352)		(260,587)
Local grants expenses		(19,372)	_	(14,390)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(19,086)	_	19,894
Change in net position		(17,034)	_	38,276
Total net position, July 1		543,501		519,956
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle (Note 3)		-		(14,731)
Total net position, July 1, as restated		543,501	_	505,225
Total net position, June 30	\$ <u></u>	526,467	\$ _	543,501

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

## TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012 (Expressed in Thousands)

	_	2013	_	2012
Cash flows from operating activities:	Φ	400.004	Φ.	270 402
Receipts from customers Receipts from federal government	\$	429,234 15,344	\$	378,193 15,243
Other miscellaneous receipts		2,279		3,218
Acquisition of mortgage loans		(212,166)		(235,740)
Payments to service mortgages		(7,291)		(7,539)
Payments to service mortgages  Payments to suppliers		(14,366)		(15,527)
Payments to suppliers  Payments to federal government		(14,500)		(1,216)
Payments to employees		(16,123)		(15,644)
r ayments to employees	-	(10,123)		(13,044)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	196,911		120,988
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:				
Operating grants received		241,162		308,398
Negative cash balance implicitly financed (repaid)		-		(10,913)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		456,741		248,382
Operating grants paid		(256,797)		(278,480)
Cost of issuance paid		(3,639)		(2,243)
Principal payments		(336,030)		(372,940)
Interest paid	-	(86,039)		(91,195)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	-	15,398	_	(198,991)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Purchases of capital assets	-	(141)		(100)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	-	(141)	_	(100)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		287,825		409,752
Purchases of investments		(359,985)		(400,926)
Investment interest received		10,694		12,311
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value		•		•
reporting and classified as cash equivalents	-	14		8
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	-	(61,452)	_	21,145
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		150,716		(56,958)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	_	253,615		310,573
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	404,331	\$ <u></u>	253,615
		(0	continued)	

## TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012 (Expressed in Thousands)

Reconciliation of operating income to	2013			2012
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	2,052	\$	18,382
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		60		144
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Decrease in accounts receivable		834		4,758
(increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable		(709)		183
Decrease in first mortgage loans receivable		109,306		22,790
(Increase) decrease in due from federal government		(242)		768
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(1,258)		(1,460)
Increase in accrued payroll /				
compensated absences		240		368
(Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability		-		(1,216)
Investment income included as operating revenue		4,346		(11,992)
Interest expense included as operating expense		78,643		86,020
Issuance cost included as operating expense		3,639		2,243
Total adjustments		194,859		102,606
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	196,911	\$	120,988
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:				
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	(14,037)	\$	12,603
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$ 	(14,037)	\$ <u> </u>	12,603
rotal field for the state of th	Ψ	(11,501)	Ψ_	12,000

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Reporting Entity

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency was created by an act of the legislature (Chapter 241, Public Acts, 1973). The act was approved by the Governor on May 14, 1973. The enabling legislation can be found in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 13-23-101 *et seq*. The purpose of the agency is to improve housing and living conditions for lower- and moderate-income persons and families in Tennessee by making loans and mortgages to qualified sponsors, builders, developers, and purchasers of low- and moderate-income family dwellings.

The agency is governed by a board of directors. The Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance and Administration, and a Staff Assistant to the Governor serve as *ex officio* board members of the Agency. The remaining members are appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the State Senate and the Speaker of the State House of Representatives. Board members are to be representatives of the housing, real estate, or home building industries; the mortgage profession, local governments, or one of the three grand divisions of the state, and be knowledgeable about the problems of inadequate housing conditions in Tennessee. One member of the board is a resident board member as required by Section 505 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and 24 CFR Part 964, Subpart E.

In order to accomplish its objectives, the agency is authorized to raise funds through the issuance of bonds and notes. Bonds and notes issued by the agency are not general obligations of the State of Tennessee or any of its political subdivisions, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any political subdivision is pledged for payment of the principal or interest on such bonds or notes.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency is a component unit of the State of Tennessee. Although the agency is a separate legal entity, the state appoints a majority of its governing body, and approves its operating budget. The agency is discretely presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

#### b. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Certain accounting policies and procedures are stipulated in the agency's Mortgage Finance Program, Single Family Program, Homeownership Program, and Housing Finance Program bond resolutions and the Single Family Mortgage Notes trust indenture. The agency follows these procedures in establishing and maintaining the various funds and accounts for its programs. Revenues and expenses applicable to each fund and account are recorded therein.

#### c. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the agency's policy to use the restricted resources first. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

#### d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture and office equipment, are defined by the agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

DescriptionEstimated LifeFurniture10 yearsComputer equipment3 years

#### e. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the Debt Service Reserve Funds.

The bond resolutions require the agency to establish a Debt Service Reserve Fund for each bond issue. The bond resolutions require that if the Debt Service and Expense Funds or the Revenue Funds of a bond issue are not sufficient to provide for interest or principal and sinking fund requirements of that issue that funds be transferred from the Debt Service Reserve Fund to cover any deficiency.

#### f. Deferred Amount on Refundings and Bond Premiums and Discounts

- 1. Deferred Amounts on Refundings: The agency amortizes the deferred amount on refundings using the straight-line method.
- 2. Bond Premiums and Discounts: Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount.

## g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

In addition to demand deposits, petty cash, and deposits in the pooled investment fund administered by the State Treasurer, this classification includes short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### h. Investments

The agency has established guidelines for its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolutions and to comply with the statutes of the State of Tennessee. Permitted investments include the following: direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations guaranteed by the U.S., public housing bonds secured by contracts with the U.S., direct and general obligations of the State of Tennessee or obligations guaranteed by the State of Tennessee, obligations of other states or instrumentalities thereof which are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation, interest bearing time or demand deposits, collateralized certificates of deposit in authorized state depositories, and repurchase agreements collateralized by authorized securities.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for repurchase agreements which are reported at cost.

#### i. Accrual of Interest Income

Interest on first mortgage loans receivable and investment securities is credited to income as earned and classified as interest receivable.

#### j. Mortgages

Mortgages are carried at their original amount less collected principal.

#### k. Operating Revenues and Expenses

The agency was created with the authority to issue bonds to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the agency into mortgage loans to certain qualified individuals and qualified housing sponsors. The agency's primary operation is to borrow funds in the bond market and issue those funds to make single-family and multi-family loans. The primary operating revenue is the interest income on outstanding mortgages and the investment income from proceeds of bonds. The primary operating expense of the agency is the interest expense on bonds outstanding.

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

### a. Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the agency's deposits may not be returned.

The laws of the State of Tennessee require that collateral be pledged to secure all uninsured deposits. The agency's bond resolutions require deposits to be fully secured.

The agency's deposits are in financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer, except as noted below. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

At June 30, 2013, the bank balance was \$18,982,252. At June 30, 2012, the bank balance was \$12,042,605. All bank balances at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012 were insured, except the Bank of New York Mellon (BNYM) accounts. U.S. Department of the Treasury required the funds for the Hardest Hit Fund program to be deposited in the BNYM accounts. THDA has no obligation to ensure that the funds in the accounts are collateralized should the amount of money in the account be in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage of \$250,000. THDA will not be responsible for a loss of the funds due to the bank's failure and the lack of adequate collateral. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2013, \$18,490,778 was in the BNYM. Of this amount, \$18,240,778 exceeded the FDIC insurance coverage. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2012, \$11,588,423 was in the BNYM. Of this amount, \$11,338,423 exceeded the FDIC insurance coverage. The agency has deposits in the State Pooled Investment Fund administered by the State

Treasurer. The fund is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The fund's investment policy and required risk disclosures are presented in the *State of Tennessee Treasurer's Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.treasury.tn.gov.

### **b.** Investments

As stated in the agency's investment policy, the "prudent man rule" shall be the standard of prudence used by all officials responsible for the investment of assets. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act in the management of his or her own affairs, with consideration of the safety of capital and the probability of income, and avoidance of speculative investments.

The agency's investment policy states that the agency's portfolios will be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The agency may invest one hundred percent (100%) of its portfolio in U.S. government securities. A minimum of five percent (5%) of the par value of total investments must mature within five years. No more than fifty percent (50%) of the par value of the combined portfolios can be invested in maturities greater than fifteen (15) years without approval of the Bond Finance Committee.

Portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentrations of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. It is the intent of this policy that sufficient investments be scheduled to mature to provide for the required liquidity for debt service and other expenditures per resolution requirements.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changing interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price.

	June 30, 2013		June 30, 2012		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Effective	Fair Value	<b>Effective</b>	
		Duration		Duration	
		(Years)		(Years)	
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$183,618,170	2.660	\$135,888,316	2.153	
U.S. Treasury Coupon	85,574,572	3.899	91,381,418	4.673	
U.S. Agency Discount	151,647,000	0.051	0	N/A	
Total	\$420,839,742	1.972	\$227,269,734	1.851	

The portfolios include the following investments, stated at par or face value, which have fair values highly sensitive to interest rate changes. These investments are recorded at fair value in the statement of net position.

### Variable Rate Bonds

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on January 30, 2012. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on January 30, 2017, these bonds were called January 30, 2013. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012 was \$3,007,326, which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$4,280,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 100.93 of par on February 24, 2012. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on December 28, 2026, these bonds were called December 28, 2012. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012 was \$4,297,377, which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$2,140,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.875 of par on April 30, 2012. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on October 30, 2019, these bonds were called July 30, 2012. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012 was \$2,135,998, which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$1,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at par on May 24, 2012. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on November 24, 2017, these bonds were called on November 24, 2012. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012 was \$1,000,179, which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$5,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on June 14, 2012. Although these

securities were scheduled to mature on June 14, 2027, these bonds were called December 14, 2012. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012 was \$5,001,205, which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$6,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on June 28, 2012. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on June 28, 2027, these bonds were called December 28, 2012. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012 was \$5,995,374, which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$2,350,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.75 of par on June 11, 2012 and mature on June 11, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013 is \$2,186,370, and on June 30, 2012 was \$2,335,775, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 11, 2016, to 3.0% on June 11, 2020, to 4.0% on June 11, 2022, to 6.0% on June 11, 2023, to 7.0% on June 11, 2024, to 8.0% on December 11, 2024, to 10.0% on June 11, 2025, to 12.0% on December 11, 2026, and to 16.0% on December 11, 2026.

The agency purchased \$3,210,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.70 of par on June 28, 2012 and mature on June 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013 is \$2,990,898, and on June 30, 2012 was \$3,190,002, included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the tables above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 28, 2015, to 3.0% on June 28, 2018, to 4.0% on June 28, 2021, to 5.0% on June 28, 2023, and to 6.5% on June 28, 2025.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 100.12 of par on November 15, 2012 and mature on June 11, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$2,791,110 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 11, 2016, to 3.0% on June 11, 2020, to 4.0% on June 11, 2022, to 6.0% on June 11, 2023, to 7.0% on June 11, 2024, to 8.0% on December 11, 2024, to 10.0% on June 11, 2025, to 12.0% on December 11, 2025, to 14.0% on June 11, 2026, and to 16.0% on December 11, 2026.

The agency purchased \$4,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.80 of par on November 8, 2012 and mature on November 8, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$3,678,796 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a

stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 3.0% on November 8, 2017, and to 4.0% on November 8, 2022. This investment is callable quarterly beginning February 8, 2013, and ending November 8, 2016.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.45 of par on November 23, 2012 and mature on November 23, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$2,746,311 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.125% on November 23, 2017, to 2.25% on November 23, 2020, to 2.5% on November 23, 2023, to 3.0% on November 23, 2024, to 4.0% on May 23, 2025, to 6.0% on November 23, 2025, to 8.0% on May 23, 2026, to 11.0% on November 23, 2026, and to 14% on May 23, 2027. This investment is callable quarterly beginning May 23, 2013, and ending November 23, 2015.

The agency purchased \$2,400,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.65 of par on December 21, 2012 and mature on December 21, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$2,231,131 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.25% on December 21, 2017, to 2.5% on December 21, 2020, to 3.0% on December 21, 2022, to 4.0% on December 21, 2023, to 5.0% on December 21, 2024, to 6.0% on December 21, 2025, to 8.0% on June 21, 2026, to 10.0% on December 21, 2026, and to 12.0% on June 21, 2027. This investment is callable quarterly beginning June 21, 2013, and ending December 21, 2018.

The agency purchased \$2,750,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.90 of par on January 30, 2013 and mature on January 30, 2025. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$2,612,555 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.25% on January 30, 2018, to 2.5% on January 30, 2021, to 3.0% on January 30, 2022, to 5.0% on January 30, 2023, to 7.0% on July 30, 2023, and to 9.0% on January 30, 2024. This investment is callable quarterly beginning July 30, 2013, and ending October 30, 2016.

The agency purchased \$650,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. They were purchased at 101.55 of par on September 6, 2012 and mature on August 26, 2025. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$651,348 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 4.0% on August 26, 2013, to 5.0% on August 26, 2016, to 6.0% on August 26, 2019, and to 7.0% on

August 26, 2022. This investment is callable August 26, 2013, August 26, 2016, August 26, 2019, and August 26, 2022.

The agency purchased \$1,500,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 100.18 of par on November 7, 2012 and mature on June 28, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$1,426,929 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 4.0% on June 28, 2017, to 5.0% on June 28, 2024, and to 6.5% on June 28, 2026. This investment is callable quarterly beginning December 28, 2012, and ending December 28, 2015.

The agency purchased \$2,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.70 of par on August 27, 2012 and mature on August 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$1,919,370 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.5% with a step-up option to 2.5% on August 27, 2015, to 3.5% on August 27, 2018, to 4.5% on August 27, 2021, and to 5.5% on August 27, 2024. This investment is callable quarterly beginning August 27, 2012, and ending November 27, 2015.

The agency purchased \$5,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on December 27, 2012 and mature on December 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$4,694,220 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.0% with a step-up option to 2.0% on June 27, 2013, and to 3.15% on December 27, 2013. This investment is callable quarterly beginning June 27, 2013, and ending December 27, 2016.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on December 27, 2012 and mature on December 27, 2017. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$2,945,187 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 0.6% with a step-up option to 0.7% on December 27, 2014, to 1.0% on December 27, 2015, to 1.5% on December 27, 2016, and to 3.0% on June 27, 2017. This investment is callable quarterly beginning December 27, 2013, and ending December 27, 2016.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on December 28, 2012 and mature on December 28, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2013, is \$2,813,145 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This

investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 3.0% on December 28, 2017, to 4.0% on December 28, 2020, to 5.0% on December 28, 2024, and to 6.0% on December 28, 2025. This investment is callable quarterly beginning June 28, 2013, and ending December 28, 2017.

<u>Credit Risk</u> Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Refer to Note 1.h for further explanation of the agency's permitted investments. Credit quality ratings for the agency's investments as of June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012 are included in the schedules below. Securities are rated using Standard and Poor's and/or Moody's and are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

June 30, 2013								
				Credit Qua	lity Rating			
Investment Type	Fair Value	U.S. Treasury <sup>1</sup>	AA+	A-1	AA-2	Not Rated <sup>2</sup>		
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$183,618,170		\$167,220,366		\$5,114,633	\$11,283,171		
U.S. Treasury Coupon	85,574,572	\$85,574,572						
U.S. Agency Discount	151,647,000			\$131,647,320		19,999,680		
						·		
Total	\$420,839,742	\$85,574,572	\$167,220,366	\$131,647,320	\$5,114,633	\$31,282,851		

June 30, 2012									
			Cre	dit Quality Ratin	g				
Investment Type	Fair Value	U.S. Treasury <sup>1</sup>	AA+	AA-2	Not Rated <sup>2</sup>				
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$135,888,316		\$118,089,513	\$5,237,564	\$12,561,239				
U.S. Treasury Coupon	91,381,418	\$91,381,418							
Repurchase Agreements	110,000,000				110,000,000				
Total	\$337,269,734	\$91,381,418	\$118,089,513	\$5,237,564	\$122,561,239				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This column includes obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This column includes securities that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, but are not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the agency's investment in a single issuer.

More than five percent of the agency's investments are invested in the following single issuers:

	June 30,	2013	June 30, 2012		
<u>Issuer</u>	Fair Value	<u>% of</u>	Fair Value	<u>% of</u>	
		<b>Portfolio</b>		<b>Portfolio</b>	
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$173,049,950	41.12	\$20,608,842	6.11	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	\$42,892,295	10.19	\$22,155,470	6.57	
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	\$95,869,861	22.78	\$73,997,504	21.94	
Repurchase Agreements – UBS	\$0	N/A	\$110,000,000	32.61	

### **NOTE 3. ACCOUNTING CHANGE**

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the agency implemented GASB Statement 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements"; GASB Statement 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position"; and GASB Statement 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities".

Implementation of GASB 62 did not have any financial reporting impact to the agency. Implementation of GASB 63 required the reclassification of net assets to net position, and it also required the deferred amount on refundings to be classified as a deferred outflow of resources.

Implementation of GASB 65 recognizes bond cost of issuance as an expense; therefore the adoption of this statement resulted in the write-off of unamortized cost of issuance as of July 1, 2011. Cost of issuance incurred by the agency is reported as expense in the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013. The cumulative effect of this change in accounting principle decreased the net position at July 1, 2011 by \$14,730,999. The financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 have been restated.

# **NOTE 4. LIABILITIES**

# a. Bonds Issued and Outstanding

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)								
			T	E I'	E 1'			
			Interest	Ending	Ending			
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	Amount	(Percent)	6/30/2013	6/30/2012			
MORTGAGE FINANCE PROGRAM BONDS								
2003A	7/1/2004-7/1/2034	\$191,885	1.70 to 5.35	\$48,965	\$61,400			

	BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)							
		(Thousand						
			Interest	Ending	Ending			
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2013	6/30/2012			
HOMEOWNERSH	IP PROGRAM BONDS							
2003-1	7/1/2004-7/1/2033	\$50,000	1.20 to 5.10	\$ -0-	\$17,550			
2003-2	7/1/2004-1/1/2034	60,000	1.10 to 4.40	-0-	25,210			
2003-3	7/1/2004-7/1/2034	75,000	1.20 to 5.00	-0-	28,115			
2004-1	1/1/2005-1/1/2035	80,000	1.30 to 5.00	28,185	34,125			
2004-2	7/1/2005-1/1/2035	100,000	1.85 to 5.25	38,435	44,830			
2004-3	1/1/2006-7/1/2035	100,000	2.55 to 5.125	39,070	47,545			
2005-1	7/1/2006-1/1/2036	100,000	2.75 to 5.00	46,605	55,550			
2005-2	1/1/2007-7/1/2036	100,000	3.00 to 5.00	43,960	54,970			
2006-1	7/1/2007-1/1/2037	100,000	3.55 to 5.75	44,500	55,975			
2006-2	7/1/2007-1/1/2037	100,000	3.90 to 5.75	41,175	53,450			
2006-3	1/1/2008-7/1/2037	100,000	3.65 to 5.75	49,935	62,075			
2007-1	7/1/2008-1/1/2038	100,000	3.65 to 5.50	53,755	64,530			
2007-2	7/1/2008-7/1/2038	120,000	3.75 to 5.25	71,385	83,880			
2007-3	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.85 to 5.50	81,950	97,925			
2007-4	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.75 to 5.50	90,360	102,995			
2008-1	7/1/2009-1/1/2039	60,000	2.45 to 5.70	33,675	41,610			
2008-2	7/1/2009-1/1/2027	50,000	3.25 to 5.75	11,915	28,175			
2008-3	7/1/2009-7/1/2038	90,000	2.00 to 5.45	47,790	58,695			
2008-4	1/1/2010-7/1/2028	30,000	3.125 to 6.125	2,975	8,105			
2009-1	1/1/2010-7/1/2029	50,000	0.75 to 5.00	36,870	43,490			
2009-2	7/1/2010-7/1/2030	75,000	0.90 to 5.00	59,395	65,220			
2010-1	1/1/2011-7/1/2025	120,700	0.35 to 4.50	87,655	100,050			
2011-1	7/1/2012-7/1/2042	141,255	0.60 to 4.65	125,005	138,915			
2012-1	1/1/2013-7/1/2042	133,110	0.80 to 4.50	127,265	-0-			
2012-2	7/1/2013-7/1/2043	97,625	0.50 to 4.00	96,960	-0-			
Total Homeownershi	p Program Bonds	\$2,332,690		\$1,258,820	\$1,312,985			
Plus: Unamortized B				14,419	12,119			
Less: Unamortized B	ond Discount			(218)	(273)			
Net Homeownership	Program Bonds			\$1,273,021	\$1,324,831			

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING								
(Thousands)								
			T	Г 1	Б 1			
			Interest	Ending	Ending			
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	Amount	(Percent)	6/30/2013	6/30/2012			
HOUSING FINANCI	E PROGRAM BONDS	3						
2009-A	1/1/2011-1/1/2040	\$100,000	0.90 to 4.625	\$83,295	\$91,845			
2010-A	1/1/2011-7/1/2041	160,000	0.60 to 5.00	133,945	146,225			
2010-В	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	91,245	96,795			
2011-A	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	90,730	97,475			
2011-B	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.25 to 4.50	96,980	99,575			
2011-C	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.40 to 4.30	97,020	99,995			
Total Housing Finance	Program Bonds	\$660,000		\$593,215	\$631,910			
Plus: Unamortized Bo	nd Premiums			1,829	2,161			
Net Housing Finance F	Program Bonds			\$595,044	\$634,071			

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)								
		Issued	Interest Rate	Ending Balance	Endin Balanc	_		
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2013	6/30/2012			
RESIDENTIAL FINA	ANCE PROGRAM BO	ONDS						
2013-1	1/1/2014-7/1/2043	\$215,905	0.40 to 4.00	\$215,905	\$	-0-		
Plus: Unamortized Bo	Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums					-0-		
Net Residential Finance	e Program Bonds			\$219,776	\$	-0-		
Net Total All Issues				\$2,136,806	\$2,020	,302		

<u>Housing Finance Program Bonds</u> The Housing Finance Program Bonds were established on December 23, 2009, to allow the agency to participate in the U.S. Department of Treasury New Issue Bond Program (NIBP), which was created to assist state and local housing finance agencies in acquiring cost-effective mortgage loan capital. THDA could release funds from issue 2009-B up to six times before December 31, 2011.

The first release and conversion from 2009-B was on June 17, 2010, in the amount of \$85,290,000. The \$85,290,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-A bonds in the amount of \$74,710,000 for a total of \$160,000,000.

The second release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 10, 2010, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The third release and conversion from 2009-B was on April 14, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-A bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fourth release and conversion from 2009-B was on August 25, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fifth and final release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 3, 2011, in the amount of \$34,710,000. The \$34,710,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-C bonds in the amount of \$65,290,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

### b. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2013, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the			
Year(s) Ending			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2014	\$238,985	\$78,133	\$317,118
2015	53,630	74,673	128,303
2016	52,575	73,392	125,967
2017	53,870	71,970	125,840
2018	55,030	70,361	125,391
2019 - 2023	230,070	325,553	555,623
2024 - 2028	302,590	273,929	576,519
2029 - 2033	228,440	214,564	443,004
2034 - 2038	289,200	166,610	455,810
2039 – 2043	544,490	58,617	603,107
2044	68,025	1,342	69,367
Total	\$2,116,905	\$1,409,144	\$3,526,049

### c. Redemption of Bonds and Notes

During the year ended June 30, 2013, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Mortgage Finance Program in the amount of \$10,235,000, in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$199,355,000 and in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$31,315,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$10,235,000, \$202,501,590 and \$31,515,181. This resulted in revenue to the Homeownership Program of \$3,146,590 and to the Housing Finance Program of \$200,181.

On July 19, 2012, the agency issued \$133,110,000 in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2012-1. On September 1, 2012, the agency used \$43,865,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$43,865,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$43,865,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$10,700,210 over the next 20 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$6,206,292.

On November 15, 2012, the agency issued \$97,625,000 in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2012-2. On January 1, 2013, the agency used \$22,625,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$22,625,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$22,625,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$8,510,283 over the next 20 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3,758,068.

During the year ended June 30, 2012, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Mortgage Finance Program in the amount of \$11,200,000, in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$180,970,000 and in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$17,055,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$11,157,769, \$183,542,332 and \$17,099,460. This resulted in an expense to the Mortgage Finance Program of \$42,231 and revenue to the Homeownership Program of \$2,572,332 and to the Housing Finance Program of \$44,460.

On December 1, 2011, the agency issued \$141,255,000 in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2011-1. On January 1, 2012, the agency used \$135,095,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$135,095,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$134,393,628. The refunding resulted in a difference of \$701,372 between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$37,847,406 over the next 18 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$17,103,985.

### d. Long-term Liability Activity

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Long-term Liabilities (Thousands)							
	Beginning Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2013	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Bonds Payable	\$2,006,295	\$446,640	(\$336,030)	\$2,116,905	\$241,320		
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	14,280	10,101	(4,262)	20,119	-0-		
Less: Unamortized Bond Discounts	(273)	-0-	55	(218)	-0-		
Compensated Absences	1,156	74	(-0-)	1,230	600		
Escrow Deposits	3,731	1,610	(2,706)	2,635	172		
Total	\$2,025,189	\$458,425	(\$342,943)	\$2,140,671	\$242,092		

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Long-term Liabilities (Thousands)									
Beginning Ending Amounts Balance Balance Due Within July 1, 2011 Additions Reductions June 30, 2012 One Year									
Notes Payable	\$3,250	\$-0-	(\$3,250)	\$-0-	\$-0-				
Bonds Payable	2,129,440	246,545	(369,690)	2,006,295	149,235				
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	17,120	1,837	(4,677)	14,280	-0-				
Less: Unamortized Bond Discounts	(322)	-0-	49	(273)	-0-				
Compensated Absences	994	162	(-0-)	1,156	555				
Escrow Deposits	4,776	1,484	(2,529)	3,731	433				
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	1,217	418	(1,635)	-0-	-0-				
Total	\$2,156,475	\$250,446	(\$381,732)	\$2,025,189	\$150,223				

### e. Notes Issued and Outstanding

<u>Promissory Note</u> On December 22, 2008, the agency borrowed \$3,250,000 for the Preserve Loan Program, which is part of the Housing Trust Fund. Interest was charged quarterly at 3%. The principal matured and was paid on December 22, 2011. The activity of the promissory note is included in the summary of long-term liability activity in part d. of this note.

### NOTE 5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The amount shown on the Statement of Net Position as Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is contractually pledged, under the bond resolutions of the agency, to the owners of the bonds issued under such bond resolutions. As pledged assets, the contractual provisions of the bond resolutions restrict the use of such assets. However, the assets may be removed from the lien of the bond resolutions if certain parity tests, as established by the respective bond resolutions, are satisfied. Assets removed from the lien of the respective bond resolutions may be used for other purposes.

The amount shown as Restricted for Grant Programs represents unexpended grant money that has been awarded to grantees through various grant programs administered by the agency.

The amount shown as Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program represents the amount of net position restricted for a pilot program that funds zero interest loans for down payment and closing costs. The use of this net position is restricted under legislation enacted in fiscal year 1986.

### NOTE 6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The agency contributes to the State Employees, Teachers, and Higher Education Employees Pension Plan (SETHEEPP), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). TCRS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits as well as annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, establishes benefit provisions. State statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly.

The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SETHEEPP. That report is available on the state's website at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

Plan members are noncontributory. The agency is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 15.03% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements for the agency are established and may be amended by the TCRS' Board of Trustees. The agency's contributions to TCRS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$1,692,847 \$1,632,095, and \$1,585,654. Those contributions met the required contributions for each year.

### NOTE 7. PROVISIONS FOR MORTGAGE LOAN LOSSES

Most mortgage loans are insured by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or an approved private mortgage insurance company, or are guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The agency's Board of Directors has established a loan loss reserve of \$750,000 as a provision for potential loan losses arising from participation in the Rural Economic and Community Development (RECD) Loan Guarantee Program. An additional \$232,000 was established as a loan loss reserve against potential losses on loans not specifically covered by one of the above programs, and \$500,000 was established as a loan loss reserve for self-insurance of second mortgages.

Since the amount of net position restricted for single family bond programs exceeds the amounts necessary for these loan loss reserves, it is not necessary to designate unrestricted net position for this purpose.

### NOTE 8. INSURANCE-RELATED ACTIVITIES

### a. Commercial Insurance

The agency carries commercial insurance for risks of loss related to employee dishonesty; general liability protection; and theft of, damage to, or destruction of real and personal property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### b. Risk Management Fund

It is the policy of the state not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks associated with casualty losses for general liability, automobile liability, professional medical malpractice, and workers' compensation. The state's management believes it is more economical to manage these risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Risk Management Fund. The state purchases commercial insurance for real property and crime and fidelity coverage on the state's officials and employees. For property coverage, the deductible for an individual state agency is the first \$25,000 of losses. The Risk Management Fund is responsible for property losses for the annual aggregate deductible of \$10 million for perils other than earthquakes and flood. Purchased insurance coverage is responsible for losses exceeding the \$10 million annual aggregate deductible. For earthquake and flood, there is a deductible of \$10 million per occurrence. The maximum insurance coverage is \$750 million per year for perils other than earthquake and flood. The maximum flood insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence, except there is only \$25 million of coverage in flood zones A and V. The maximum earthquake insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence. The

amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the three past fiscal years.

The agency participates in the Risk Management Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on a percentage of the agency's expected loss costs, which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of fiscal year-end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation. Information regarding the determination of the claims liabilities and the changes in the balances of the claims liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013, is presented in the Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The **CAFR** available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml. Since the agency participates in the Risk Management Fund, it is subject to the liability limitations under the provisions of the Tennessee Claims Commission Act, Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 9-8-101 et seq. Liability for negligence of the agency for bodily injury and property damage is limited to \$300,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The limits of liability under workers' compensation are set forth in Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 50-6-101 et seq. Claims are paid through the state's Risk Management Fund.

### c. Employee Group Insurance Fund

The state has also set aside assets in the Employee Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the state with the risk retained by the state. The agency participates in the Employee Group Insurance Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including the cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims.

### NOTE 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Healthcare is the only other postemployment benefit (OPEB) provided to employees. The State of Tennessee administers a group health insurance program which provides postemployment health insurance benefits to eligible THDA retirees. This program includes two plans – the State Employee Group Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan. For accounting purposes, the plans are agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Benefits are established and amended by an insurance committee created by *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 8-27-101. Prior to reaching the age of 65, members have the option of choosing between the standard or partnership preferred provider organization (PPO) plan for

healthcare benefits. Subsequent to age 65, retirees who are also in the state's retirement system may participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan that does not include pharmacy. The plans are reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at <a href="www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml">www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml</a>.

<u>Special Funding Situation</u> The State of Tennessee is legally responsible for contributions to the Medicare Supplement Plan that covers the retirees of other governmental entities, including the Tennessee Housing Development Agency. The state is the sole contributor for the THDA retirees participating in the Medicare Supplement Plan and, therefore, is acting as the employer.

Funding Policy The premium requirements of members of the State Employee Group Plan are established and may be amended by the insurance committee. The plan is self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs of the plan are allocated to plan participants. In accordance with Section 8-27-205(b), *Tennessee Code Annotated*, retirees in the State Employee Group Plan who have not reached the age of 65 pay the same base premium as active employees in the plan, adjusted for years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service pay 20% of the total premium. Retirees with less than 20 years of service pay 40% of the total premium. Retirees 65 years of age or older are provided flat-rate premium subsidies, based on years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service receive \$50 per month; retirees with 20 but less than 30 years of service, \$37.50; and retirees with 15, but less than 20 years of service, \$25.

THDA Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation					
State Employee Group Plan					
(Thousands)					

June 30, 2013

June 30, 2012

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$362	\$393
Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation	46	41
Adjustment to the ARC	(49)	(44)
Annual OPEB cost	359	390
Amount of contribution	(213)	(227)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	146	163
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	1,157	994
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$1,303	\$1,157

Year End	<u>Plan</u>	OPE	nnual B Cost usands)	Percent Annual OPEB ( <u>Contrib</u>	Cost	Net OPEB Obligation At Year End (Thousands)	
6/30/2013	State Employee Group Plan	\$	359	60%	\$	1,303	
6/30/2012	State Employee Group Plan	\$	390	58%	\$	3 1,157	
6/30/2011	State Employee Group Plan	\$	360	44%	\$	994	

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> The funded status of THDA's portion of the State Employee Group Plan as of July 1, 2011, was as follows (thousands):

Actuarial valuation date	7/01/2011
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,919
Actuarial value of plan assets	-0-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,919
Actuarial value of assets as a % of the AAL	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 9,818
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	30%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and probability assumptions far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the July 1, 2011, actuarial valuation for the Employee Group Plan, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.75 percent in fiscal year 2013. The rate decreases to 8.25 percent in fiscal year 2014, and then reduces by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent in fiscal year 2021. All rates include a 2.5 percent inflation assumption. The unfunded actuarial accrued

liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis over a 30-year period beginning with July 1, 2007.

### NOTE 10. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the State of Tennessee made payments of \$4,715 on behalf of THDA for retirees participating in the Medicare Supplement Plan, and during the year ended June 30, 2012, made payments of \$2,980. The Medicare Supplement Plan is a postemployment benefit healthcare plan and is discussed further in Note 9. The plan is reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at <a href="https://www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml">www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml</a>.

### NOTE 11. PAYMENTS TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

From time to time, the State of Tennessee has called upon the agency and its resources, together with resources of other departments, agencies and organizations in state government, to provide funds to the State General Fund to balance the State budget. The following is a description of these occurrences in relationship to the agency. On June 30, 1995, \$15,000,000 from the agency's Housing Program Reserve Fund was transferred to the State General Fund. On June 30, 1998, \$43,000,000 was transferred from the agency to the State General Fund. The \$43,000,000 transferred from the agency came from the following resources of the agency: (i) \$15,459,157 from tax revenues previously directed to the Housing Program Fund; (ii) \$5,028,761 from the Housing Program Reserve Fund; and (iii) \$22,512,082 from the Assets Fund. On June 30, 2002, a transfer from the agency to the primary government in the amount of \$35,367,449 was made from the Assets Fund for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements of funding the operations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2002.

### NOTE 12. NATIONAL MORTGAGE SETTLEMENT FUNDS

The State of Tennessee received \$41,207,810 from the United States Attorney General for the National Mortgage Settlement. In June 2012, the agency received \$34,500,000 of the \$41,207,810. The agency plans to use those funds to expand the Keep My Tennessee Home financial assistance program to include long term medical hardships and to provide foreclosure counseling.

# NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

**a.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

July 1, 2013	Mortgage Finance Program		\$ 48,965,000
	Homeownership Program		110,810,000
	Housing Finance Program		24,060,000
		Total	\$183,835,000

- **b.** Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2013-2, were authorized by the Board of directors on July 23, 2013, not to exceed \$125,000,000.
- **c.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

August 1, 2013	Homeownership Program		\$ 21,110,000
	Housing Finance Program		5,795,000
	Residential Finance Program		5,620,000
		Total	\$32,525,000

**d.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

October 1, 2013	Homeownership Program		\$ 38,165,000
	Housing Finance Program		10,820,000
	Residential Finance Program		2,935,000
		Total	\$51,920,000

**e.***Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 13-23-101 *et seq.* was amended to revise the composition of the Board of Directors, effective July 1, 2013.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS UNAUDITED

(Expressed in Thousands)

										UAAL
				A	ctuarial					as a
		Acti	ıarial	Α	ccrued	Ur	nfunded			% of
Actuarial		Val	ue of	Li	ability		AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation		As	Assets		(AAL)		JAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	Plan	(	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
	State Employee									
7/1/2009	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	3,629	\$	3,629	0%	\$ 9,238	39%
	State Employee									
7/1/2010	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	3,316	\$	3,316	0%	\$ 8,640	38%
	State Employee									
7/1/2011	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	2,919	\$	2,919	0%	\$ 9,818	30%

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013 (Expressed in Thousands)

ASSETS           Current assets:         16,407         \$ 71,109         \$ 172,570         \$ 52,682         \$ Investments           Investments         -         236         76         -         -		_	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 16,407         \$ 71,109         \$ 172,570         \$ 52,682         \$ Investments			
Investments - 236 76 -			
	69,666	\$	382,434
	14,998		15,310
Receivables:			
Accounts 1 889 13,953 3,297	15		18,155
Interest 14 702 9,170 3,466	83		13,435
First mortgage loans 155 4,568 34,612 11,073	942		51,350
Due from federal government 14,921	-		14,921
Due from other funds 9,335 30		-	9,365
Total current assets <u>40,833</u> <u>77,534</u> <u>230,381</u> <u>70,518</u>	85,704	=	504,970
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents 17,827 32 167 51	3,820		21,897
Investments - 13,048 163,796 20,472	3,030		200,346
Investment Interest receivable - 118 1,522 111	2		1,753
Investments - 19,755 29,119 15,040	4,619		68,533
First mortgage loans receivable 1,218 126,080 1,208,420 545,288	54,918		1,935,924
Advance to local government 3,034	-		3,034
Capital assets:			
Furniture and equipment 697	-		697
Less accumulated depreciation (503)		_	(503)
Total noncurrent assets <u>22,273</u> <u>159,033</u> <u>1,403,024</u> <u>580,962</u>	66,389		2,231,681
otal assets 63,106 236,567 1,633,405 651,480	152,093		2,736,651
EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred amount on refundings - 1,850 437 -	_	_	2,287
otal deferred outflows of resources - 1,850 437 -		-	2,287
		-	2,201
IABILITIES  Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable 1,552 4 57 27	2		1,642
Accrued payroll and related liabilities 535			535
Compensated absences 600			600
Due to primary government 71	-		71
Interest payable 1,249 28,037 10,430	563		40,279
Escrow deposits - 172	-		172
Prepayments on mortgage loans 49 661 245	31		986
Due to federal government 17,619 -	-		17,619
Due to other funds 9,365 -	-		9,365
Bonds payable <u>- 48,965</u> 149,535 35,165	7,655	_	241,320
Total current liabilities 20,377 50,439 187,655 45,867	8,251		312,589
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds payable 1,123,487 559,878	212,121		1,895,486
Compensated absences 630	,		630
Net OPEB obligation 1,303			1,303
Escrow deposits <u>281</u> <u>2,182</u>			2,463
Total noncurrent liabilities 2,214 2,182 1,123,487 559,878	212,121		1,899,882
otal liabilities 22,591 52,621 1,311,142 605,745	220,372	_	2,212,471
ET POSITION		-	
Net investment in capital assets 194			194
Restricted for single family bond programs - 172,414 322,700 45,735	(68,279)		472,570
Restricted for grant programs - 172,414 322,700 45,735 - 13,382	(00,279)		13,382
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program 3,153	-		3,153
Unrestricted 37,168	-		37,168
		-	
otal net position \$ 40,515 \$ 185,796 \$ 322,700 \$ 45,735 \$	(68,279)	\$ _	526,467

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds		Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES							
Mortgage interest income	\$ 56	\$ 5,406	\$ 74,057	\$	29,417	\$ 222	\$ 109,158
Investment income:							
Interest	46	1,309	8,704		812	10	10,881
Net (decrease) in the fair value							
of investments	-	(1,812)	(11,724)		(1,608)	(83)	(15,227)
Federal grant administration fees	15,586		-		-		15,586
Fees and other income	1,845	358				76	2,279
Total operating revenues	17,533	5,261	71,037		28,621	225	122,677
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and benefits	16,083						16.083
Contractual services	3,930	_	_		_	_	3,930
Materials and supplies	493	_	_		_	_	493
Rentals and insurance	115	_	_		_	_	115
Other administrative expenses	445	-	_		_	_	445
Other program expenses	3,557	3.074	3.008		286	1	9,926
Interest expense	-	2.819	54,352		20.921	551	78.643
Mortgage service fees	_	396	4.750		2,127	18	7.291
Issuance costs	-		1,960		-,	1.679	3.639
Depreciation	60		-		-	-	60
Total operating expenses	24.683	6,289	C4 070	•	23,334	2,249	
			64,070				120,625
Operating income (loss)	(7,150)	(1,028)	6,967		5,287	(2,024)	2,052
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Federal grants revenue	237,636	2	-		-	-	237,638
Payment from primary government	-	-	-		-	-	-
Federal grants expenses	(237,333)	(19)	-		-	-	(237,352)
Local grants expenses	(11,417)	-	(7,955)		-		(19,372)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(11,114)	(17)	(7,955)		-		(19,086)
Income (loss) before transfers	(18,264)	(1,045)	(988)		5,287	(2,024)	(17,034)
Transfers (to) other funds		-	(11,424)		(1,652)	(66,255)	(79,331)
Transfers from other funds	15,688	63,643	-		-		79,331
Change in net position	(2,576)	62,598	(12,412)		3,635	(68,279)	(17,034)
Total net position, July 1	43,091	123,198	335,112		42,100	(00,219)	543,501
Total Het position, July 1	43,091	123,198	555,112		42,100	-	043,501
Total net position, June 30	\$ 40,515	\$ 185,796	\$ 322,700	\$	45,735	\$ (68,279)	\$ 526,467

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Operating Group	-	Mortgage Finance Program		Home- ownership Program Bonds		Housing Finance Program Bonds	_	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	-	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:	•		•		•		•		•		•	
Receipts from customers	\$	180	\$	20,876	\$	322,786	\$	85,147	\$	245	\$	429,234
Receipts from federal government		15,344		-				-		-		15,344
Receipts from other funds						2,790		-				2,790
Other miscellaneous receipts		1,845		358		<del>-</del> .		-		76		2,279
Acquisition of mortgage loans		-		(7,058)		(149,162)		-		(55,946)		(212,166)
Payments to service mortgages		-		(396)		(4,750)		(2,127)		(18)		(7,291)
Payments to suppliers		(7,806)		(3,262)		(3,006)		(292)		-		(14,366)
Payments to other funds		(2,761)		(29)		-		-		-		(2,790)
Payments to employees	-	(16,123)	-				-		_		-	(16,123)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(9,321)	_	10,489		168,658		82,728	_	(55,643)	_	196,911
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:												
Operating grants received		241,160		2								241,162
Transfers in (out)		15,688		63,643		(11,424)		(1,652)		(66,255)		241,102
Proceeds from sale of bonds		15,000		03,043		. , ,		(1,652)		. , ,		456 744
		(0.40.000)		(10)		236,952		-		219,789		456,741
Operating grants paid		(248,823)		(19)		(7,955)		-		(4.070)		(256,797)
Cost of issuance paid		-		(40, 405)		(1,960)		(00.005)		(1,679)		(3,639)
Principal payments		-		(12,435)		(284,900)		(38,695)		- (4)		(336,030)
Interest paid	-		=	(3,000)		(60,872)	-	(22,166)	-	(1)	=	(86,039)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	-	8,025	-	48,191		(130,159)	-	(62,513)	_	151,854	-	15,398
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital assets	_	(141)	-	<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _	-	<u>-</u> _	-	<u>-</u>	-	(141)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	-	(141)	_	_			-		_		_	(141)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchases of investments Investment interest received Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value		- - 46		48,776 (62,946) 1,321		186,776 (211,487) 8,556		63,704 (74,250) 766		(22,733) 5		299,256 (371,416) 10,694
reporting and classified as cash equivalents	-		-			10	-	1_	_	3	-	14
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	-	46	-	(12,849)		(16,145)	-	(9,779)	_	(22,725)	-	(61,452)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	-	(1,391) 35,625	-	45,831 25,310		22,354 150,383	-	10,436 42,297	_	73,486	-	150,716 253,615
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	34,234	\$_	71,141	\$	172,737	\$	52,733	\$_	73,486	\$_	404,331
						(COr	ntinu	<del>2</del> (1)				

(continued)

### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Expressed in Thousands)

Reconciliation of operating income to	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (7,150)	\$ (1,028)	\$ 6,967	\$ 5,287	\$ (2,024)	\$ 2,052
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	60	-	-	=	-	60
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(1)	(246)	1.170	(74)	(15)	834
(Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable	1	84	(176)	(538)	(80)	(709)
(Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable	e 154	9,660	98,873	56,479	(55,860)	109,306
Decrease in due from federal government	(242)	-	-	-	(,)	(242)
Decrease in interfund receivables	(= ·=/	_	2,790	_	_	2,790
(Decrease) in interfund payables	(2,761)	(29)	_,	_	_	(2,790)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	424	(1,274)	(298)	(143)	33	(1,258)
Increase in accrued payroll /		( , ,	( /	( - /		( ,,
compensated absences	240	-	_	-	_	240
Investment income included as operating revenue	(46)	503	3,020	796	73	4,346
Interest expense included as operating expense	-	2,819	54,352	20,921	551	78,643
Issuance cost included as operating expense	-	-	1,960	-	1,679	3,639
Total adjustments	(2,171)	11,517	161,691	77,441	(53,619)	194,859
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (9,321)	\$10,489	\$ 168,658	\$ 82,728	\$ (55,643)	\$ 196,911
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:						
Increase in fair value of investments	\$	\$(1,560)	\$(11,008)	\$(1,385)	(84)	\$ (14,037)
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	\$ (1,560)	\$ (11,008)	\$ (1,385)	\$ (84)	\$ (14,037)

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION - MORTGAGE FINANCE PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2013

(Expressed in Thousands)

100770	Mortgage Finance Bond	General Fund	Mortgage Finance Bond Group Total*		Escrow Fund**	Mortgage Finance Program Total
ASSETS Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 62,838 95	\$ 8,062 122	\$ 70,900 217	\$	209 19	\$ 71,109 236
Accounts Interest First mortgage loans Due from other funds	585 643 4,283	299 57 285 30	884 700 4,568 30		5 2 - -	889 702 4,568 30
Total current assets	68,444	8,855	77,299		235	77,534
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Investment interest receivable Investments First mortgage loans receivable	32 13,048 118 2,781 120,720	- - - 16,177 5,360	32 13,048 118 18,958 126,080		- - - 797 -	32 13,048 118 19,755 126,080
Total noncurrent assets	136,699	21,537	158,236		797	159,033
Total assets	205,143	30,392	235,535		1,032	236,567
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on refundings	1,850		1,850			1,850
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,850		1,850		-	1,850
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Interest payable	2 1,249	2	4 1,249		- -	4 1.249
Escrow deposits Prepayments on mortgage loans Bonds payable	46 48,965	3	49 48,965		172 - -	172 49 48,965
Total current liabilities	50,262	5	50,267		172	50,439
Noncurrent liabilities: Escrow deposits		1,436	1,436		746	2,182
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,436	1,436		746	2,182
Total liabilities	50,262	1,441	51,703	•	918	52,621
NET POSITION  Restricted for single family bond programs  Restricted for grant programs	156,731	15,569 13,382	172,300 13,382		114	172,414 13,382
Total net position	\$ 156,731	\$ 28,951	\$ 185,682	\$	114	\$ 185,796

<sup>\*</sup> The Mortgage Finance Bond Group Total represents the funds pledged to the Mortgage Finance Program Resolution.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The Escrow Funds can only be used for escrow payments.



# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012



# STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

SUITE 1500 JAMES K. POLK STATE OFFICE BUILDING NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-1402 PHONE (615) 401-7897 FAX (615) 532-2765

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

October 26, 2012

The Honorable Bill Haslam, Governor and
Members of the General Assembly
State Capitol
Nashville, Tennessee 37243
and
Members of the Board of Directors
Tennessee Housing Development Agency and
Mr. Ted Fellman, Executive Director
Tennessee Housing Development Agency
404 James Robertson Parkway, Suite 1200
Nashville, Tennessee 37243

### Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the accompanying statements of net assets of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of June 30, 2012, and June 30, 2011, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the agency's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements, based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Tennessee statutes, in addition to audit responsibilities, entrust certain other responsibilities to the Comptroller of the Treasury. Those responsibilities include serving as a member of the board of directors of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency. We do not believe that the Comptroller's service in this capacity affected our ability to conduct an independent audit of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency as of June 30, 2012, and June 30, 2011, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information, following the schedule of funding progress, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

In accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards, we will issue a report dated October 26, 2012, on our consideration of the agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Sincerely,

Arthur A. Hayes, Jr., CPA

Director

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

This section of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's (THDA) annual financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of THDA's financial performance for the years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011. This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of THDA and to meet the reporting and disclosure requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, Basic Financial Statements -- and Management's Discussion and Analysis -- for State and Local Governments. This section should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

### INTRODUCTION – THE TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The mission statement of THDA is "Leading Tennessee Home by creating safe, sound, affordable housing opportunities." THDA's goal is to provide housing assistance to those in need by offering a variety of housing-related programs. One of the primary ways THDA assists Tennesseans is by offering mortgages for first-time homebuyers at below conventional market interest rates. At the close of fiscal year 2012, THDA has originated over 108,000 single-family mortgage loans in its 39-year history, and serves as the master servicer for all active mortgages it funds. In addition to helping homebuyers, THDA administers Section 8 rental assistance programs, including the tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program in approximately 74 of Tennessee's 95 counties, as well as the project-based Contract Administration program for approximately 400 contracts throughout all of Tennessee. THDA also administers grant programs, awarded on a competitive annual cycle, for rehabilitation and new construction of owner-occupied units and small rental projects. THDA is also involved in the development and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for low-income families by administering the federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit, which is a competitive process, and by setting aside a portion of bond authority to be allocated to local issuing authorities for specific multifamily developments.

More recently, THDA has administered programs under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), including the Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program (HPRP), the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP), the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), and a Low Income Housing Tax Credit exchange program under Section 1602 of the Act.

As established by statute, "The agency shall have a board of directors which shall be responsible for carrying out the powers given to the agency. . ." (*Tennessee Code Annotated 13-23-105*). This board meets regularly on a bi-monthly basis; however, some committees may meet more often as situations dictate.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include statements of net assets, statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, statements of cash flows, as well as notes to the financial statements. The statements of net assets provide financial information on the overall financial position of THDA at each year end. The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets summarize the results of operations over the course of each fiscal year. The statements

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

of cash flows provide relevant information about THDA's cash receipts and cash payments during each fiscal year. The notes to the financial statements provide essential information regarding THDA's significant accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, certain material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events. THDA's financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. In addition to the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information is included.

THDA is also considered to be a "component unit" for the State of Tennessee, and therefore, its financial information is reported in the State of Tennessee's government-wide *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This report may be viewed at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

### Year Ended June 30, 2012

- Total assets decreased by \$98.3 million, or 3.6%.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$136.3 million, or 6.2%.
- Net assets (the amount that total assets exceeds total liabilities) were \$557.9 million. This is an increase of \$37.9 million, or 7.3%, from fiscal year 2011.
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$57.0 million, or 18.3%.
- Total investments decreased \$8.5 million, or 3.6%.
- Bonds and notes payable decreased \$128.6 million, or 6.0%.
- THDA originated \$235.7 million in new loans, which is an increase of \$4.6 million, or 2.0%, from the prior year.

### Year Ended June 30, 2011

- Total assets decreased by \$180.0 million, or 6.2 %.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$181.2 million, or 7.6%.
- Net assets (the amount that total assets exceeds total liabilities) were \$520.0 million. This is an increase of \$1.2 million, or 0.2%, from fiscal year 2010.
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$193.9 million, or 38.4%.
- Total investments increased \$23.8 million, or 11.2%.
- Bonds and notes payable decreased \$176.7 million, or 7.6%.
- THDA originated \$231.1 million in new loans, which is a decrease of \$113.0 million, or 32.8%, from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AGENCY

**Net Assets.** The following table focuses on the changes in net assets between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>
Current assets	\$ 314,268		\$ 304,429		\$ 397,864
Capital assets	113		157		79
Other noncurrent assets	2,322,247	_	2,430,331	_	2,516,989
	_	_	_	-	_
Total assets	2,636,628	_	2,734,917		 2,914,932
Current liabilities	207,708		150,534		193,765
Noncurrent liabilities	1,871,002	_	2,064,427		 2,202,405
Total liabilities	2,078,710	_	2,214,961		 2,396,170
Invested in capital assets	114		157		79
Restricted net assets	517,980		517,587		514,383
Unrestricted net assets	39,824	_	2,212		 4,300
Total net assets	\$ 557,918	_	\$ 519,956		\$ 518,762

### 2012 to 2011

- THDA's total net assets increased \$37.9 million, or 7.3%, from \$520.0 million at June 30, 2011 to \$557.9 million at June 30, 2012. The primary factor that contributed to this increase was the receipt of \$34.5 million of funds from the multi-state national mortgage settlement with the nation's leading mortgage servicers.
- Mortgage loans receivable decreased \$22.8 million, or 1.1%, from \$2,119.4 million at June 30, 2011 to \$2,096.6 million at June 30, 2012. During FY 2012, single-family mortgage loan originations increased \$4.6 million or 2.0% from \$231.1 million in FY 2011 to \$235.7 million in FY 2012. Conversely, mortgage loan prepayments and repayments increased \$28.8 million, or 16.0%, from \$180.2 million in FY 2011 to \$209.0 million in FY 2012.
- Total liabilities decreased \$136.3 million, or 6.2%, from \$2,215.0 million at June 30, 2011 to \$2,078.7 million at June 30, 2012. While there were several factors that led to this decrease, notable year-to-year changes include a decrease of

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

warrants / wires payable from \$10.9 million at June 30, 2011 to \$0 at June 30, 2012, and a decrease in the total amount of bonds and notes outstanding from \$2,143.7 million at June 30, 2011 to \$2,015.1 million at June 30, 2012.

### 2011 to 2010

- THDA's total net assets increased \$1.2 million, or 0.2%, from \$518.8 million at June 30, 2010 to \$520.0 million at June 30, 2011. While various factors accounted for this change, the most significant factors include a decrease in interest expense, an increase in mortgage interest income, a decrease in the net increase/decrease in the fair value of investments, an increase in other program expenses, and a decrease in federal grant administration fees.
- Mortgage loans receivable increased \$3.8 million, or 0.2%, from \$2,115.6 million at June 30, 2010 to \$2,119.4 million at June 30, 2011. During FY 2011, single-family mortgage loan originations decreased \$113.0 million, or 32.8% from \$344.1 million in FY 2010 to \$231.1 million in FY 2011. Conversely, mortgage loan prepayments and repayments increased \$0.9 million, or 0.5%, from \$179.3 million in FY 2010 to \$180.2 million in FY 2011.
- Total liabilities decreased \$181.2 million, or 7.6%, from \$2,396.2 million at June 30, 2010 to \$2,215.0 million at June 30, 2011. The decrease is primarily due to a reduction in the amount of bonds issued during fiscal year 2011 as compared to fiscal year 2010, as well as an increase in the redemption of bonds as compared to fiscal year 2010.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

**Changes in Net Assets.** The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses and changes in net assets between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Operating revenues			
Mortgage interest income	\$ 116,015	\$ 119,406	\$ 118,572
Investment income	11,992	6,156	14,517
Other	 17,693	 17,041	 17,588
Total operating revenues	145,700	142,603	150,677
Operating expenses			
Interest expense	87,835	88,301	93,154
Other	 39,797	 38,905	 32,677
Total operating expenses	127,632	127,206	125,831
Operating income	 18,068	 15,397	 24,846
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Grant revenues	260,371	355,754	254,417
Payment from primary government	34,500	-	-
Grant expenses	(274,977)	 (369,957)	 (270,474)
Total nonoperating revenues			
(expenses)	19,894	 (14,203)	(16,057)
Change in net assets	\$ 37,962	\$ 1,194	\$ 8,789

### 2012 to 2011

Total operating revenues increased \$3.1 million from \$142.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2011 to \$145.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2012. The primary reasons for this increase are as follows:

- Mortgage interest revenue decreased \$3.4 million, or \$2.8%, from \$119.4 million in FY 2011 to \$116.0 million in FY 2012. This decrease is due to prepayments of older mortgage loans with higher interest rates, as compared to new loans being originated at historically low interest rates.
- Investment income increased \$5.8 million, or 93.5%, from \$6.2 million in 2011 to \$12.0 million in 2012. While the increase in investment interest income was insignificant, the net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments improved \$5.2 million, or 106.5%, from a net decrease of \$4.9 million in FY 2011 to a net increase of \$0.3 million in FY 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

For the year ended June 30, 2012, total operating expenses increased \$0.4 million, or 0.3%, from \$127.2 million in 2011 to \$127.6 million in 2012. The increase is not significant.

### 2011 to 2010

Total operating revenues decreased \$8.1 million from \$150.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2010 to \$142.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2011. The primary reasons for this decrease are as follows:

- Investment income decreased \$8.4 million, or 57.6%, from \$14.5 million in 2010 to \$6.2 million in 2011. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in the fair value of investments of \$4.9 million in FY 2011 as compared to an increase in the fair value of investments of \$1.7 million in FY 2010.
- Federal grant administration fees decreased \$1.2 million, or 8.1%, from \$15.1 million in 2010 to \$13.9 million in 2011. This primarily resulted from a decrease in federal administrative fees earned on the Section 8 tenant-based HCV program.

For the year ended June 30, 2011, total operating expenses increased \$1.4 million, or 1.1%, from \$125.8 million in 2010 to \$127.2 million in 2011. The primary reasons for this increase are as follows:

- Interest expense decreased \$4.9 million, or 5.2%, from \$93.2 million in 2010 to \$88.3 million in 2011. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in bonds payable during FY 2011.
- Other program expenses increased \$5.4 million, or 84.6%, from \$6.4 million in 2010 to \$11.9 million in 2011. There were several factors that contributed to this increase, among which were an increase in expenses related to mortgage loan foreclosures and incurring administrative expenses in administering ARRA grants as well as in implementing the Hardest Hit Fund (HHF).

### **DEBT ACTIVITY**

Bonds and notes outstanding at June 30 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>
Bonds payable	\$ 2,015,181	\$ 2,140,486	\$	2,316,748
Notes payable		 3,250		3,672
Total bonds and notes payable	\$ 2,015,181	\$ 2,143,736	\$	2,320,420

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.)
JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

### Year Ended June 30, 2012

Total bonds and notes payable decreased \$128.6 million, or 6.0%, due primarily to a decrease in the amount of bonds issued as well as an increase in the redemption of bonds as compared to recent fiscal years. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$153.7 million, with activity arising from three bond issues. With investment interest rates at historically low levels, THDA has sought out opportunities to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments as practical. In addition to nominal advanced bond redemptions from mortgage loan prepayments, THDA refunded \$135.1 million of bonds into bonds with lower interest rates.

### Year Ended June 30, 2011

Total bonds and notes payable decreased \$176.7 million, or 7.6%, due primarily to a decrease in the amount of bonds issued as well as an increase in the redemption of bonds as compared to recent fiscal years. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$201.9 million, with activity arising from three bond issues.

### **New Issue Bond Program (NIBP)**

The New Issue Bond Program (NIBP) provides temporary financing for Housing Finance Agencies (HFAs) to issue new housing bonds to fund new mortgages. The United States Treasury Department will purchase securities of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac backed by these new housing bonds. This will temporarily allow the HFAs to issue an amount of new housing bonds equal to what they would ordinarily be able to issue with the allocations provided them by Congress but are generally unable to issue given the current challenges in housing and related markets.

On December 23, 2009, THDA issued \$360 million of bonds under the NIBP, which were \$60 million (Bond Issue 2009-A2) and \$300 million (Bond Issue 2009-B1). The \$300 million 2009-B1 bonds are variable-rate taxable debt, and are to be held in escrow. Upon being placed in escrow, the proceeds from these bonds are re-invested into permissible investments as required by the United States Treasury Department (generally, 28-day Treasury Bills purchased at auction). These bonds are scheduled to be released from escrow, re-designated and be converted to fixed-rate, tax-exempt bonds upon the issuance of market bonds within the framework and guidelines of the NIBP.

Subsequently, THDA released, re-designated, and converted escrowed bonds (Bond Issue 2009-B) into fixed-rate, tax-exempt bonds as noted below:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>	New Bond Issue
June 17, 2010	\$ 85,290,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-1
October 27, 2010	60,000,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-2
March 24, 2011	60,000,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-3
August 25, 2011	60,000,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-4
November 03, 2011	34,710,000	Bond Issue 2009-B, Subseries B-5

As of June 30, 2012, all of the bonds issued under issue 2009-B1 had been released, redesignated, and converted into fixed-rate, tax-exempt bonds.

### **Bond Ratings**

For bonds issued under the Mortgage Finance Program, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2 and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P") has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA.

For bonds issued under the Homeownership Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1 and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

For bonds issued under the Housing Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2. These bonds are not rated by S&P.

There were no revisions to THDA's bond ratings during FY 2012 or FY 2011.

### **Debt Limits**

In accordance with *Tennessee Code Annotated*, 13-23-121, THDA operates under a "debt ceiling" of \$2,930,000,000.

### **GRANT PROGRAMS**

During FY 2007 through FY 2009, the General Assembly has appropriated revenue to THDA for grant programs. Likewise, THDA's Board of Directors has allocated additional THDA funds for grants. These funds established a grant program that has been titled by the THDA as the "Tennessee Housing Trust Fund."

The four-level model for funding this grant program includes state appropriations, THDA funds, private sector investment, and matching funds from local grantees. The purpose of this grant program is to serve the needs of low and/or very low income, elderly, and special needs Tennesseans. Funding and uses for the Housing Trust Fund are as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.)
JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

	FY 2012	FY 2011	FY 2010 and Prior	Total
Funding Sources:				
THDA	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 24,000,000	\$ 36,500,000
State Appropriation			4,350,000	4,350,000
Totals	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 28,350,000	\$ 40,850,000
Approved Uses: Rural repair program (USDA) Ramp Program (UCP) Ramp Program Hsg Modification & Ramp Prg Homebuyer Education Initiative	\$ 700,000 - - 150,000	\$ 700,000 - - 150,000	\$ 2,800,000 50,000 400,000 150,000 300,000	\$ 4,200,000 50,000 400,000 450,000 300,000
Emergency Repairs for Elderly	2,000,000	2,000,000	8,000,000	12,000,000
Competitive Grants	3,150,000	3,150,000	16,650,000	22,950,000
Manuf. Hsg. Replacement	500,000			500,000
Totals	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 28,350,000	\$ 40,850,000

In addition to the above funding, local grants could produce an additional \$4 million or more funding each year. Also, the Emergency Repairs for the Elderly program and the Competitive Grants have a 50% grantee match requirement.

THDA is seeking additional private sector funding. In addition to the above approved uses, THDA received requests that merit funding. These requests totaled approximately \$6 million more than the funds available.

# **CURRENT MORTGAGE PRODUCTS AND ENVIRONMENT**

THDA offers three primary choices for single-family mortgages. The *Great Rate* mortgage product offers an attractive interest rate loan secured by a first mortgage. The *Great Start* program offers a loan with an interest rate that is, as of June 30, 2012, 60 basis points higher than the Great Rate product, but provides 4% of the loan amount as down payment and closing cost assistance. In addition, THDA introduced the *Great Advantage* product during fiscal year 2006, which offers a loan with an interest rate that is, as of June 30, 2012, 30 basis points higher than the Great Rate product, and 2% of the loan amount as down payment and closing cost assistance.

All loans made or purchased by THDA are fixed-rate mortgages with a maximum loan term of 360 months (30 years), and must conform to insurer / guarantor underwriting guidelines. THDA does not make or purchase adjustable rate mortgages (ARMs), interest-only mortgages, "buy-down" loans, mortgages with a future lump-sum payment due (balloon-type mortgage), or with other similar mortgage terms. THDA does not make or purchase "sub-prime" mortgage loans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.)
JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

Single-family mortgage loans purchased by THDA with Loan-to-value (LTV) ratios between 78% and 97% must have an acceptable insurer/guarantor, which includes:

- FHA (United States Department of Housing and Urban Development)
- VA (Veterans Administration Guaranty Program)
- USDA/RD (the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development, formerly Farmers Home Administration)
- Private mortgage insurance

THDA will accept private mortgage insurance provided from private mortgage insurers, who are licensed by the Tennessee Commissioner of Commerce and Insurance to do business in Tennessee; and are rated at least AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Group. THDA will allow privately insured loans underwritten using nationally accepted underwriting guidelines established by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. These loans must be approved through an automated underwriting system such as Desktop Underwriter or Loan Prospector with no expanded approvals. Such privately insured mortgage loans may have loan-to-value ratios up to and including 97% of the lesser of the purchase price or the appraised value.

Loans with a 78% LTV or lower do not require mortgage insurance.

A detailed chart of these mortgage loan products and primary mortgage loan terms may be obtained from THDA's internet site at http://www.thda.org/index.aspx?NID=282.

More recently, media attention has focused on mortgage loan delinquencies and foreclosures. For the past several years, THDA has closely monitored its loan portfolio for delinquency and foreclosures. This monitoring has included analysis based on loan type (Great Rate, Great Start, and Great Advantage), insurer/guarantor (FHA, VA, RECD, private mortgage insurer), mortgage loan servicer, down-payment assistance, and other factors as deemed necessary.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011

As of June 30, 2012, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of	Principal	_
<u>Loan Status</u>	Loans Serviced	Loans in Status	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
60-89 Days Past Due	26,430	561	42,078,643	2.12%
90+ Days Past Due	26,430	1,247	93,521,824	4.72%
In Foreclosure	26,430	166	12,663,174	0.63%

As of June 30, 2011, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of	<u>Principal</u>	
<b>Loan Status</b>	Loans Serviced	Loans in Status	<u>Amount</u>	Percentage
60-89 Days Past Due	26,725	521	39,122,105	1.95%
90+ Days Past Due	26,725	1,085	81,167,263	4.06%
In Foreclosure	26,725	308	24,127,169	1.15%

Note: Percentage is calculated by dividing the "Number of Loans in Status" by the "Total Number of Loans Serviced."

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

In accordance with THDA's investment policy, THDA typically invests in short-term collateralized repurchase agreements, as well as short-term and long-term fixed-rate debt securities from federal agencies. As a bench-mark, THDA uses the one-, three-, and five year Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) rates as established by the United States Treasury.

The continuation of relatively low interest rates from a historic perspective increased the likelihood of negative arbitrage, in which the interest rates on THDA's bond issues exceeds the current investment interest rates. THDA monitors prepayments and bond investment yields, and seeks to reduce negative arbitrage by calling bonds with the funds from prepayments.

### CONTACTING THDA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide THDA's stakeholders with a general overview of THDA's finances and to show accountability for the funds that it receives, invests, and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Trent Ridley, Chief Financial Officer at (615) 815-2012 or via e-mail at TRidley@thda.org.

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

	2012	2011
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 219,397	\$ 203,071
Investments (Note 2)	578	-
Receivables:		
Accounts	18,989	23,750
Interest	12,611	12,854
First mortgage loans	51,702	49,947
Due from federal government	10,991	14,807
Total current assets	314,268	304,429
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	34,218	107,502
Investments (Note 2)	186,562	196,928
Investment interest receivable	1,683	2,261
Investments (Note 2)	40,130	38,857
First mortgage loans receivable	2,044,906	2,069,473
Deferred charges	11,741	12,327
Advance to local government Capital assets:	3,007	2,983
Furniture and equipment	556	517
Less accumulated depreciation	(443)	(360)
Total noncurrent assets	2,322,360	2,430,488
Total assets	2,636,628	2,734,917
		2,101,011
LIABILITIES  Company link little as		
Current liabilities:		10.010
Warrants / wires payable (Note 3)	-	10,913
Accounts payable	1,451	5,121
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	515	472
Compensated absences	555	477
Due to primary government	71	- 45.076
Interest payable Escrow deposits	43,626 433	45,076 528
	1,414	1,662
Prepayments on mortgage loans Deferred revenue - U.S. Treasury	10,408	1,002
Notes payable (Note 4)	10,408	3,250
Bonds payable (Note 4)	149,235	83,035
Total current liabilities	207,708	150,534
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable (Note 4)	1,865,946	2,057,451
Compensated absences	601	517
Net OPEB obligation (Note 9)	1,157	994
Escrow deposits	3,298	4,248
Arbitrage rebate payable	-	1,217
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,871,002	2,064,427
Total liabilities	2,078,710	2,214,961
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets	114	157
Restricted for single family bond programs (Note 5 and Note 7)	508,687	504,874
Restricted for grant programs (Note 5)	6,140	9,560
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program (Note 5)	3,153	3,153
Unrestricted (Note 7)	39,824	2,212
Total net assets	\$ 557,918	\$ 519,956
Total flot addots	Ψ <u>337,310</u>	Ψ 313,330

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

		0040		0044
	_	2012	_	2011
OPERATING REVENUES				
Mortgage interest income	\$	116,015	\$	119,406
Investment income:				
Interest		11,672		11,042
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value				(,,,,,,)
of investments		320		(4,886)
Federal grant administration fees Fees and other income		14,475		13,916
Fees and other income	_	3,218	=	3,125
Total operating revenues	_	145,700	_	142,603
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits		15,671		15,190
Contractual services		3,208		2,625
Materials and supplies		184		226
Rentals and insurance		100		97
Other administrative expenses		482		465
Other program expenses		11,727		11,878
Interest expense		87,835		88,301
Mortgage service fees		7,539		7,601
Issuance costs		742		730
Depreciation	_	144	_	93
Total operating expenses	_	127,632	-	127,206
Operating income	_	18,068	_	15,397
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Federal grants revenue		260,371		355,754
Payment from primary government (Note 12)		34,500		-
Federal grants expenses		(260,587)		(355,862)
Local grants expenses	_	(14,390)	_	(14,095)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		19,894	_	(14,203)
Change in net assets	_	37,962	_	1,194
Total net assets, July 1		519,956	_	518,762
Total net assets, June 30	\$	557,918	\$	519,956

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

	2012		2011
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 378,193	\$	352,565
Receipts from federal government	15,243		14,241
Other miscellaneous receipts	3,218		3,125
Acquisition of mortgage loans	(235,740)		(231,061)
Payments to service mortgages	(7,539)		(7,601)
Payments to suppliers	(17,439)		(21,317)
Payments to federal government	(1,216)		(3,331)
Payments to employees	(15,644)		(15,266)
Net cash provided by operating activities	119,076		91,355
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Operating grants received	308,398		363,397
Negative cash balance implicitly financed (repaid)	(10,913)		2,616
Proceeds from sale of bonds	248,382		201,856
Operating grants paid	(278,480)		(370,436)
Cost of issuance paid	(2,243)		(1,907)
Principal payments	(372,940)		(371,942)
Interest paid	(89,283)		(90,953)
Net cash used by non-capital financing activities	(197,079)		(267,369)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Purchases of capital assets	(100)		(172)
Fulctionses of copilal assets	(100)	•	(172)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(100)		(172)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	409,752		282,923
Purchases of investments	(400,926)		(311,750)
Investment interest received	12,311		11,000
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value			
reporting and classified as cash equivalents	8		130
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	21,145		(17,697)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(56,958)		(193,883)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	310,573		504,456
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 253,615	\$	310,573
	(0	continued)	

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND JUNE 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

		2012	_	2011
Reconciliation of operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	18,068	\$ _	15,397
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		886		823
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Decrease in accounts receivable		4,758		4,716
Decrease in mortgage interest receivable		183		352
(Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable		22,790		(3,854)
Decrease in due from federal government		768		325
(Increase) in deferred charges		(1,912)		(4,076)
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(1,460)		(1,420)
Increase in accrued payroll /				
compensated absences		368		278
(Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability		(1,216)		(3,331)
Investment income included as				
operating revenue		(11,992)		(6,156)
Interest expense included as operating expense		87,835	_	88,301
Total adjustments		101,008		75,958
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	119,076	\$ _	91,355
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:				
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	12,603	\$	(3,643)
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	12,603	\$ _	(3,643)
3, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 1	· · ·	,	· · · =	(-,)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Reporting Entity

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency was created by an act of the legislature (Chapter 241, Public Acts, 1973). The act was approved by the Governor on May 14, 1973. The enabling legislation can be found in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 13-23-101 *et seq*. The purpose of the agency is to improve housing and living conditions for lower- and moderate-income persons and families in Tennessee by making loans and mortgages to qualified sponsors, builders, developers, and purchasers of low- and moderate-income family dwellings.

The agency is governed by a board of directors. The Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance and Administration, and a Staff Assistant to the Governor serve as *ex officio* board members of the Agency. The remaining members are appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the State Senate and the Speaker of the State House of Representatives. Board members are to be representatives of the housing, real estate, and home building industries, the mortgage profession, local governments, and the three grand divisions of the state and be knowledgeable about the problems of inadequate housing conditions in Tennessee. One member of the board is a resident board member as required by Section 505 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and 24 CFR Part 964, Subpart E.

In order to accomplish its objectives, the agency is authorized to raise funds through the issuance of bonds and notes. Bonds and notes issued by the agency are not general obligations of the State of Tennessee or any of its political subdivisions, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any political subdivision is pledged for payment of the principal or interest on such bonds or notes.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency is a component unit of the State of Tennessee. Although the agency is a separate legal entity, the state appoints a majority of its governing body, and approves its operating budget. The agency is discretely presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

#### **b.** Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The agency generally follows private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, to the extent that these standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The agency also has the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance subject to this same limitation. The agency has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. Certain accounting policies and procedures are stipulated in the agency's Mortgage Finance Program, Single Family Program, Homeownership Program, and Housing Finance Program bond resolutions and the Single Family Mortgage Notes trust indenture. The agency follows these procedures in establishing and maintaining the various funds and accounts for its programs. Revenues and expenses applicable to each fund and account are recorded therein.

#### c. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred. When both

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the agency's policy to use the restricted resources first. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

#### d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture and office equipment, are defined by the agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

<u>Description</u> <u>Estimated Life</u>

Furniture 10 years Computer equipment 3 years

#### e. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the Debt Service Reserve Funds and the New Issue Bond Program (NIBP) 2009-B escrowed bond investments.

The bond resolutions require the agency to establish a Debt Service Reserve Fund for each bond issue. The bond resolutions require that if the Debt Service and Expense Funds or the Revenue Funds of a bond issue are not sufficient to provide for interest or principal and sinking fund requirements of that issue that funds be transferred from the Debt Service Reserve Fund to cover any deficiency.

The NIBP 2009-B escrowed bond investments are restricted for use in the 2009 resolution. These invested funds are restricted to be released, converted and blended with market rate bonds.

#### f. Bond Issuance Costs and Refunding Costs

- 1. Bond Issuance Costs: The agency amortizes bond issuance costs using the interest method over the life of the related bond issue. Unamortized bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.
- 2. Bond Refunding Costs: The agency amortizes bond refunding costs using the straight-line method. Bonds payable is reported net of the deferred amount on refundings.
- 3. Bond Premiums and Discounts: Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount.

### g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

In addition to demand deposits, petty cash, and deposits in the pooled investment fund administered by the State Treasurer, this classification includes short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### h. Investments

The agency has established guidelines for its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolutions and to comply with the statutes of the State of Tennessee. Permitted investments

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

include the following: direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies; obligations guaranteed by the U.S.; public housing bonds secured by contracts with the U.S.; direct and general obligations of the State of Tennessee or obligations guaranteed by the State of Tennessee; obligations of other states or instrumentalities thereof which are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation; interest bearing time or demand deposits; collateralized certificates of deposit in authorized state depositories; and repurchase agreements collateralized by authorized securities.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for repurchase agreements which are reported at cost.

#### i. Accrual of Interest Income

Interest on first mortgage loans receivable and investment securities is credited to income as earned and classified as interest receivable.

#### j. Mortgages

Mortgages are carried at their original amount less principal collected.

## k. Operating Revenues and Expenses

The agency was created with the authority to issue bonds to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the agency into mortgage loans to certain qualified individuals and qualified housing sponsors. The agency's primary operation is to borrow funds in the bond market and issue those funds to make single-family and multi-family loans. The primary operating revenue is the interest income on outstanding mortgages and the investment income from proceeds of bonds. The primary operating expense of the agency is the interest expense on bonds outstanding.

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### a. Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk.</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the agency's deposits may not be returned to it.

The laws of the State of Tennessee require that collateral be pledged to secure all uninsured deposits. The agency's bond resolutions require deposits to be fully secured.

The agency's deposits are in financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer, except as noted below. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

At June 30, 2012, the bank balance was \$12,042,605. At June 30, 2011, the bank balance was \$6,806,625. All bank balances at June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011 were insured, except the Bank of New York Mellon (BNYM) accounts. U.S. Department of the Treasury required the funds for the Hardest Hit Fund program to be deposited in the BNYM accounts. THDA has no obligation to ensure that the funds in the accounts are collateralized should the amount of money in the account be in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage of \$250,000. THDA will not be responsible for a loss of the funds due to the bank's failure and the lack of adequate collateral. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2012, \$11,588,423 was in the BNYM. Of this amount,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

\$11,338,423 was above the FDIC insurance coverage. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2011, \$4,304,256 was in the BNYM. Of this amount, \$4,054,256 was above the FDIC insurance coverage. The agency has deposits in the State Pooled Investment Fund administered by the State Treasurer. The fund is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The fund's investment policy and required risk disclosures are presented in the *State of Tennessee Treasurer's Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.treasury.tn.gov.

#### **b.** Investments

As stated in the agency's investment policy, the "prudent man rule" shall be the standard of prudence used by all officials responsible for the investment of assets. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act in the management of their own affairs. That would be to consider the safety of capital and the probability of income, while avoiding speculative investments.

The agency's investment policy states that the agency portfolios will be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The agency may invest one hundred percent (100%) of its portfolio in U.S. government securities. A minimum of five percent (5%) of the par value of total investments must mature within five years. No more than fifty percent (50%) of the par value of the combined portfolios can be invested in maturities greater than fifteen (15) years without approval of the Bond Finance Committee.

Portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentrations of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. It is the intent of this policy that sufficient investments be scheduled to mature to provide for the required liquidity for debt service and other expenditures per resolution requirements.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>. Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changing interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price.

	June 30, 2012		June 30, 2011		
Investment Type	Fair Value Effective		Fair Value	Effective	
		Duration		Duration	
		(Years)		(Years)	
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$135,888,316	2.153	\$146,532,606	2.052	
U.S. Treasury Coupon	91,381,418	4.673	89,252,190	5.248	
U.S. Treasury Discount	0	N/A	94,789,957	0.073	
Total	\$227,269,734	1.851	\$330,574,753	1.803	

The portfolios include the following investments (stated at par or face value) that have fair values highly sensitive to interest rate changes. These investments are recorded at fair value in the statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

Variable Rate Bonds.

The agency purchased \$2,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.55 of par on August 4, 2010. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on August 4, 2025, these bonds were called on February 4, 2012. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$1,971,350, which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$1,500,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. They were purchased at 99.75 of par on August 26, 2010. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on August 26, 2022, these bonds were called on August 26, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$1,490,622 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$2,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. They were purchased at par on September 29, 2010. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on September 29, 2025, these bonds were called on September 29, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$1,998,572 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$2,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. They were purchased at 99.73 of par on September 30, 2010. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on September 30, 2015, these bonds were called on September 30, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$2,004,608 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$2,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on September 30, 2010. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on September 30, 2020, these bonds were called on September 30, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$2,007,976 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$2,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on October 15, 2010. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on October 15, 2025, these bonds were called on October 15, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$2,000,916 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on January 28, 2011. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on January 28, 2026, these bonds were called on October 28, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$2,996,115 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$1,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on January 28, 2011. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on July 28, 2016, these bonds were called on July 28, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$1,001,257 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on February 9, 2011. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on February 9, 2021, these bonds were called on August 9, 2011. The fair

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$3,003,411 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$4,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on February 16, 2011. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on February 16, 2021, these bonds were called on August 16, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$4,004,460 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$2,150,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.95 of par on April 27, 2011. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on April 27, 2026, these bonds were called on April 27, 2012. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$2,166,542 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$3,500,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 100.92 of par on May 6, 2011. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on July 14, 2015, these bonds were called on July 14, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$3,500,522 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$2,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.75 of par on May 18, 2011. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on May 18, 2026, these bonds were called on May 18, 2012. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$2,005,234 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$1,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.60 of par on June 17, 2011. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on December 17, 2025, these bonds were called on September 17, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$977,172 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$4,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at par on June 30, 2011. Although these securities were scheduled to mature on June 30, 2016, these bonds were called on September 30, 2011. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2011, was \$3,965,880 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above.

The agency purchased \$3,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on January 30, 2012 and mature on January 30, 2017. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012, is \$3,007,326 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 0.625% with a step-up option to 1.5% on January 30, 2013. This investment is callable on January 30, 2013.

The agency purchased \$4,280,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 100.93 of par on February 24, 2012 and mature on December 28, 2026. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012, is \$4,297,377 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.5% with a step-up option to 4.0% on December 28, 2012, to 5.0% on December 28, 2017, and to 6.0% on December 28, 2022. This investment is callable quarterly beginning on December 28, 2012 and ending on September 28, 2013.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

The agency purchased \$2,140,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.875 of par on April 30, 2012 and mature on October 30, 2019. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012, is \$2,135,998 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.25% with a step-up option to 1.5% on October 30, 2015, to 1.75% on October 30, 2016, to 2.0% on October 30, 2017, to 3.0% on April 30, 2018, to 4.0% on October 30, 2018, and to 6.0% on April 30, 2019. This investment is callable on July 30, 2012.

The agency purchased \$1,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at par on May 24, 2012 and mature on November 24, 2017. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012, is \$1,000,179 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 0.75% with a step-up option to 1.0% on May 24, 2014, to 1.25% on May 24, 2015, to 1.5% on May 24, 2016, to 1.75% on November 24, 2016, and to 2.0% on May 24, 2017. This investment is callable on August 24, 2012.

The agency purchased \$2,350,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal Home Loan Bank. They were purchased at 99.75 of par on June 11, 2012 and mature on June 11, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012, is \$2,335,775 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 11, 2016, to 3.0% on June 11, 2020, to 4.0% on June 11, 2022, to 6.0% on June 11, 2023, to 7.0% on June 11, 2024, to 8.0% on December 11, 2024, to 10.0% on June 11, 2025, to 12.0% on December 11, 2025, to 14.0% on June 11, 2026, and to 16.0% on December 11, 2026. This investment is callable on July 11, 2012.

The agency purchased \$5,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on June 14, 2012 and mature on June 14, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012, is \$5,001,205 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.0% with a step-up option to 3.0% on December 14, 2012, to 4.0% on December 14, 2017, to 5.0% on June 14, 2022, and to 6.0% on June 14, 2024. This investment is callable on December 14, 2012.

The agency purchased \$3,210,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at 99.70 of par on June 28, 2012 and mature on June 27, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012, is \$3,190,002 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 2.0% with a step-up option to 2.5% on June 28, 2015, to 3.0% on June 28, 2018, to 4.0% on June 28, 2021, to 5.0% on June 28, 2023, and to 6.5% on June 28, 2025. This investment is callable on June 28, 2013.

The agency purchased \$6,000,000 in step-up rate bonds issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. They were purchased at par on June 28, 2012 and mature on June 28, 2027. The fair value of these securities on June 30, 2012, is \$5,995,374 which is included in U.S. Agency Coupon in the table above. This investment has a stated coupon rate of 1.0% with a step-up option to 3.0% on December 28, 2012, to 4.0% on June 28, 2018, to 5.0% on June 28, 2022, and to 6.0% on December 28, 2025. This investment is callable quarterly beginning on December 28, 2012 and ending on December 28, 2015.

<u>Credit Risk</u>. Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Refer to Note 1.h for further explanation of the agency's permitted investments. Credit quality ratings for the agency's investments as of June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011 are included in the schedules below. Securities are rated using Standard and Poor's and/or Moody's and are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

June 30, 2012						
			Credit Quality Rating			
Investment Type	Fair Value	U.S. Treasury <sup>1</sup>	AA+	AA-2	Not Rated <sup>2</sup>	
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$135,888,316	•	\$118,089,513	\$5,237,564	\$12,561,239	
U.S. Treasury Coupon	91,381,418	\$91,381,418				
Repurchase Agreements	110,000,000				110,000,000	
Total	\$337,269,734	\$91,381,418	\$118,089,513	\$5,237,564	\$122,561,239	

June 30, 2011						
			Credit Quality Rating			
Investment Type	Fair Value	U.S. Treasury <sup>1</sup>	AAA	AA-2	Not Rated <sup>2</sup>	
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$146,532,606		\$140,738,006	\$5,176,721	\$617,879	
U.S. Treasury Coupon	89,252,190	\$89,252,190				
U.S. Treasury Discount	94,789,957	94,789,957				
Repurchase Agreements	100,000,000				100,000,000	
Total	\$430,574,753	\$184,042,147	\$140,738,006	\$5,176,721	\$100,617,879	

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the agency's investment in a single issuer.

More than five percent of the agency's investments are invested in the following single issuers:

	June 30, 2012		<b>June 30,</b> 2	2011
<u>Issuer</u>	Fair Value	<u>% of</u> Portfolio	<u>Fair Value</u>	% of Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$20,608,842	6.11	\$24,769,777	5.75
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	\$22,155,470	6.57	\$32,375,496	7.52
Federal National Mortgage Assoc	\$73,997,504	21.94	\$75,255,894	17.48
Repurchase Agreements – Morgan				
Stanley Dean Witter	\$0	N/A	\$60,000,000	13.93
Repurchase Agreements – UBS	\$110,000,000	32.61	\$40,000,000	9.29

¹This column includes obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. ² Includes securities that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, but are not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

# NOTE 3. WARRANTS / WIRES PAYABLE

This amount includes the sum of warrants and wires initiated by the agency at year-end in excess of the agency's balance in the State Pooled Investment Fund that have not completely processed through the banking system. These warrants and wires are primarily for grant payments for the Section 8 grant programs and will be reimbursed by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

# **NOTE 4. LIABILITIES**

# a. Bonds Issued and Outstanding

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)					
			Interest	Ending	Ending
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2012	6/30/2011
MORTGAGE FINAN	CE PROGRAM BON	IDS			
2003A	7/1/2004-7/1/2034	\$191,885	1.70 to 5.35	\$61,400	\$75,280
Less: Deferred Amount	on Refundings			(2,427)	(2,579)
Net Mortgage Finance	Program Bonds			\$58,973	\$72,701

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING						
(Thousands)						
			Interest	Ending	Ending	
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance	
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2012	6/30/2011	
HOMEOWNERSHIP	PROGRAM BONDS					
2001-1	7/1/2001-7/1/2032	135,390	3.41 to 5.65	\$ -0-	\$56,585	
2001-2	1/1/2003-7/1/2032	60,000	3.10 to 5.375	-0-	17,840	
2001-3	1/1/2003-7/1/2032	64,580	2.85 to 5.45	-0-	16,145	
2002-1	7/1/2003-7/1/2033	85,000	1.85 to 5.45	-0-	24,950	
2002-2	1/1/2004-7/1/2033	85,000	2.25 to 5.40	-0-	28,420	
2003-1	7/1/2004-7/1/2033	50,000	1.20 to 5.10	17,550	19,965	
2003-2	7/1/2004-1/1/2034	60,000	1.10 to 4.40	25,210	28,265	
2003-3	7/1/2004-7/1/2034	75,000	1.20 to 5.00	28,115	32,995	
2004-1	1/1/2005-1/1/2035	80,000	1.30 to 5.00	34,125	39,750	
2004-2	7/1/2005-1/1/2035	100,000	1.85 to 5.25	44,830	51,950	
2004-3	1/1/2006-7/1/2035	100,000	2.55 to 5.125	47,545	55,070	
2005-1	7/1/2006-1/1/2036	100,000	2.75 to 5.00	55,550	63,655	
2005-2	1/1/2007-7/1/2036	100,000	3.00 to 5.00	54,970	62,830	
2006-1	7/1/2007-1/1/2037	100,000	3.55 to 5.75	55,975	66,840	
2006-2	7/1/2007-1/1/2037	100,000	3.90 to 5.75	53,450	62,950	
2006-3	1/1/2008-7/1/2037	100,000	3.65 to 5.75	62,075	70,720	
2007-1	7/1/2008-1/1/2038	100,000	3.65 to 5.50	64,530	75,135	
2007-2	7/1/2008-7/1/2038	120,000	3.75 to 5.25	83,880	94,160	
2007-3	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.85 to 5.50	97,925	114,055	
2007-4	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.75 to 5.50	102,995	118,230	
2008-1	7/1/2009-1/1/2039	60,000	2.45 to 5.70	41,610	47,050	
2008-2	7/1/2009-1/1/2027	50,000	3.25 to 5.75	28,175	37,405	
2008-3	7/1/2009-7/1/2038	90,000	2.00 to 5.45	58,695	68,525	
2008-4	1/1/2010-7/1/2028	30,000	3.125 to 6.125	8,105	21,185	
2009-1	1/1/2010-7/1/2029	50,000	0.75 to 5.00	43,490	46,795	
2009-2	7/1/2010-7/1/2030	75,000	0.90 to 5.00	65,220	70,085	
2010-1	1/1/2011-7/1/2025	120,700	0.35 to 4.50	100,050	115,295	
2011-1	7/1/2012-7/1/2042	141,255	0.60 to 4.65	138,915	-0-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)					
		Issued	Interest Rate	Ending Balance	Ending Balance
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2012	6/30/2011
HOMEOWNERSHI	P PROGRAM BOND	S (CONT.)			
Total Homeownership	Program Bonds	\$2,531,925		\$1,312,985	\$1,506,850
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums 12,119 15,3					
Less: Deferred Amount on Refundings (2,867) (3,387)					
Net Homeownership P	rogram Bonds			\$1,322,237	\$1,518,778

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)					
		( = == = == == == = = = = = = = = = = =	-,		
			Interest	Ending	Ending
		Issued	Rate	Balance	Balance
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2012	6/30/2011
HOUSING FINANCI	E PROGRAM BONDS	}			
2009-A	1/1/2011-1/1/2040	\$100,000	0.900 to 4.625	\$91,845	\$97,540
2009-В	7/1/2041	300,000	Variable	-0-	94,710
2010-A	1/1/2011-7/1/2041	74,710	0.600 to 5.0	146,225	155,435
2010-B	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	40,000	0.45 to 4.50	96,795	99,625
2011-A	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	40,000	0.45 to 4.50	97,475	100,000
2011-B	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	40,000	0.25 to 4.50	99,575	-0-
2011-C	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	65,290	0.40 to 4.30	99,995	-0-
Total Housing Finance	Program Bonds	\$660,000		\$631,910	\$547,310
Plus: Unamortized Bo	nd Premiums			2,161	1,805
Less: Deferred Amoun	(100)	(108)			
Net Housing Finance F	\$633,971	\$549,007			
Net Total All Issues				\$2,015,181	\$2,140,486

The Housing Finance Program Bonds were established on December 23, 2009, to allow the agency to participate in the U.S. Department of Treasury New Issue Bond Program (NIBP), which was created to assist state and local housing finance agencies in acquiring cost-effective mortgage loan capital. THDA could release funds from issue 2009-B up to six times before December 31, 2011.

The first release and conversion from 2009-B was on June 17, 2010, in the amount of \$85,290,000. The \$85,290,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-A bonds in the amount of \$74,710,000 for a total of \$160,000,000.

The second release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 10, 2010, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The third release and conversion from 2009-B was on April 14, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-A bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fourth release and conversion from 2009-B was on August 25, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

The fifth and final release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 3, 2011, in the amount of \$34,710,000. The \$34,710,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-C bonds in the amount of \$65,290,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The interest rate on the 2009-B bonds is tied to the investment rate on proceeds of the bonds. Proceeds are required to be invested in U.S. Treasury securities maturing in 28 days or less.

### **b.** Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2012 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the			
Year(s) Ending			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2013	\$202,479	\$83,456	\$285,935
2014	53,213	76,706	129,919
2015	53,718	75,200	128,918
2016	52,728	73,590	126,318
2017	54,358	71,869	126,227
2018 - 2022	220,266	332,017	552,283
2023 - 2027	309,448	279,007	588,455
2028 - 2032	236,731	213,838	450,569
2033 - 2037	264,630	160,831	425,461
2038 - 2042	570,449	65,557	636,006
2043	2,555	59	2,614
Total	\$2,020,575	\$1,432,130	\$3,452,705

The debt principal in the preceding table is \$5,394,000 greater than that presented in the accompanying financial statements. This amount, which is a deduction from bonds payable for the deferred amount on refundings, is not reflected in the above presentation.

### c. Redemption of Bonds and Notes

During the year ended June 30, 2012, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Mortgage Finance Program in the amount of \$11,200,000, in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$316,065,000 and in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$17,055,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$11,157,769, \$317,935,960 and \$17,099,460. This resulted in an expense to the Mortgage Finance Program of \$42,231 and in income to the Homeownership Program of \$1,870,960 and to the Housing Finance Program of \$44,460.

On December 1, 2011, the agency issued \$141,255,000 in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2011-1. On January 1, 2012, the agency used \$135,095,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$135,095,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$134,393,628. The refunding resulted in a difference of \$701,372 between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$37,847,406 over the next 18 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$17,103,985.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Mortgage Finance Program in the amount of \$12,260,000, in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$317,390,000 and in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$5,780,000. The

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

respective carrying values of the bonds were \$12,214,245, \$321,059,321 and \$5,768,558. This resulted in an expense to the Mortgage Finance Program of \$45,755 and to the Housing Finance Program of \$11,442 and in income to the Homeownership Program of \$3,669,321.

On October 13, 2010, the agency issued \$120,700,000 in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2010-1. On November 1, 2010, the agency used \$99,835,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$99,835,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$99,371,651. The refunding resulted in a difference of \$463,349 between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$22,227,781 over the next 15 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$10,476,679.

# d. Long-term Liability Activity

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Long-term Liabilities (Thousands)						
	Beginning Balance July 1, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2012	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Notes Payable	\$3,250	\$-0-	(\$3,250)	\$-0-	\$-0-	
Bonds Payable	2,129,440	246,545	(369,690)	2,006,295	149,235	
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	17,120	1,837	(4,677)	14,280	-0-	
Less: Deferred Amount on Refundings	(6,074)	(710)	1,390	(5,394)	-0-	
Compensated Absences	994	162	(-0-)	1,156	555	
Escrow Deposits	4,776	1,484	(2,529)	3,731	433	
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	1,217	418	(1,635)	-0-	-0-	
Total	\$2,150,723	\$249,736	(\$380,391)	\$2,020,068	\$150,223	

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Long-term Liabilities (Thousands)					
	Beginning Balance July 1, 2010	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance June 30, 2011	Amounts Due Within One Year
Notes Payable	\$3,672	\$-0-	(\$422)	\$3,250	\$3,250
Bonds Payable	2,300,260	200,700	(371,520)	2,129,440	83,035
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	22,419	1,156	(6,455)	17,120	-0-
Less: Deferred Amount on Refundings	(5,931)	(1,099)	956	(6,074)	-0-
Compensated Absences	945	66	(17)	994	477
Escrow Deposits	4,978	903	(1,105)	4,776	528
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	4,547	2,552	(5,882)	1,217	-0-
Total	\$2,330,890	\$204,278	(\$384,445)	\$2,150,723	\$87,290

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)
JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

## e. Notes Issued and Outstanding

The Single Family Mortgage Notes Trust Indenture, dated December 1, 1997 (the "Trust Indenture"), provided for the issuance of agency drawdown notes with a maximum aggregate principal amount of \$65,000,000. On April 1, 1999, the Trust Indenture was supplemented providing for the maximum aggregate principal amount to be \$200,000,000. On December 1, 2002, the Trust Indenture was supplemented providing for the maximum aggregate principal amount to be \$450,000,000.

The notes bear interest, payable on the second Thursday of each succeeding month with respect to the principal amount drawn down by the agency. The interest rate is equal to ninety-nine percent (99%) of the bond equivalent yield as determined on the related rate date.

In October 2008, the Internal Revenue Service issued Notice 2008-88, amending Notice 2008-41. With an effective date of March 28, 2008, this notice provided temporary relief to issuers by allowing them to purchase their own bonds and commercial paper without causing an extinguishment of the debt for tax purposes. Therefore, on October 9, 2008, due to unstable credit markets, the Tennessee Housing Development Agency purchased at par \$83,050,000 of its Single Family Mortgage Notes Trust Indenture from Morgan Keegan. The agency was allowed to hold the outstanding notes through December 31, 2009, after which the notes were to be available to reissue. Due to continuing unstable credit markets, on December 31, 2009, the Internal Revenue Service extended the amount of time the agency was allowed to hold its outstanding notes purchased from Morgan Keegan. The agency was allowed to hold the outstanding notes through December 31, 2010; however, the notes matured on August 12, 2010. In accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement 76 (as amended), Paragraph 3, the outstanding notes are not recorded for financial reporting purposes.

<u>Promissory Note</u>. On December 22, 2008, the agency borrowed \$3,250,000 for the Preserve Loan Program, which is part of the Housing Trust Fund. Interest was charged quarterly at 3%. The principal matured and was paid off on December 22, 2011. On August 3, 2009, the agency borrowed \$500,000 at 3% for the Preserve Loan Program, which is part of the Housing Trust Fund. Principal and interest were paid monthly with the principal maturing on August 4, 2012; however, the note was paid off on June 17, 2011.

The activity of the promissory note is also included in the summary of long-term liability activity in part d. of this note.

#### NOTE 5. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

The amount shown on the Statement of Net Assets as Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is contractually pledged, under the bond resolutions of the agency, to the owners of the bonds issued under such bond resolutions. As pledged assets, the contractual provisions of the bond resolutions restrict the use of such assets. However, the assets may be removed from the lien of the bond resolutions if certain parity tests, as established by the respective bond resolutions, are satisfied. Assets removed from the lien of the respective bond resolutions may be used for other purposes.

The amount shown as Restricted for Grant Programs represents unexpended grant money that has been awarded to grantees through various grant programs administered by the agency.

The amount shown as Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program represents the amount of net assets that are restricted for a pilot program that funds zero interest loans for down payment and closing costs. The use of these net assets is restricted under legislation enacted in fiscal year 1986.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

#### NOTE 6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The agency contributes to the State Employees, Teachers, and Higher Education Employees Pension Plan (SETHEEPP), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). TCRS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits as well as annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, establishes benefit provisions. State statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly.

The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SETHEEPP. That report is available on the state's website at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

Plan members are noncontributory. The agency is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14.91% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements for the agency are established and may be amended by the TCRS' Board of Trustees. The agency's contributions to TCRS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$1,632,095, \$1,585,654, and \$1,295,272. Those contributions met the required contributions for each year.

#### NOTE 7. PROVISIONS FOR MORTGAGE LOAN LOSSES

Most mortgage loans are insured by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or an approved private mortgage insurance company, or are guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The agency's Board of Directors has established a loan loss reserve of \$750,000 as a provision for potential loan losses arising from participation in the Rural Economic and Community Development (RECD) Loan Guarantee Program. An additional \$232,000 was established as a loan loss reserve against potential losses on loans not specifically covered under one of the above programs, and \$500,000 was established as a loan loss reserve for self-insurance of second mortgages.

Since the amount of net assets restricted for single family bond programs exceeds the amounts necessary for these loan loss reserves, it is not necessary to designate unrestricted net assets for this purpose.

#### NOTE 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

#### a. Commercial Insurance

The agency carries commercial insurance for risks of loss related to employee dishonesty; general liability protection; and theft of, damage to, or destruction of real and personal property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### b. Risk Management Fund

The state has set aside assets for claim settlement in an internal service fund, the Risk Management Fund. This fund services all claims for risk of loss to which the state is exposed, including general liability, automobile liability, professional malpractice, and workers' compensation. The agency participates in the Risk Management Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on a percentage of the agency's expected loss costs which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of each fiscal year-end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation. Information regarding the determination of the claims

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

liabilities and the changes in the balances of the claims liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2012, and June 30, 2011, are presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. Since the agency participates in the Risk Management Fund, it is subject to the liability limitations under the provisions of the Tennessee Claims Commission Act, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 9-8-101 et seq. Liability for negligence of the agency for bodily injury and property damage is limited to \$300,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The limits of liability under workers' compensation are set forth in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 50-6-101 et seq. Claims are paid through the state's Risk Management Fund.

#### c. Employee Group Insurance Fund

The state has also set aside assets in the Employee Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the state with the risk retained by the state. The agency participates in the Employee Group Insurance Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including the cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims.

#### NOTE 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Healthcare is the only "other postemployment benefit" (OPEB) provided to employees. The State of Tennessee administers a group health insurance program which provides postemployment health insurance benefits to eligible THDA retirees. This program includes two plans – the State Employee Group Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan. For accounting purposes, the plans are agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Benefits are established and amended by an insurance committee created by Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA) Section 8-27-101. In previous fiscal years, prior to reaching the age of 65, all members had the option of choosing a preferred provider organization (PPO), point of service (POS), or health maintenance organization (HMO) plan for healthcare benefits. However, as of January 1, 2011, the insurance plan structure was changed, and as a result, all members now have the option of choosing between the standard or partnership preferred provider organization (PPO) plan for healthcare benefits. Subsequent to age 65, retirees who are also in the state's retirement system may participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan that does not include pharmacy. The plans are reported in the Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Report. Financial That report is available on the state's website www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

<u>Special Funding Situation</u>. The State of Tennessee is legally responsible for contributions to the Medicare Supplement Plan that covers the retirees of other governmental entities, including the Tennessee Housing Development Agency. The state is the sole contributor for the THDA retirees that participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan and, therefore, is acting as the employer.

<u>Funding Policy.</u> The premium requirements of members of the State Employee Group Plan are established and may be amended by the insurance committee. The plan is self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs of the plan are allocated to plan participants. In accordance with Section 8-27-205(b), *Tennessee Code Annotated*, retirees in the State Employee Group Plan who have not reached the age of 65 pay the same base premium as active employees in the plan adjusted for years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service pay 20% of the total premium. Retirees with 20 but less than 30 years of service pay 30% of the total premium. Retirees with less than 20 years of service pay 40% of the total premium. Retirees who are 65 years of age or older have flat-rate premium subsidies based on years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service receive \$50 per month; retirees

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

with 20 but less than 30 years of service, \$37.50; and retirees with 15 but less than 20 years of service, \$25.

THDA Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation State Employee Group Plan (Thousands)				
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011		
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$393	\$358		
Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation	41	36		
Adjustment to the ARC	(44)	(34)		
Annual OPEB cost	390	360		
Amount of contribution	(227)	(160)		
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	163	200		
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	994	794		
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$1,157	\$994		

Year End	Plan	OPE:	nual B Cost usands)	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Obl At Y	OPEB igation 'ear End ousands)
6/30/2010	State Employee Group Plan	\$	352	45%	\$	794
6/30/2011	State Employee Group Plan	\$	360	44%	\$	994
6/30/2012	State Employee Group Plan	\$	390	58%	\$	1,157

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress.</u> The funded status of THDA's portion of the State Employee Group Plan as of July 1, 2011, was as follows (Thousands):

Actuarial valuation date	7/01/2011
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,919
Actuarial value of plan assets	-0-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,919
Actuarial value of assets as a % of the AAL	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 9,818
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	30%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions.</u> Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the July 1, 2011, actuarial valuation for the Employee Group Plan, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.25 percent in fiscal year 2012. The rate decreases to 8.75 percent in fiscal year 2013, and then reduces by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent in fiscal year 2021. All rates include a 2.5 percent inflation assumption. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis over a 30-year period beginning with July 1, 2007.

#### NOTE 10. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the State of Tennessee made payments of \$2,980 on behalf of THDA for retirees participating in the Medicare Supplement Plan, and during the year ended June 30, 2011, made payments of \$3,525. The Medicare Supplement Plan is a postemployment benefit healthcare plan and is discussed further in Note 9. The plan is reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

#### NOTE 11. PAYMENTS TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

From time to time, the State of Tennessee has called upon the agency and its resources, together with resources of other departments, agencies and organizations in state government, to provide funds to the State General Fund to balance the State budget. The following is a description of these occurrences in relationship to the agency. On June 30, 1995, \$15,000,000 from the agency's Housing Program Reserve Fund was transferred to the State General Fund. On June 30, 1998, \$43,000,000 was transferred from the agency to the State General Fund. The \$43,000,000 transferred from the agency came from the following resources of the agency: (i) \$15,459,157 from tax revenues previously directed to the Housing Program Fund; (ii) \$5,028,761 from the Housing Program Reserve Fund; and (iii) \$22,512,082 from the Assets Fund. On June 30, 2002, a transfer from the agency to the primary government in the amount of \$35,367,449 was made from the Assets Fund for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements of funding the operations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2002.

#### NOTE 12. NATIONAL MORTGAGE SETTLEMENT FUNDS

The State of Tennessee received \$41,207,810 from the United States Attorney General for the National Mortgage Settlement. In June 2012, the agency received \$34,500,000 of the \$41,207,810. The agency plans to use those funds to expand the Keep My Tennessee Home financial assistance program to include long term medical hardships and to provide foreclosure counseling.

#### **NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

**a.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

July 1, 2012	Mortgage Finance Program	\$ 4,000,000
•	Homeownership Program	60,030,000
	Housing Finance Program	11,420,000
	Total	\$75,450,000

**b.** Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2012-2, were authorized by the Board of directors on July 24, 2012, not to exceed \$125,000,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) JUNE 30, 2012, AND JUNE 30, 2011

**c.** Housing Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2012-1, were sold on July 27, 2012. The bond maturities are as follows:

BONDS ISSUED (Thousands)			
		Issued	Interest Rate
<u>Series</u> 2012-1	Maturity Range 1/1/2013-7/1/2042	<u>Amount</u> \$133,110	(Percent) 0.800 to 4.500

**d.** Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

September 1, 2012 Homeownership Program \$43,865,000

e. Mortgage prepayments and foreclosure proceeds were used to redeem bonds as indicated below:

October 1, 2012	Mortgage Finance Program	\$ 3,015,000
	Homeownership Program	56,055,000
	Housing Finance Program	9,350,000
	Total	\$68,420,000

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS UNAUDITED

(Expressed in Thousands)

Actuarial			uarial ue of	A Li	ctuarial ccrued ability		nfunded AAL	Funded	Covered	UAAL as a % of Covered
Valuation		As	sets	(.	AAL)	J)	JAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	Plan	(	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
	State Employee									
7/1/2009	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	3,629	\$	3,629	0%	\$ 9,238	39%
	State Employee									
7/1/2010	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	3,316	\$	3,316	0%	\$ 8,640	38%
	State Employee				•		•		•	
7/1/2011	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	2,919	\$	2,919	0%	\$ 9,818	30%

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group		Mortgage Finance Program		Home- ownership Program Bonds	_	Housing Finance Program Bonds		Totals
ASSETS									
Current assets:		_		_				_	
Cash and cash equivalents \$	24,068	\$	25,278	\$	133,100	\$	36,951	\$	219,397
Investments	=		578		=		=		578
Receivables:			0.40		4= 400				40.000
Accounts	-		643		15,123		3,223		18,989
Interest	15		798		8,888		2,910		12,611
First mortgage loans	155		4,936		35,269		11,342		51,702
Due from federal government	10,991		-		=		=		10,991
Due from other funds	6,574		1			_			6,575
Total current assets	41,803		32,234		192,380	_	54,426		320,843
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	11,557		32		17,283		5.346		34,218
Investments	11,557		13,684		156,866		16,012		186,562
Investment Interest receivable	_		118		1,481		84		1,683
Investments	_		6,419		23,148		10,563		40,130
First mortgage loans receivable	1,400		135,372		1,306,636		601,498		2,044,906
Deferred charges	1,400		280		8,161		3,299		11,741
Advance to local government	3,007		200		0,101		3,233		3,007
Capital assets:	3,007								3,007
Furniture and equipment	556		_		_		_		556
Less accumulated depreciation	(443)		_		_		_		(443)
Total noncurrent assets	16,078		155,905		1,513,575	_	636,802		2,322,360
Total assets	57,881		188,139		1,705,955	_	691,228		2,643,203
	0.,00.				.,. 00,000	_	55.,225		2,0 .0,200
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:	4 474		400				00		4 454
Accounts payable	1,171		192		55		33		1,451
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	515		-		-		-		515
Compensated absences	555		-		-		-		555
Due to primary government	71		4 552		-		-		71 43.626
Interest payable			1,553		30,731		11,342		-,
Escrow deposits	-		433		- 061		202		433
Prepayments on mortgage loans	10,408		71		961		382		1,414
Deferred revenue - Treasury Due to other funds	10,406		-		6 575				10,408 6,575
Bonds payable	-		6,070		6,575 125,125		18,040		149,235
• •						_			
Total current liabilities	12,720		8,319		163,447	_	29,797		214,283
Noncurrent liabilities:			FO 000		4 407 446		045 004		4 005 040
Bonds payable	-		52,903		1,197,112		615,931		1,865,946
Compensated absences	601		-		-		-		601
Net OPEB obligation	1,157		-		=		=		1,157
Escrow deposits	312		2,986			_	-		3,298
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,070		55,889		1,197,112	_	615,931		1,871,002
Total liabilities	14,790		64,208		1,360,559	_	645,728		2,085,285
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets	114		_		_		_		114
Restricted for single family bond programs	-		117,791		345,396		45,500		508,687
Restricted for grant programs	-		6,140		J <del>-1</del> J,J <del>3</del> U		+0,000		6,140
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program	3,153		-		_		-		3,153
Unrestricted	39,824		-		-		-		39,824
		_		_		_		_	
Total net assets \$	43,091	\$	123,931	\$	345,396	\$_	45,500	\$	557,918

# TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Operating Group		Mortgage Finance Program		Home- ownership Program Bonds	-	Housing Finance Program Bonds		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES	\$		\$	6,262	\$	82.569	\$	27,184	\$	116,015
Mortgage interest income Investment income:	Φ	-	φ	0,202	φ	02,509	φ	21,104	φ	110,013
Interest		6		1,324		9,122		1,220		11,672
Net (decrease) in the fair value				(0.10)				(0.00)		
of investments		- 14,475		(242)		868		(306)		320 14,475
Federal grant administration fees Fees and other income		2,803		415		-		-		3,218
Total operating revenues		17,284		7,759		92,559	-	28,098		145,700
,		11,201		7,700		02,000	-	20,000		1 10,7 00
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and benefits		15,671		_		_		_		15,671
Contractual services		3,208		_		_		_		3,208
Materials and supplies		184		-		-		_		184
Rentals and insurance		100		-		-		-		100
Other administrative expenses		482		-		-		-		482
Other program expenses		1,360		4,277		5,833		257		11,727
Interest expense		50		3,568		63,866		20,351		87,835
Mortgage service fees		-		427		5,205		1,907		7,539
Issuance costs		-		32		574		136		742
Depreciation		144					-	-		144
Total operating expenses		21,199		8,304		75,478	_	22,651		127,632
Operating income (loss)		(3,915)		(545)		17,081	_	5,447		18,068
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Federal grants revenue		259,454		917		-		-		260,371
Payment from primary government		34,500		-		-		-		34,500
Federal grants expenses		(259,504)		(1,083)		<u>-</u>		-		(260,587)
Local grants expenses		(66)		(5,979)		(8,345)	-			(14,390)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		34,384		(6,145)		(8,345)	-			19,894
Income (loss) before transfers		30,469		(6,690)		8,736	_	5,447		37,962
Transfers (to) other funds		-		(457)		(12,268)	_	-		(12,725)
Transfers from other funds		7,083					-	5,642		12,725
Change in net assets		37,552		(7,147)		(3,532)	-	11,089		37,962
Total net assets, July 1		5,539		131,078		348,928		34,411		519,956
Total net assets, June 30	\$	43,091	\$	123,931	\$	345,396	\$	45,500	\$	557,918
rotar not abboto, build bo	Ψ	70,001	Ψ	120,001	Ψ	3-0,000	Ψ_	70,000	Ψ	307,310

#### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds		Housing Finance Program Bonds		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Receipts from customers	\$ 59	\$ 22,685	\$ 298,420	\$	57,029	\$	378,193
Receipts from federal government	15,243	-	-		-		15,243
Receipts from other funds	-	-	5,518		-		5,518
Other miscellaneous receipts	2,803	415	-		-		3,218
Acquisition of mortgage loans	-	(10,400)	(22,949)		(202,391)		(235,740)
Payments to service mortgages	-	(427)	(5,205)		(1,907)		(7,539)
Payments to suppliers	(5,342)	(4,050)	(7,757)		(290)		(17,439)
Payments to federal government	-	-	(1,216)		` -		(1,216)
Payments to other funds	(4,865)	(653)	-		_		(5,518)
Payments to employees	(15,644)	()	_		_		(15,644)
r dymonic to omprovoce	(10,011)			•			(10,011)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(7,746)	7,570	266,811		(147,559)		119,076
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:							
Operating grants received	307,481	917	_		_		308,398
Transfers in (out)	7,083	(457)	(12,268)		5,642		-
Negative cash balance implicitly financed (repaid)	(10,913)	(107)	(12,200)		0,012		(10,913)
Proceeds from sale of bonds	(10,515)	_	142,494		105,888		248,382
Operating grants paid	(263,073)	(7,062)	(8,345)		103,000		(278,480)
Cost of issuance paid	(203,073)	(7,002)	. , ,		(1 1 1 5 )		(2,243)
·	(2.250)	(42.000)	(1,098)		(1,145)		
Principal payments	(3,250)	(13,880)	(335,120)		(20,690)		(372,940)
Interest paid	(50)	(3,750)	(69,250)		(16,233)		(89,283)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	37,278	(24,232)	(283,587)		73,462		(197,079)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Purchases of capital assets	(100)	_	_		_		(100)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(100)						(100)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(100)	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>		-		(100)
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	_	61.681	235.303		124.840		421.824
Purchases of investments	_	(49,729)	(231,015)		(132,254)		(412,998)
Investment interest received	6	1,441	9,606		1,258		12,311
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value	Ü	.,	0,000		1,200		12,011
reporting and classified as cash equivalents	_	_	5		3		8
reporting and diagoniou as easily equivalents						•	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	6	13,393	13,899		(6,153)		21,145
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	29,438	(3,269)	(2,877)		(80,250)		(56,958)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	6,187	28,579	153,260		122,547		310,573
and additional a	5,101	_0,070	.00,200		,0 11		0.0,010
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 35,625	\$ 25,310	\$ 150,383 (continued)	\$	42,297	\$	253,615

#### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Expressed in Thousands)

Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization 144 32 574 136 886  Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 59 127 783 (786) 183  (Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable 59 127 783 (786) 183  (Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable (41) 6,736 185,722 (169,627) 22,790  Decrease in due from federal government 768 788  (Increase) decrease in deferred charges 1 42 (1,912) (43) (1,912)  Decrease in interfund receivables 5,518 - 5,518  (Decrease) in interfund payables (4,865) (653) (5,518)  Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (309) (922) (241) 12 (1,460)  Increase in accrued payroll / compensated absences 368  (Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability (1,216) - (1,216)  Investment income included as operating revenue (6) (1,082) (9,990) (914) (11,992)  Interest expense included as operating expense 50 3,568 63,866 20,351 87,835  Total adjustments (3,831) 8,115 249,730 (153,006) 101,008  Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:  Increase in fair value of investments \$ - \$ 60 \$ 12,450 \$ 93 \$ 12,603  Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Operating income (loss)	\$	Operating Group (3,915)	\$ Mortgage Finance Program (545)	\$	Home- ownership Program Bonds	\$ Housing Finance Program Bonds	\$	Totals
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities:   Depreciation and amortization   144   32   574   136   886     Changes in assets and liabilities:   (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable   - 267   6,626   (2,135)   4,758     (Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable   59   127   783   (786   183     (Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable   (41)   6,736   185,722   (169,627)   22,790     Decrease in due from federal government   768   - 1   - 7   - 788     (Increase) decrease in deferred charges   1   42   (1,912)   (43)   (1,912)     Decrease in interfund receivables   - 5,518   - 5,518     (Decrease) in interfund payables   (4,865)   (653)   - 1   - 5,518     Increase (decrease) in accounts payable   (309)   (922)   (241)   12   (1,460)     Increase in accrued payroll / compensated absences   368   - 1   - 1   - 368     (Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability   - 1   - (1,216)   - (1,216)     Investment income included as operating revenue   (6)   (1,082)   (9,990)   (914)   (11,992)     Interest expense included as operating expense   50   3,568   63,866   20,351   87,835    Total adjustments   (3,831)   8,115   249,730   (153,006)   101,008    Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:   1,7746   \$7,570   \$266,811   \$14,505   \$119,076    Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:   1,746   \$12,450   \$12,450   \$138   \$12,603   \$12,60	Adjustments to reconcile operating income to								
Depreciation and amortization	,								
Changes in assets and liabilities:         Changes in assets and liabilities:         267         6,626         (2,135)         4,758           (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable         59         127         783         (786)         183           (Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable         (41)         6,736         185,722         (169,627)         22,790           Decrease in due from federal government         768         -         -         -         -         768           (Increase) decrease in deferred charges         1         42         (1,912)         (43)         (1,912)           Decrease in interfund receivables         -         -         -         5,518         -         5,518           (Decrease) in interfund payables         (4,865)         (653)         -         -         -         (5,518)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         (309)         (922)         (241)         12         (1,460)           Increase in accrued payroll /         compensated absences         368         -         -         -         368           (Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability         -         -         (1,216)         -         (1,216)           Investment income included as operating         (3,83	, , , , ,		144	32		574	136		886
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable (Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable (Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable (Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable (Increase) decrease in deferred charges (Increase) decrease in deferred charges 1 42 (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (43) (1,912) (1,91	•			02		<b>0.</b> .	.00		000
(Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable (Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable (Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable (Increase) decrease in due from federal government (Increase) decrease in due from federal government (Increase) decrease in deferred charges (Increase) decrease in deferred charges (Increase) decrease in interfund receivables (Increase) decrease in interfund payables (Increase) decrease in interfund payables (Increase) decrease) in interfund payables (Increase) decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) decrease) d	S .		_	267		6.626	(2.135)		4.758
(Increase) decrease in first mortgage loans receivable         (41)         6,736         185,722         (169,627)         22,790           Decrease in due from federal government         768         -         -         -         -         768           (Increase) decrease in deferred charges         1         42         (1,912)         (43)         (1,912)           Decrease in interfund receivables         -         -         5,518         -         5,518           (Decrease) in interfund payables         (4,865)         (653)         -         -         -         (5,518)           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         (309)         (922)         (241)         12         (1,460)           Increase in accrued payroll /         compensated absences         368         -         -         -         368           (Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability         -         -         (1,216)         -         (1,216)           Investment income included as operating revenue         (6)         (1,082)         (9,990)         (914)         (11,992)           Interest expense included as operating expense         50         3,568         63,866         20,351         87,835           Total adjustments         (3,831)         8,115	,		59	127		783	. , ,		183
Decrease in due from federal government	, ,	е	(41)	6,736		185,722	` ,		22,790
Decrease in interfund receivables	, ,		` ,	-,			-		768
(Decrease) in interfund payables       (4,865)       (653)       -       -       (5,518)         Increase (decrease) in accounts payable       (309)       (922)       (241)       12       (1,460)         Increase in accrued payroll / compensated absences       368       -       -       -       368         (Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability       -       -       (1,216)       -       (1,216)         Investment income included as operating revenue       (6)       (1,082)       (9,990)       (914)       (11,992)         Interest expense included as operating expense       50       3,568       63,866       20,351       87,835         Total adjustments       (3,831)       8,115       249,730       (153,006)       101,008         Net cash provided (used) by operating activities       (7,746)       7,570       266,811       (147,559)       119,076         Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:       -       -       60       12,450       93       12,603         Increase in fair value of investments       -       -       60       12,450       93       12,603	(Increase) decrease in deferred charges		1	42		(1,912)	(43)		(1,912)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	Decrease in interfund receivables		-	-		5,518			
Increase in accrued payroll / compensated absences   368   -   -   -   368     (Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability   -   -   (1,216)   -   (1,216)     Investment income included as operating revenue   (6) (1,082) (9,990) (914) (11,992)     Interest expense included as operating expense   50   3,568   63,866   20,351   87,835     Total adjustments   (3,831)   8,115   249,730   (153,006)   101,008     Net cash provided (used) by operating activities   (7,746)   7,570   266,811   (147,559)   119,076     Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	(Decrease) in interfund payables		(4,865)	(653)		-	-		(5,518)
compensated absences         368         -         -         -         368           (Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability         -         -         (1,216)         -         (1,216)           Investment income included as operating revenue         (6)         (1,082)         (9,990)         (914)         (11,992)           Interest expense included as operating expense         50         3,568         63,866         20,351         87,835           Total adjustments         (3,831)         8,115         249,730         (153,006)         101,008           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         (7,746)         7,570         266,811         (147,559)         119,076           Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:         -         60         12,450         93         12,603	Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(309)	(922)		(241)	12		(1,460)
(Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability       -       -       (1,216)       -       (1,216)         Investment income included as operating revenue       (6)       (1,082)       (9,990)       (914)       (11,992)         Interest expense included as operating expense       50       3,568       63,866       20,351       87,835         Total adjustments       (3,831)       8,115       249,730       (153,006)       101,008         Net cash provided (used) by operating activities       (7,746)       7,570       266,811       (147,559)       119,076         Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:       Increase in fair value of investments       -       60       12,450       93       12,603	Increase in accrued payroll /		. ,	, ,		` '			, , ,
Investment income included as operating revenue   (6)   (1,082)   (9,990)   (914)   (11,992)	compensated absences		368	-		-	-		368
revenue Interest expense Included as operating expense         (6)         (1,082)         (9,990)         (914)         (11,992)           Total adjustments         50         3,568         63,866         20,351         87,835           Total adjustments         (3,831)         8,115         249,730         (153,006)         101,008           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         (7,746)         7,570         266,811         (147,559)         119,076           Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:         Increase in fair value of investments         -         60         12,450         93         12,603	(Decrease) in arbitrage rebate liability		-	-		(1,216)	-		(1,216)
Interest expense included as operating expense         50         3,568         63,866         20,351         87,835           Total adjustments         (3,831)         8,115         249,730         (153,006)         101,008           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         (7,746)         7,570         266,811         (147,559)         119,076           Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Increase in fair value of investments         -         60         12,450         93         12,603	Investment income included as operating								
Total adjustments         (3,831)         8,115         249,730         (153,006)         101,008           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         \$ (7,746)         \$ 7,570         \$ 266,811         \$ (147,559)         \$ 119,076           Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Increase in fair value of investments         \$ -         \$ 60         \$ 12,450         \$ 93         \$ 12,603	revenue		(6)	(1,082)		(9,990)	(914)		(11,992)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$\(\frac{17,746}{260}\) \\$ \(\frac{7,570}{266,811}\) \\$ \(\frac{147,559}{266,811}\) \\$ \(\frac{1147,559}{200}\) \\$ \(\frac{119,076}{200}\)	Interest expense included as operating expense		50	3,568		63,866	20,351		87,835
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Increase in fair value of investments \$ - \$ 60 \$ 12,450 \$ 93 \$ 12,603	Total adjustments		(3,831)	8,115	-	249,730	(153,006)	-	101,008
Increase in fair value of investments \$ \$ 60 \$ 12,450 \$ 93 \$ 12,603	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(7,746)	\$ 7,570	\$	266,811	\$ (147,559)	\$	119,076
Increase in fair value of investments \$ \$ 60 \$ 12,450 \$ 93 \$ 12,603	Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:								
	0, 1 ,	\$	_	\$ 60	\$	12.450	\$ 93	\$	12.603
	Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities		-	\$				\$	

#### TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET ASSETS - MORTGAGE FINANCE PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2012

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Mortgage Finance Bond	General Fund	Mortgage Finance Bond Group Total*	,	Escrow Fund**	Mortgage Finance Program Total
ASSETS Current assets:						
Current assets.  Cash and cash equivalents  Investments  Receivables:	\$ 10,700	\$ 12,778 578	\$ 23,478 578	\$	1,800	\$ 25,278 578
Accounts Interest First mortgage loans Due from other funds	336 694 4,505	302 103 431 1	638 797 4,936 1		5 1 -	643 798 4,936 1
Total current assets	16,235	14,193	30,428	•	1,806	32,234
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Investment interest receivable Investments First mortgage loans receivable Deferred charges	32 13,684 118 284 129,258 280	5,784 6,114	32 13,684 118 6,068 135,372 280		- - - 351 - -	32 13,684 118 6,419 135,372 280
Total noncurrent assets	143,656	11,898	155,554		351	155,905
Total assets	159,891	26,091	185,982		2,157	188,139
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Interest payable Escrow deposits	3 1,553	189 - -	192 1,553		- - 433	192 1,553 433
Prepayments on mortgage loans Bonds payable	64 6,070	7	71 6,070		- -	71 6,070
Total current liabilities	7,690	196	7,886		433	8,319
Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable Escrow deposits	52,903 -	- 1,407	52,903 1,407		- 1,579	52,903 2,986
Total noncurrent liabilities	52,903	1,407	54,310		1,579	55,889
Total liabilities	60,593	1,603	62,196		2,012	64,208
NET ASSETS  Restricted for single family bond programs Restricted for grant programs	99,298	18,348 6,140	117,646 6,140		145	117,791 6,140
Total net assets	\$ 99,298	\$ 24,488	\$ 123,786	\$	145	\$ 123,931

 <sup>\*</sup> The Mortgage Finance Bond Group Total represents the funds pledged to the Mortgage Finance Program Resolution.
 \*\* The Escrow Funds can only be used for escrow payments.